

State of the ground and snow depth measurement by SOLIA 300 (sensor from Degréane)

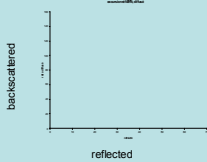
Operation principle



If reflected and backscattered signals are weak, the ground is **dry**. On the contrary, if reflected and backscattered signals are high, the ground is covered by **snow**. Between these two possibilities, we find different states of the ground : **wet, moist, watery, frosted, ...**. The diagnostic is improved by the temperatures of ground plate. Hereafter, on the table, the different diagnostics positions relatives to the signals intensity.

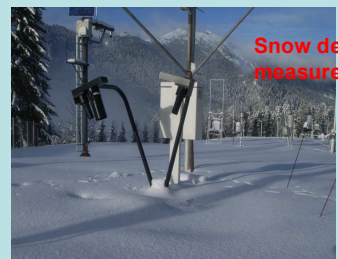
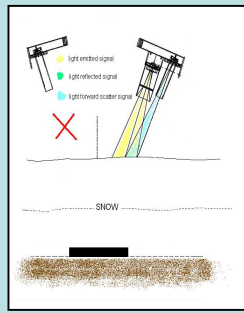
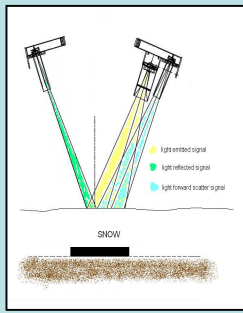
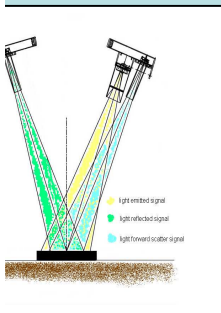
Intensity of backscattered signal	NEI (snow)			
	NEP (Partially covered with snow) SGB (White frost) case 12	NEP (Partially covered with snow)	NEI (snow)	NEI (snow)
SEC (dry)	SHU (wet) / NEP (Partially covered with snow)	SHU (wet) / NEP (Partially covered with snow)	SHU (wet) / NEP (Partially covered with snow)	SHU (wet) / SVG (icy)
SHU / "////" (wet)	SHU (wet) / SVG (icy)	SHU (wet) / SVG (icy)	SHU (wet) / SVG (icy)	SHU (wet) / SVG (icy)
SHU / "////" (wet)	SHU (wet) / SVG (icy)	SHU (wet) / SVG (icy)	SHU (wet) / SVG (icy)	SMM (covered with water) / SVG (icy)

The intensity of the emitted signal is constant or regulated. The diagnostic depends of the reflected and backscattered signals intensity. The reference surface is a black concrete plate layed on the ground.



different diagnostics value of intensity signals and temperature of the reference plate ground

0 : dry, 1/2 : wet/watery, 4 : covered by frost, 5 : covered by glass, 7 : partially covered by snow, 8 : totally covered by snow



Col de Porte winter 2007/2008 SOLIA300 (Degréane) et SR50 (Campbell)

dry ground, distance is maximum. The signals are reflected and backscattered on a maximum surface

Snowed ground, the distance is decreasing, signals are reflected and backscattered on a smaller surface

Snowed ground, the distance is smaller, the reflected signal is now null and the backscattered signal corrects (counterbalances) the diminution of scattered surface by the increase of the intensity signal caused by the decrease of the distance still smaller.



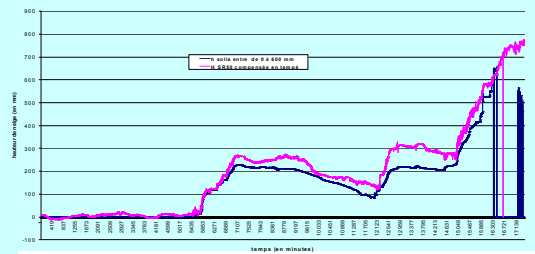
Col de Porte winter 2007/2008 SOLIA300 (Degréane) ... buried under the snow ...

results

	0	1	2	4	5	7	8	somme
0	92,9%	4,4%	0,0%	2,6%	0,0%	0,1%	0,0%	64133
1	21,0%	72,7%	4,6%	0,4%	1,1%	0,0%	0,0%	48791
2	0,2%	4,8%	94,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,1%	0,0%	7254
4	2,7%	10,3%	0,0%	78,3%	8,5%	0,1%	0,0%	1431
5	1,5%	12,4%	1,2%	17,2%	66,9%	0,7%	0,0%	2026
7	61,5%	0,0%	0,0%	3,5%	0,0%	31,9%	3,1%	1045
8	0,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	99,9%	951
99	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	1
omme	70554	39041	9165	3361	2066	445	1000	125632

Correlation table between two close and identical sensors with different states of the ground

SOLIA 300 SR 50 hauteurs de neige mesurées en mm



Height of snow in Col de Porte winter 2007/2008 with two different sensors : SOLIA300 (Degréane) and SR50 (Campbell)