

# Interlaboratory Comparison (ILC) in RA-II, V and VI



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<sup>7</sup> China Meteorological Administration, China (CMA, RIC Beijing, RA-II)



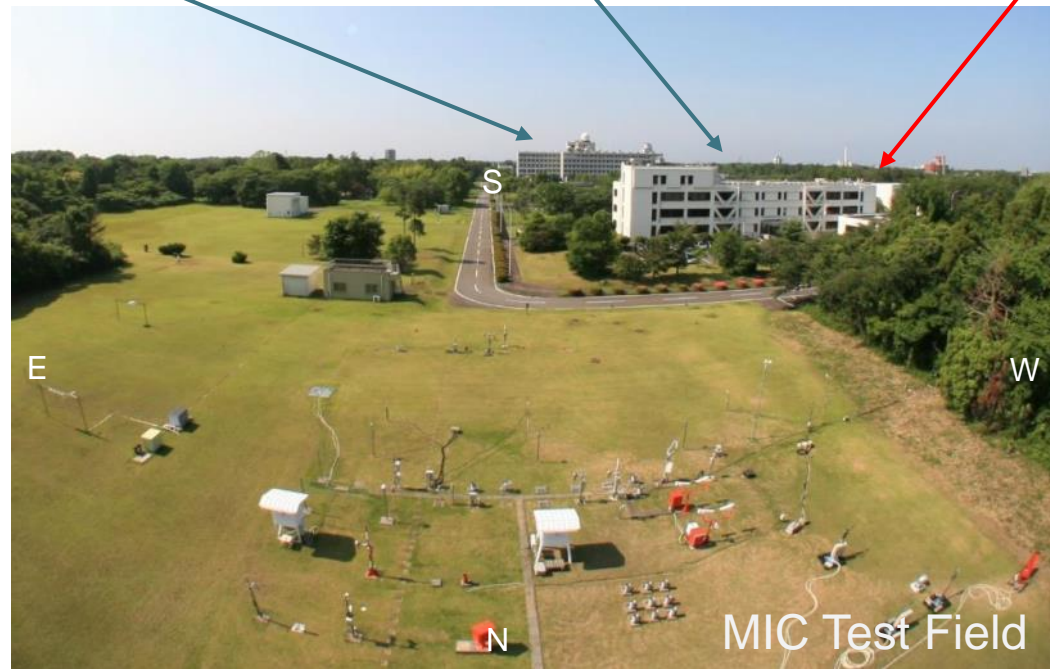
# Regional Instrument Centre (RIC) Tsukuba



Meteorological  
Research  
Institute, JMA

Aerological  
Observatory, JMA  
GRUAN  
WMO/RRC Tokyo

**MIC, JMA**  
WMO/RIC Tsukuba



**Meteorological Instrument Center (MIC)  
plays a practical role as RIC Tsukuba in JMA.**

# Calibration equipment

## - Standard instruments of JMA -



MIC, JMA is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025

- Temperature
- Pressure
- Humidity

### Standard thermometer



- Platinum resistance thermometer  
NSR-160  
(Netsushin, Japan)
- Alternating current bridge  
F-600  
(ASL, UK)
- Water triple-point cell  
(Hart Scientific, USA)
- 100Ω Standard resistor  
(Tinsley, UK)

### Standard barometer



Air piston gauge  
AV-02  
(Futaba Sokki, Japan)

### Standard hygrometer



- Chilled-mirror dewpoint hygrometer
- Display  
DewStar S-1M-0  
(Shinyei technology, Japan)
- Sensor  
DewStar S-2S-0K  
(Shinyei technology, Japan)

# Calibration chambers

Chamber for thermometers



Liquid bath type

Range: - 85 - +50 °C  
(Daiichi - Kagaku, Japan)

Chamber for hygrometers



Wet and dry air mixing type

Range: 15 - 95 %RH  
(Daiichi - Kagaku, Japan)

Chamber for barometers



Range: 4 - 1050 hPa  
(Toyo Koatsu, Japan)



Air chamber type

Range: - 40 - +50 °C  
(Espec, Japan)

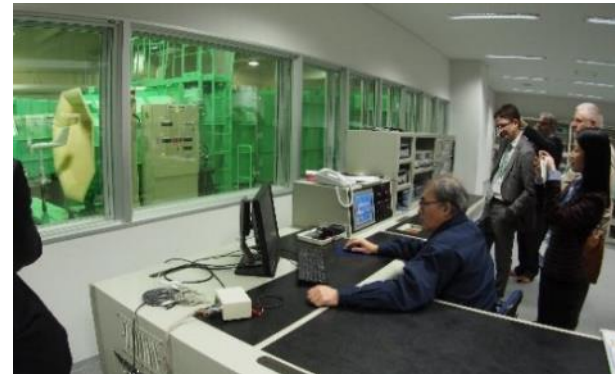
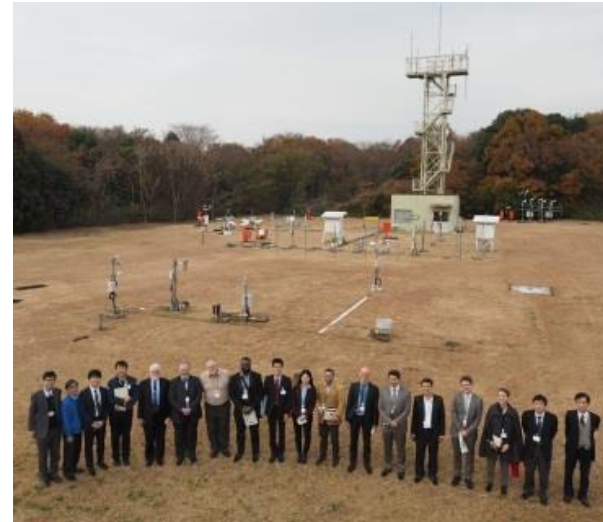
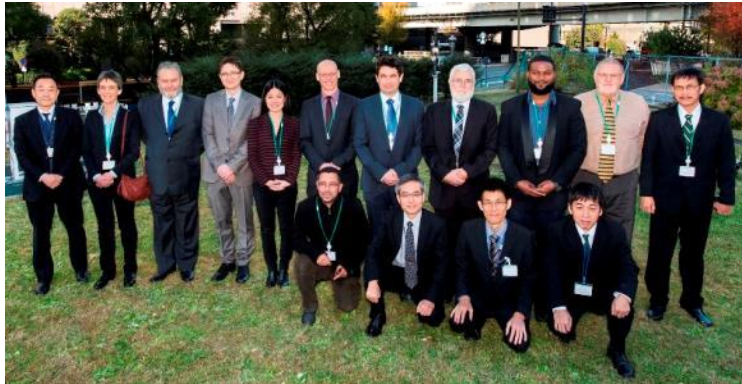


Wet and dry air mixing type

Range: 10 - 95%RH, -10 - +50 °C  
(Daiichi - Kagaku, Japan)

RIC Tsukuba supports WMO Members for calibration of their standards by using these standards and chambers.

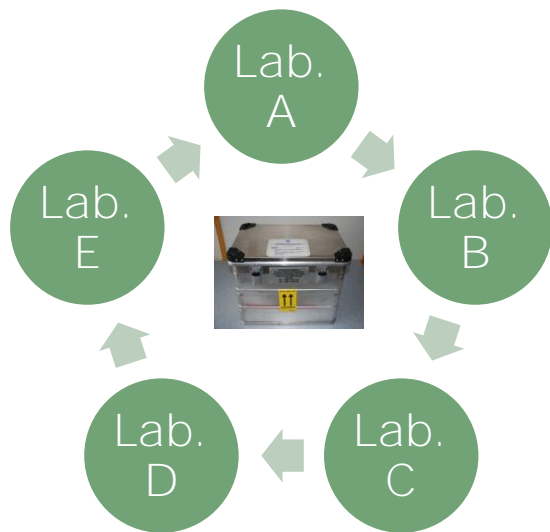
# Second session of the WMO/CIMO Expert Team on Operational Metrology (ET-OpMet) (Tokyo, Japan, 27 - 30 November 2017)



[http://www.jma.go.jp/jma/en/photogallery/session\\_of\\_ET-OpMet\\_2017.html](http://www.jma.go.jp/jma/en/photogallery/session_of_ET-OpMet_2017.html)

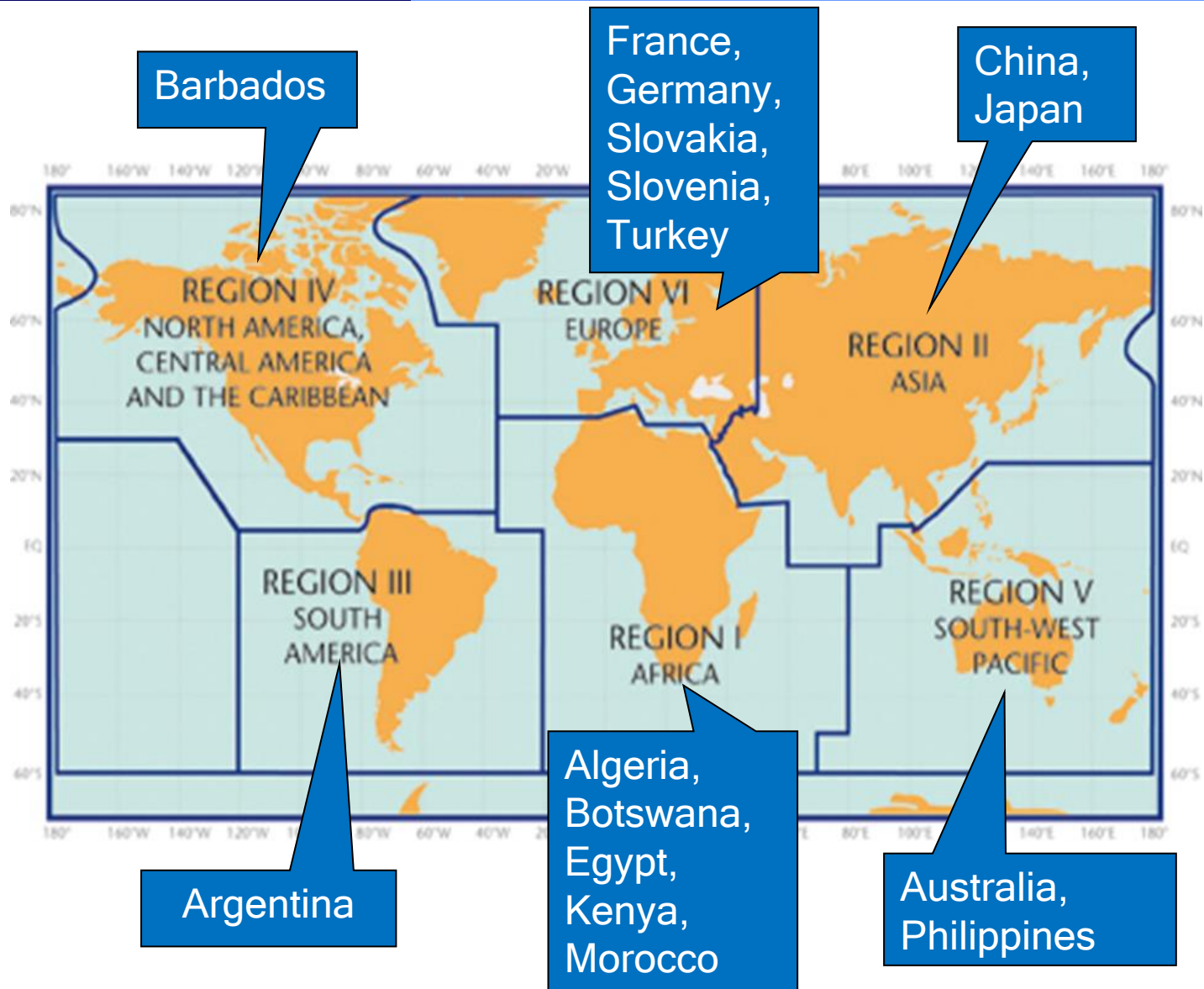
# Introduction

## Why is ILC necessary?

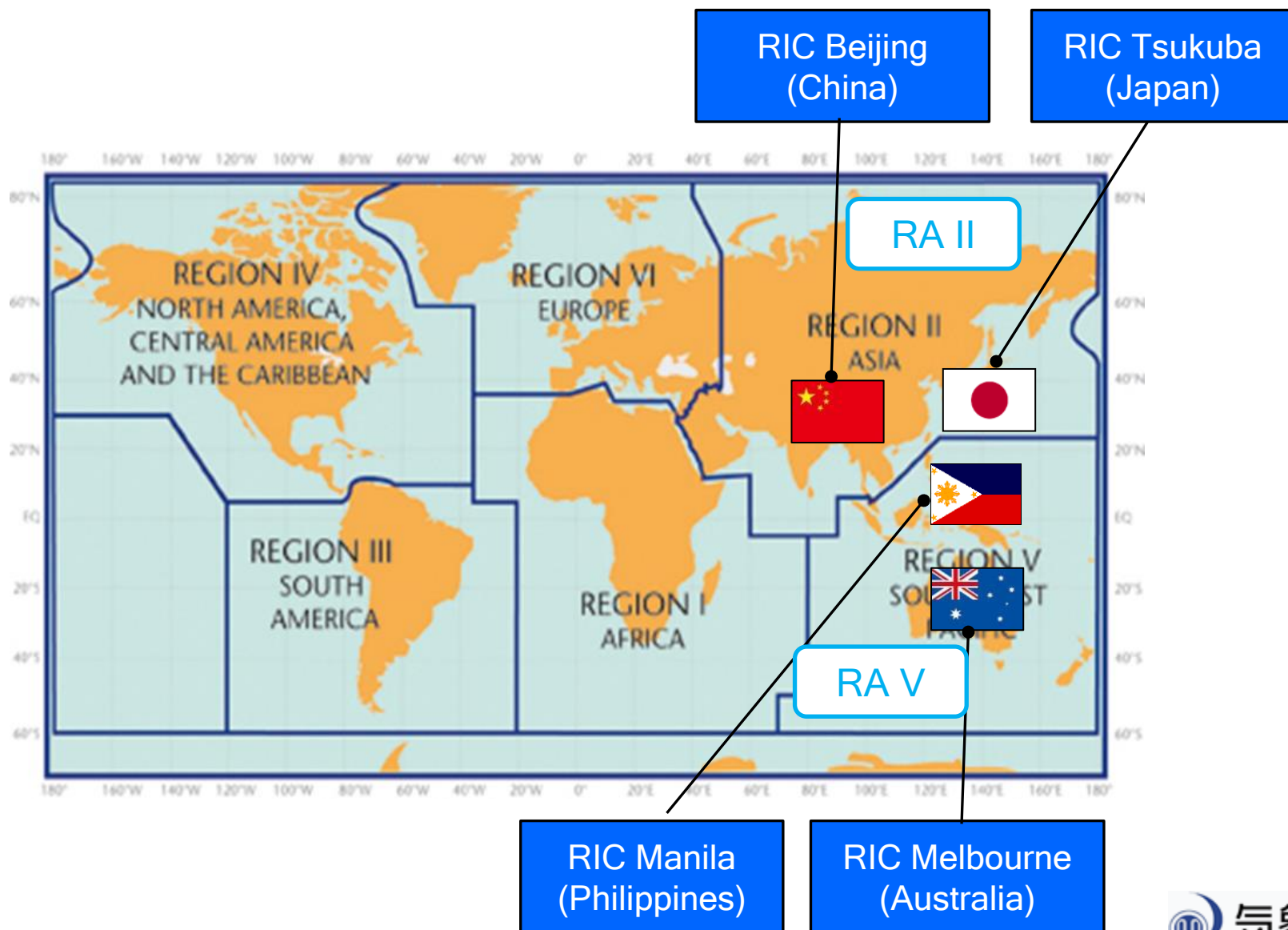


- ILC is highly effective in determining technical competence and monitoring measurement quality, as required for the acquisition and maintenance of ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation.
- The Terms of Reference for RICs also state that RICs must participate in, or organize ILC of standard calibration instruments and methods.
- ILC among RICs is one of the main tasks of CIMO ET-OpMet.  
Mr. Barcenas (RIC Manila) and Mr. Nakashima (RIC Tsukuba) are in charge of ILC in RA II and V in ET- OpMet.

# Regional Instrument Centres (RICs)

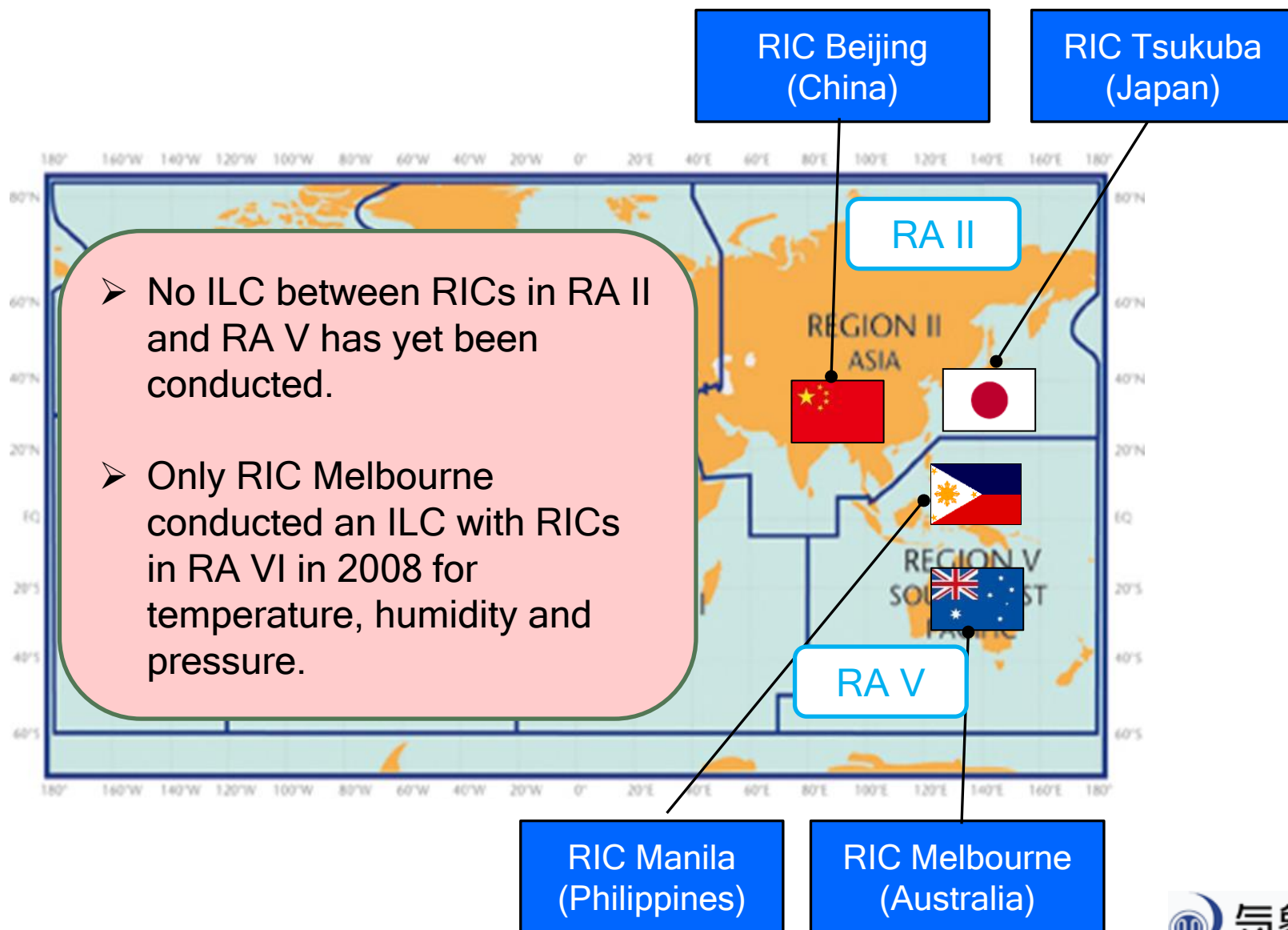


# RICs in RA II and VI



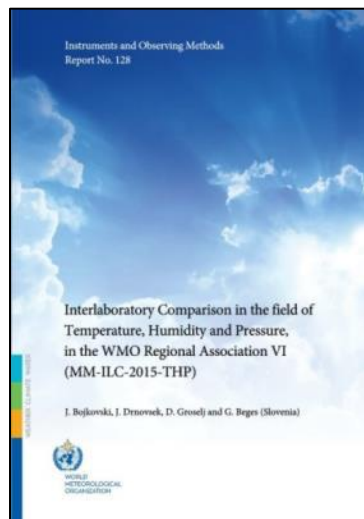


# RICs in RA II and VI



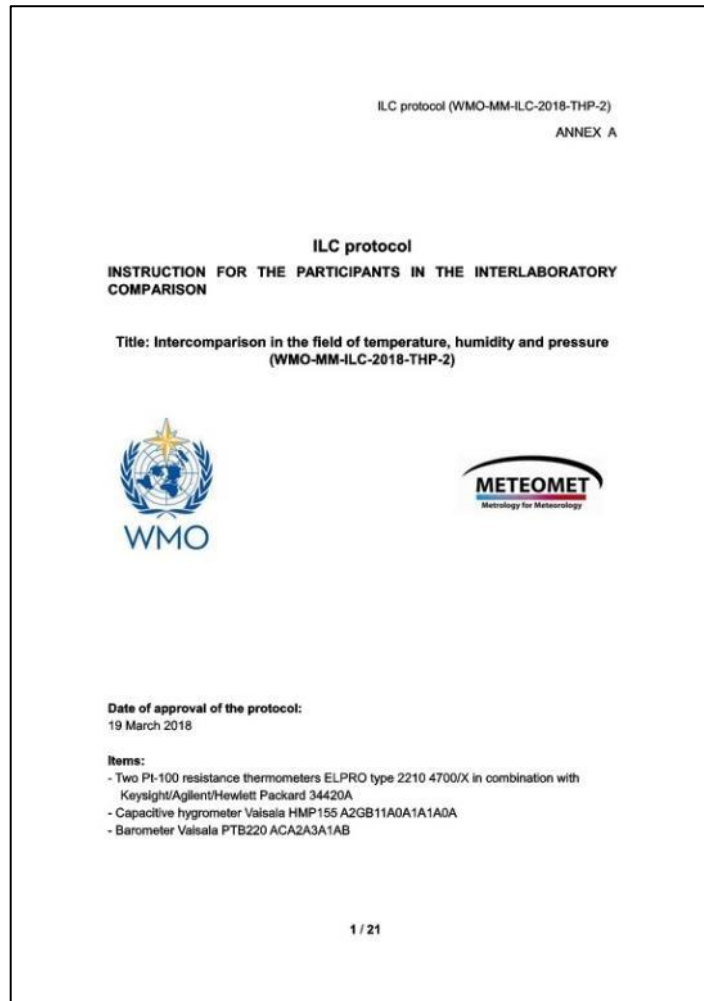
# ILC in RA VI in 2016

- The comparison in RA VI, titled “MM-ILC-2015-THP”, was conducted among 18 NMHSs in RA VI and MeteoMet2 project partner in 2016 focused on temperature, humidity and pressure measurements.
- This ILC was organized by the RIC Ljubljana and University of Ljubljana, Faculty of Electrical Engineering, Slovenia (UL-FE).

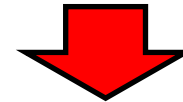


- WMO IOM Report, No.128  
J. Bojkovski, J. Drnovsek, D. Groseelj and G. Beges (Slovenia), 2018: Interlaboratory Comparison in the field of Temperature, Humidity and Pressure, in the WMO Regional Association VI (MM-ILC-2015-THP). WMO IOM Report, No.128.
- CIMO TECO-2018  
P1\_4 Results of WMO RA VI laboratory inter-comparison (Mr Drago Groseelj (Slovenia) et al.)

# Background and progress



- Discussions on ILC between RIC Tsukuba and RA VI began in May 2017, and RIC Tsukuba confirmed its intention to participate in ILC for RICs in RA II and V.
- An invitation letter was issued by WMO to all potential participants in February 2018.
- The ILC was officially approved and implemented in March 2018 once all partners had signed the Memorandum of Cooperation (MOC).



- This is the first official ILC between RICs in RA II and RA V.
- This ILC is organized by RIC Tsukuba in cooperation with University of Ljubljana (UL-FE) and RIC Ljubljana based on ILC protocol prepared within MeteoMet project.

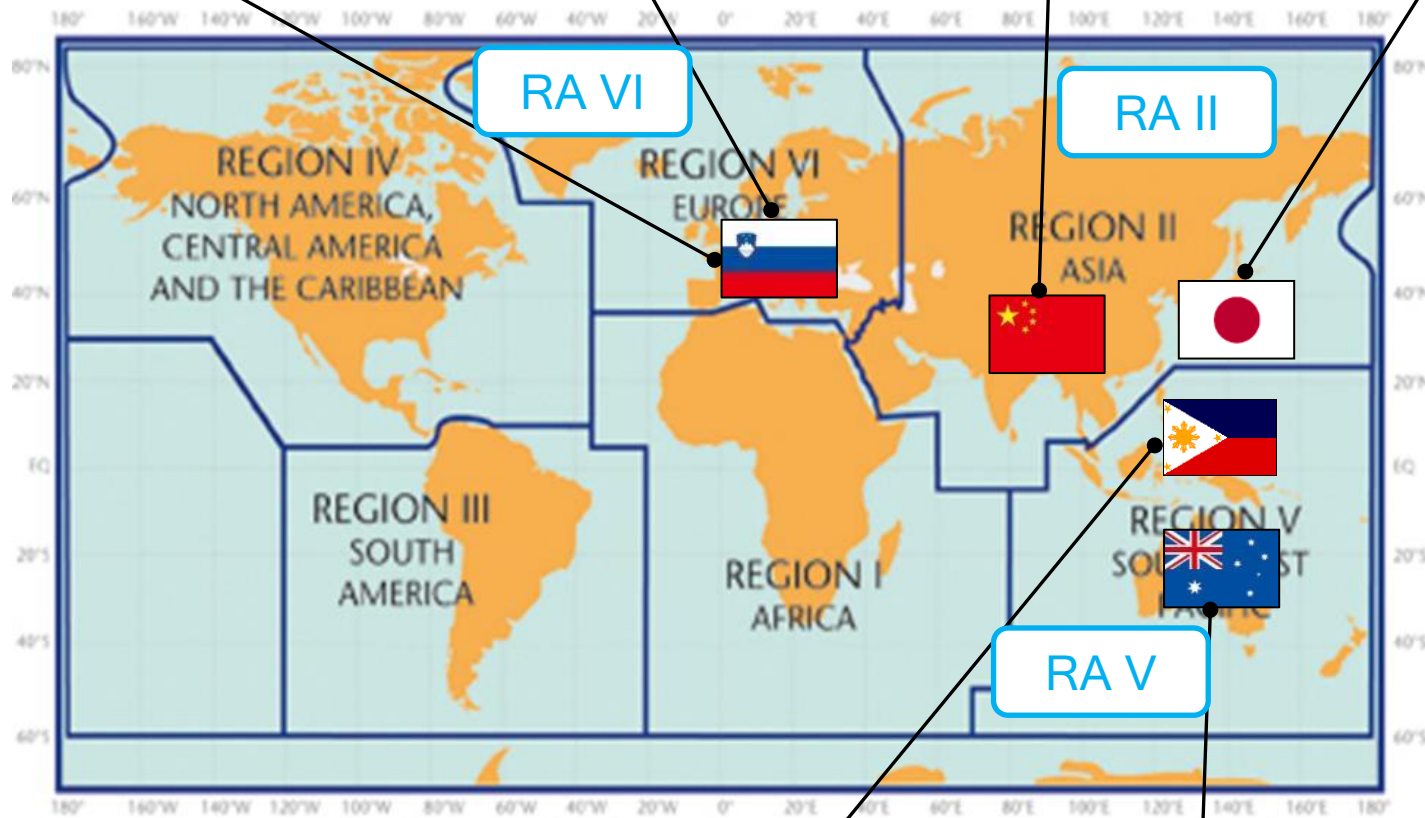
# ILC partners

University of Ljubljana  
(Slovenia)

RIC Ljubljana  
(Slovenia)

RIC Beijing  
(China)

RIC Tsukuba  
(Japan)

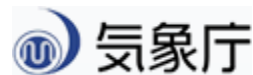


INRiM  
(Italy)






RIC Manila  
(Philippines)

RIC Melbourne  
(Australia)

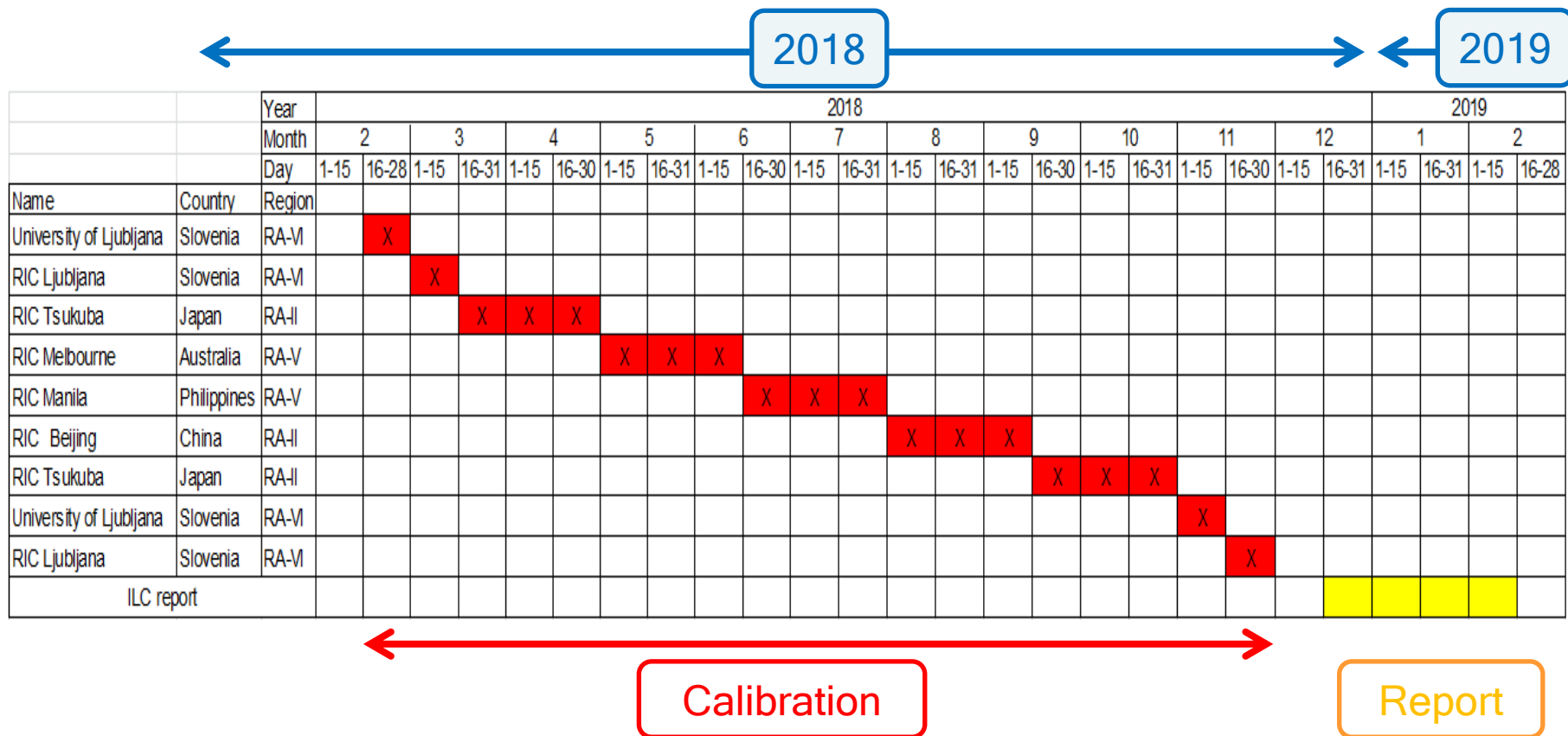


# Equipment and measuring points

|                      |  |   |  |
|----------------------|--|---|--|
| Measuring quantity   | Temperature  | Relative humidity   | Air Pressure   |
| Measuring instrument | Digital readout,<br>2 x Pt100  | Capacitive<br>hygrometer  | Barometer  |
| Manufacturer         | Hewlett Packard,<br>ELPRO  | Vaisala   | Vaisala  |
| Type                 | 34420A,<br>2210 4700/X   | HMP155  | PTB220   |
| Measuring points     | -30, -20, -10, 0, 10, 20,<br>30, 40 °C   | 10, 20, 35, 55, 75, 90,<br>95 %r.h.   | 800, 850, 900, 950,<br>1000, 1050, 1100 hPa  |
| Appearance           |  |  |  |

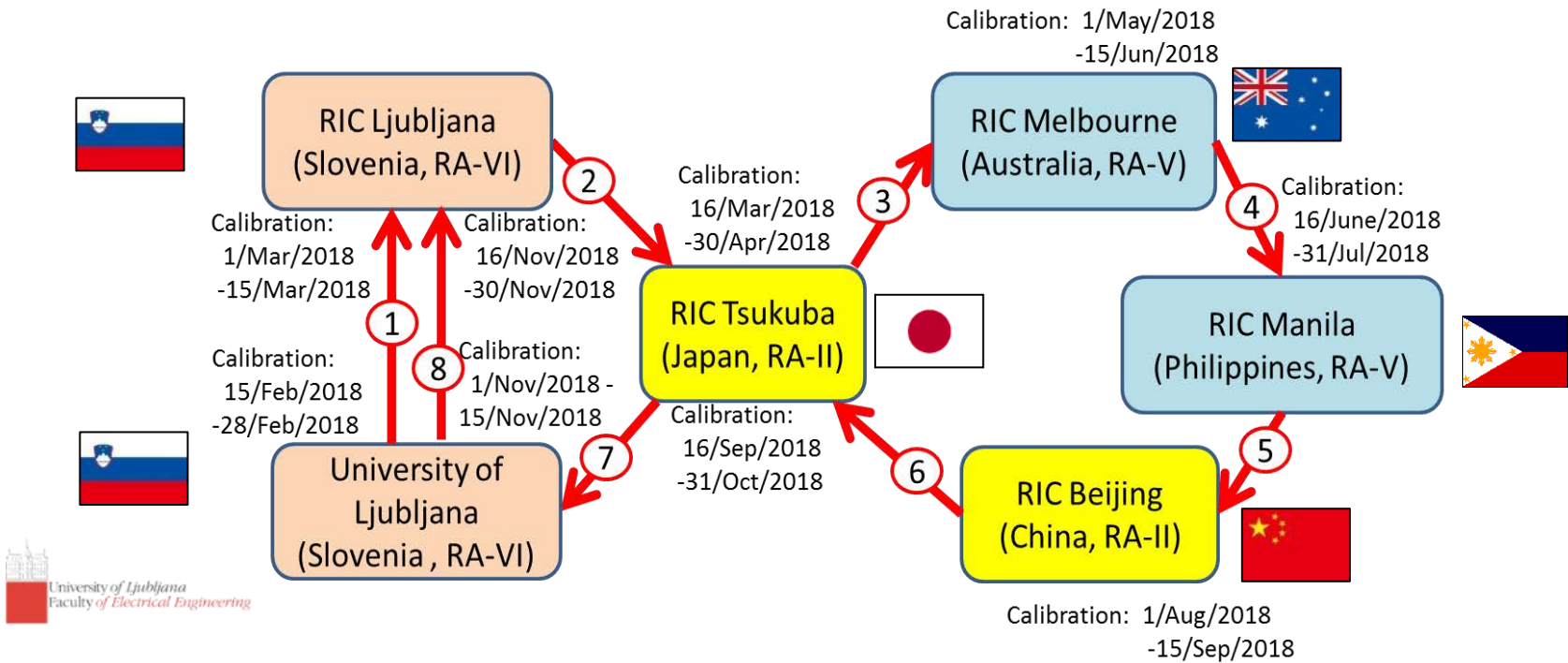
- Equipment is provided by UL-FE and RIC Ljubljana.
- Same as the ILC in RA VI “MM-ILC-2015-THP”

# Schedule



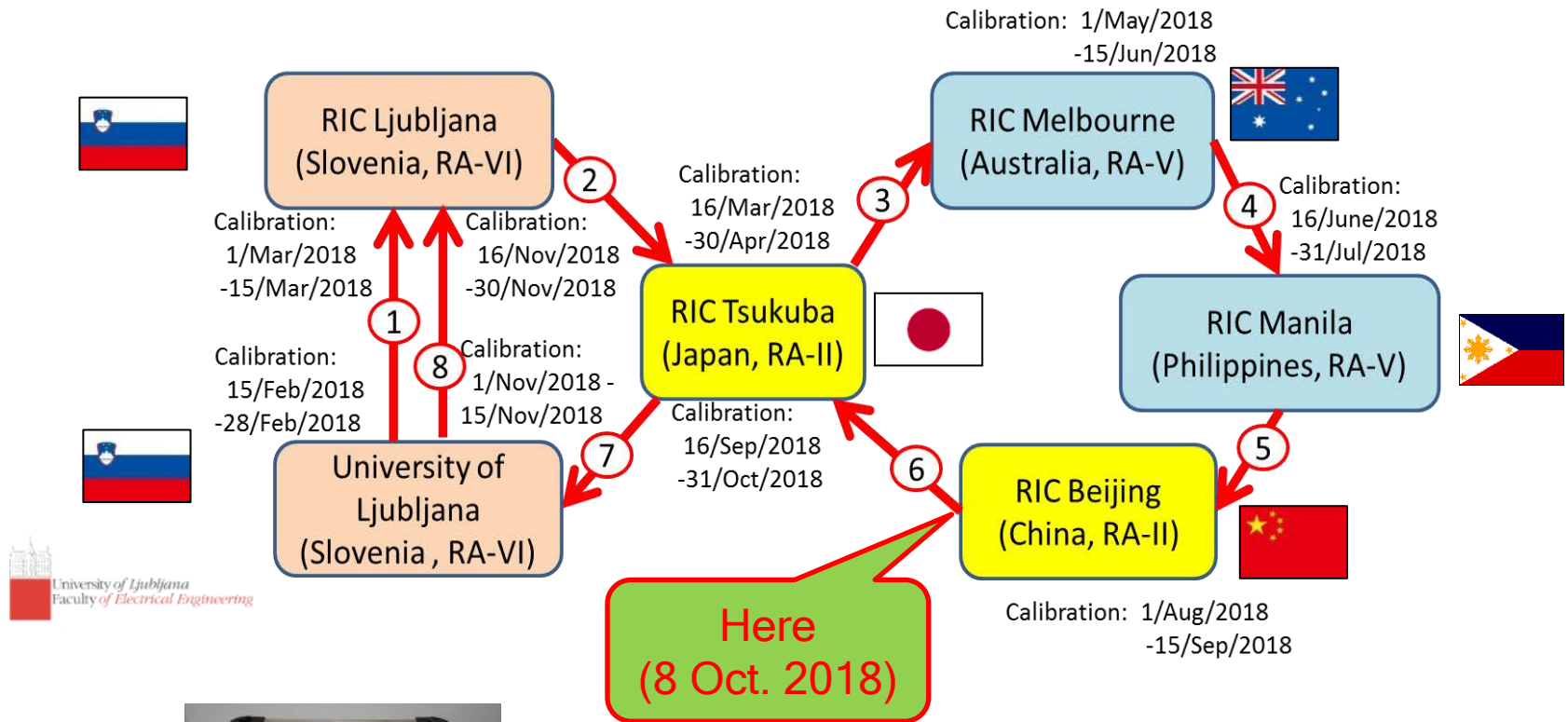
- Calibration of equipment will be planned between Feb. 2018 - Nov. 2018.
- Each laboratory in RA II and V has 1.5 months for calibration including transport to the next laboratory.

# Rooting plan



- The drift of equipment will be evaluated by pre and post calibration by RIC Ljubljana, UL-FE and RIC Tsukuba, to identify any changes during transportation and handling.

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# Result and reporting

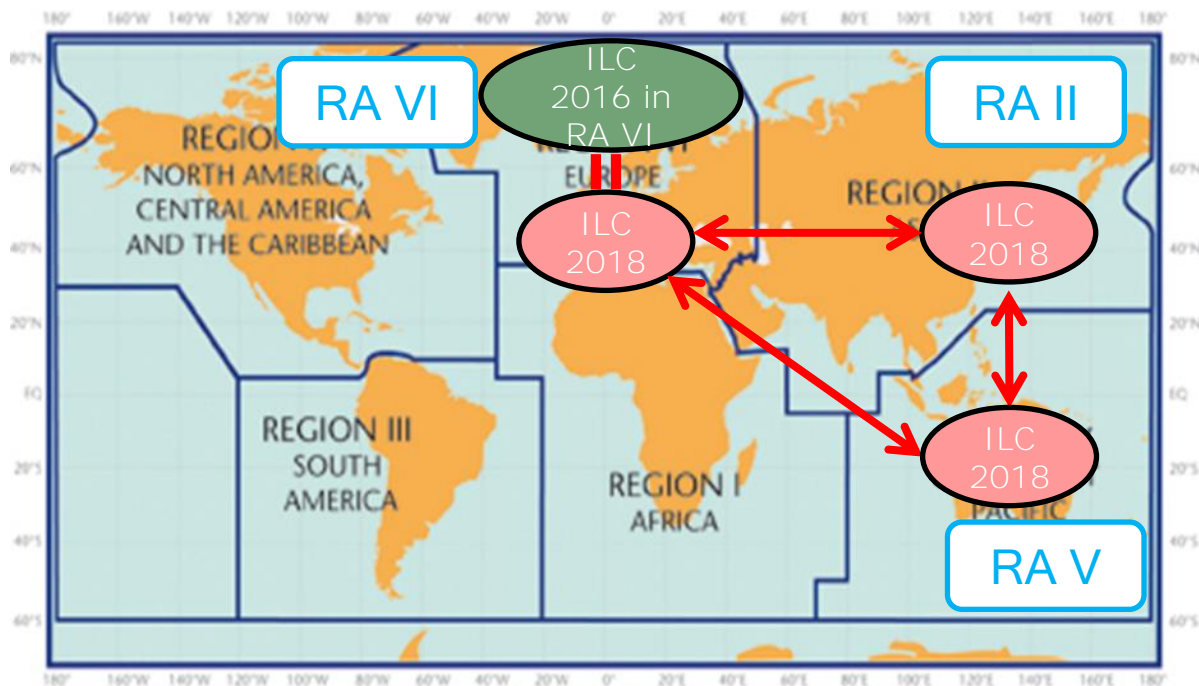
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- The evaluation of measurement results will be based on En number.
- The reference values used to calculate the results are defined by the weighted mean of RIC Tsukuba, UL-FE and RIC Ljubljana values.
- ILC results are expected to correlate with those of MM-ILC-2015-THP, and will be submitted to WMO for issuance in an IOM report.
- The outcomes will also be presented to the CCT<sup>1</sup> Working Group for Environment and at the CCT plenary at BIPM<sup>2</sup> as a key activity in line with WMO's signing of the MRA in 2010.

<sup>1</sup> Consultative Committee for Thermometry of the International Committee for weights and measures (Comité International des Poids et Mesures)

<sup>2</sup> Bureau International des Poids et Mesures

# Summary



- This will be the first ILC conducted among three regions.
- The outcomes will help to clarify the calibration capability of RICs in different regions.
- The ILC report, which will include correlation with the comparison in RA VI, is expected to be highly beneficial in its potential for worldwide linkage of results.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION