FFGS Advanced Functionalities

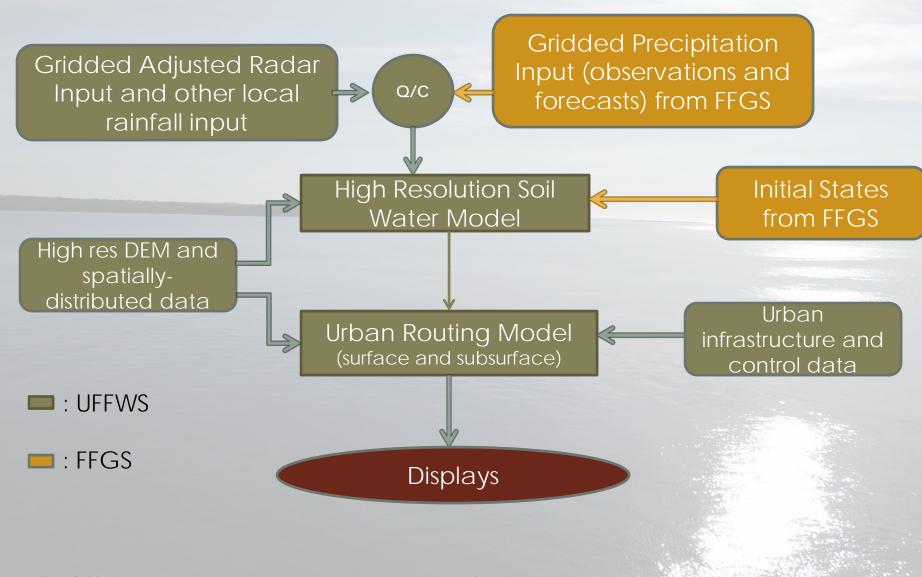
Hydrologic Research Center 21 February 2016

Email: Kgeorgakakos@hrcwater.org

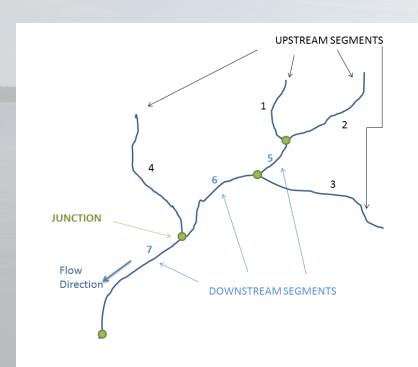
Advanced Functionalities

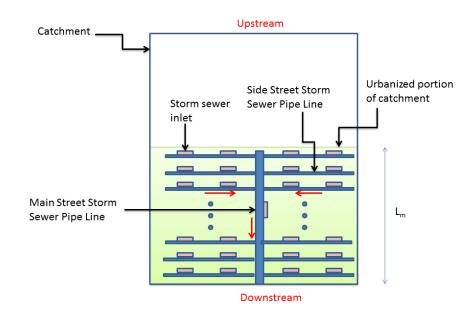
- A. Urban Flash Flood Warning
- B. Riverine Routing
- C. Landslide Occurrence Prediction
- D. Seasonal to Sub-seasonal Runoff and Flow Forecasting

A. Urban Flash Flood Warning



A.1 Basic Technical Elements UFFWS

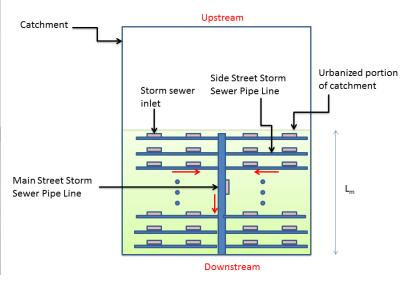


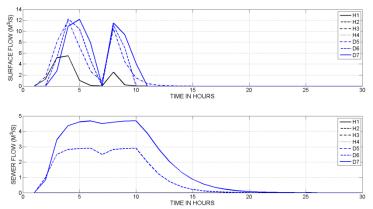


$$\partial y/\partial t + \partial (vy)/\partial x = 2q_{l}/B - f$$

$$S_f = S_0 - \frac{9y}{9x}$$

A.1 Basic Technical Elements UFFWS





Total Rainfall Generating Inlet Capacity: $(N_s+N_m) Q_T = (1/3.6) U_0 f_A A$

Total Storm Sewer Volume Capacity:

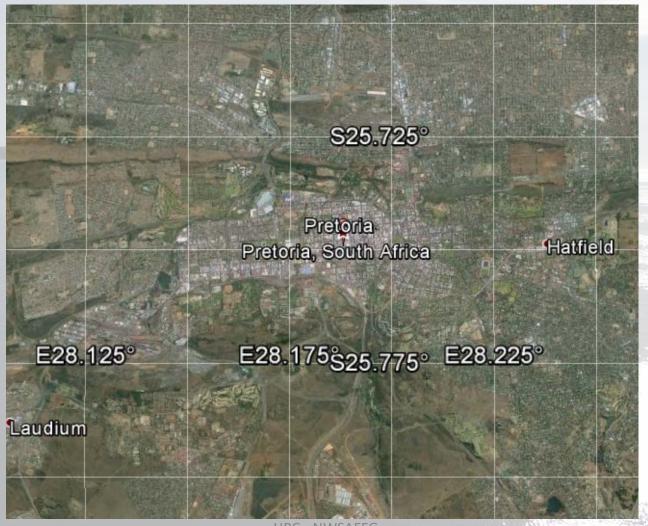
$$X_s^0 = \sum_{k=0}^{M} (\pi D_k^2 / 4) L_k$$

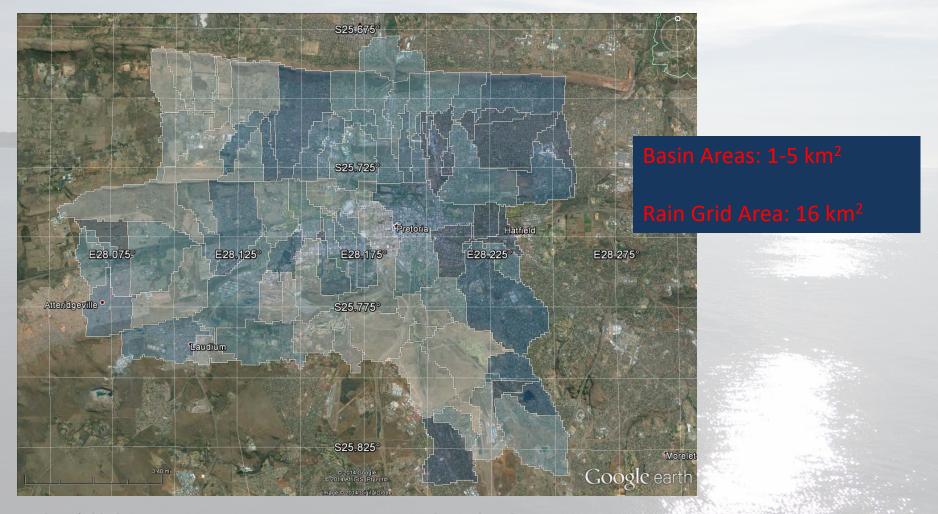
Time to Strom Sewer Overflow:

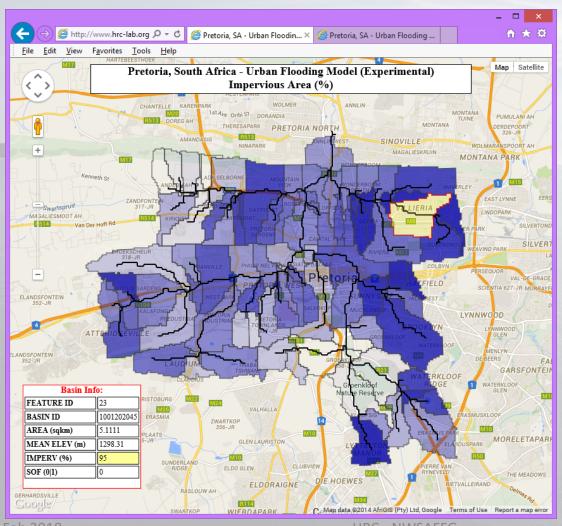
$$T_s^0 = -(1/b) \ln\{1 - b X_s^0 / [(1/3.6) U_0 f_A A]\}$$

Scaling of Bankfull Q and Bankfull v:

$$Q_{BNKF} = \alpha A^{\beta}$$

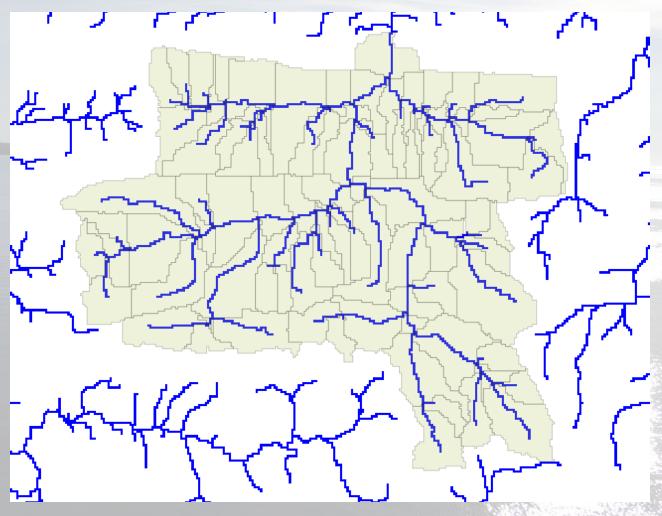


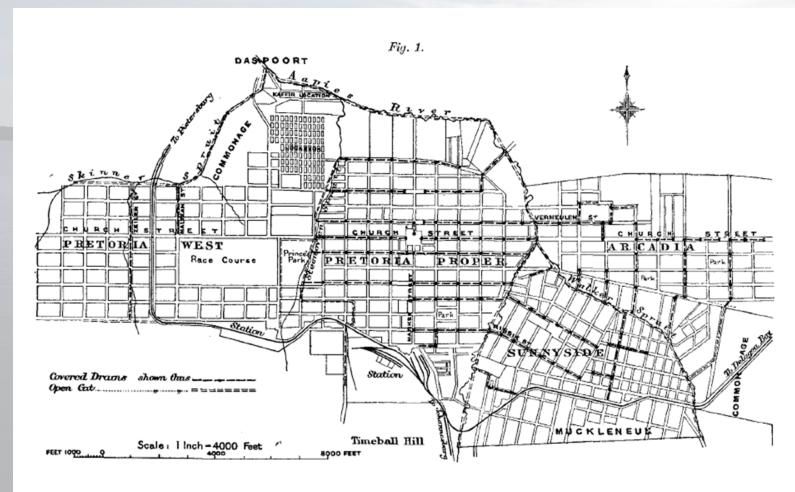




Av. Basin Area: 1-5 km²

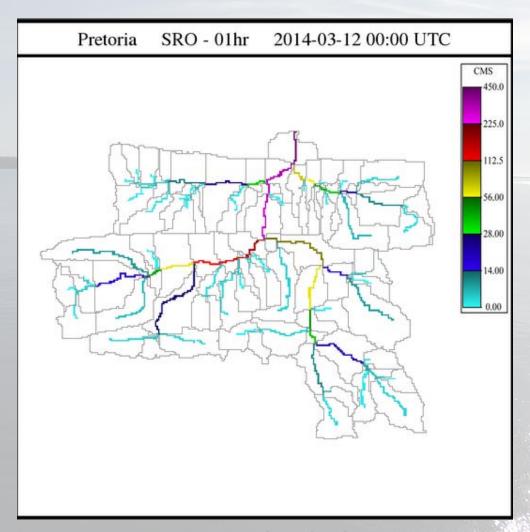
Rain Grid Area: 16 km²





BADCOCK ON STORM-WATER DRAINAGE OF PRETORIA. [Selected

A.3 Example Surface Drainage Flow



B. Channel Routing for FFGS

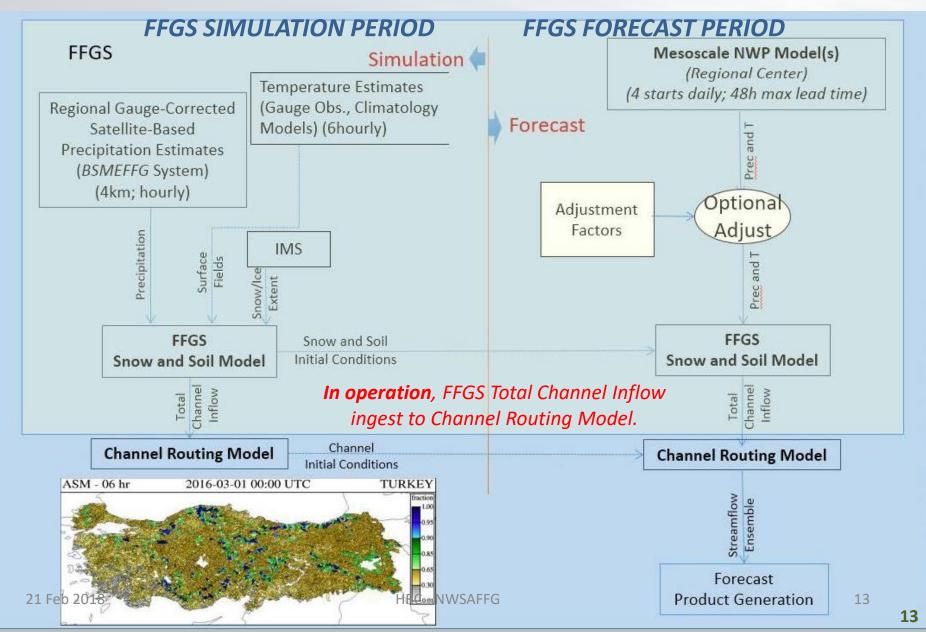
Goal:

To provide capability to forecast flow discharge at pre-specified locations along the channel network of selected river basins and to train forecasters and others on the use of information

Prerequisites:

- 1. Mesoscale numerical weather prediction forecasts (single or ensemble forecasts) for FFGS ingest (countries and the RC)
- 2. Selection of a specific river basin and forecast points within the river basin (countries and the RC)
- 3. Information at sites of the river channel and reservoir information for those reservoirs included (countries)

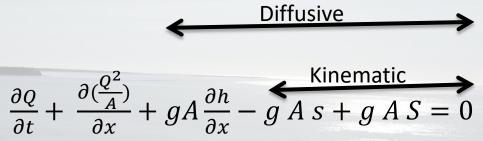
B.1 Riverine Routing Sub-system

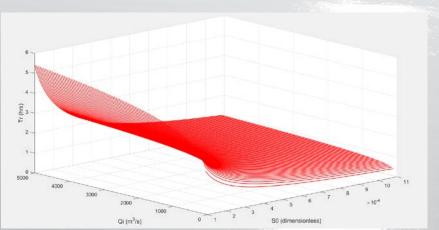


B.2 Type of Channel Routing

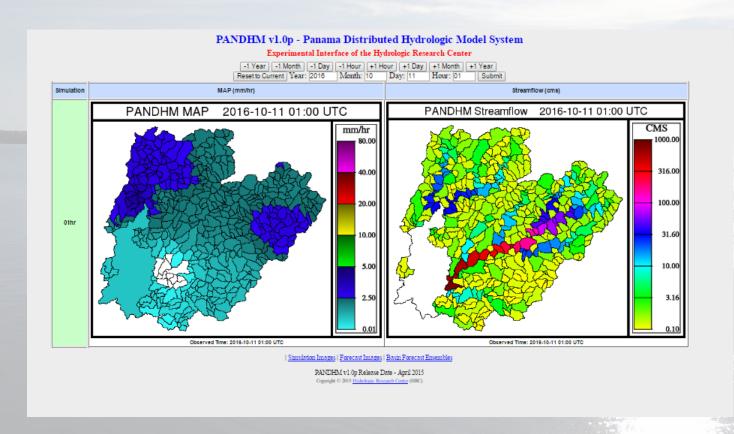
Steep slopes (> 0.01-0.001) Kinematic routing

Mild Slopes (>0.0001)
Diffusive Routing (Muskingum-Cunge)

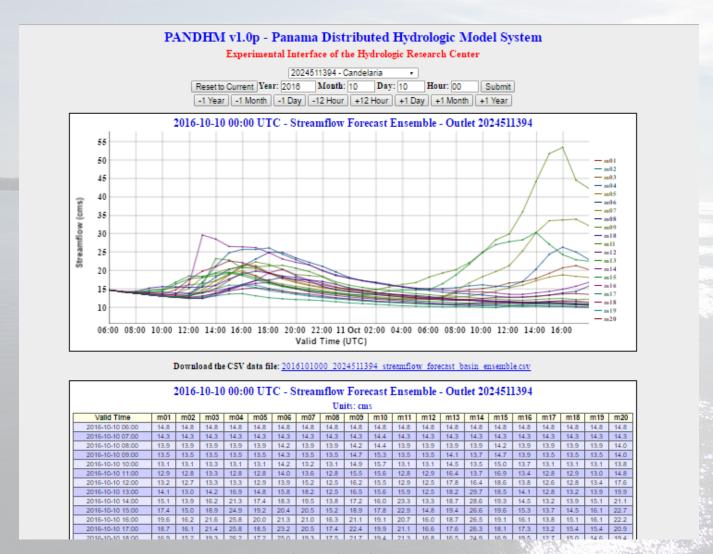




B.3 Type of Interface: Simulation Products



B.3 Type of Interface: Ensemble Traces and Table



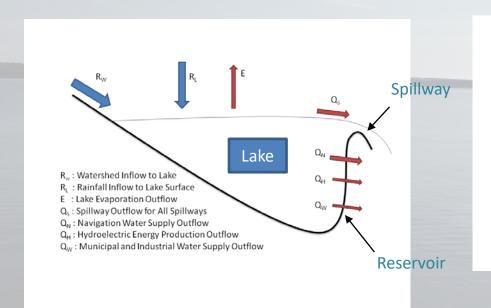
B.3 Type of Interface: Forecast Maps

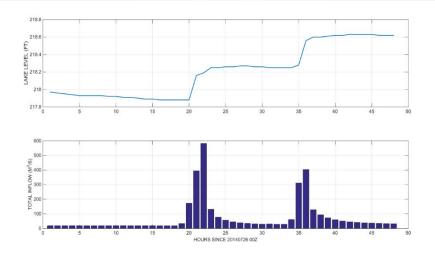
PANDHM v1.0p - Panama Distributed Hydrologic Model System

Experimental Interface of the Hydrologic Research Center Reset to Current | Year: | 2016 Month: 10 Day: 10 Hour: 00 -1 Year | -1 Month | -1 Day | -12 Hour | +12 Hour | +1 Day | +1 Month | +1 Year q25 q75 max Leadtime Valid Time: 2018-10-10 08:00 UTC Text Unavailable Text Unavailable Valid Time: 2018-10-10 12:00 UTC Text Unavailable Text Unavailable Text Unavailable Text Unavailable Text Unavailable Valid Time: 2018-10-10 18:00 UTC Text Upavallable Text Unavailable Text Unavailable Text Unavailable Text Unavailable

B.4 Reservoirs and Lake Levels

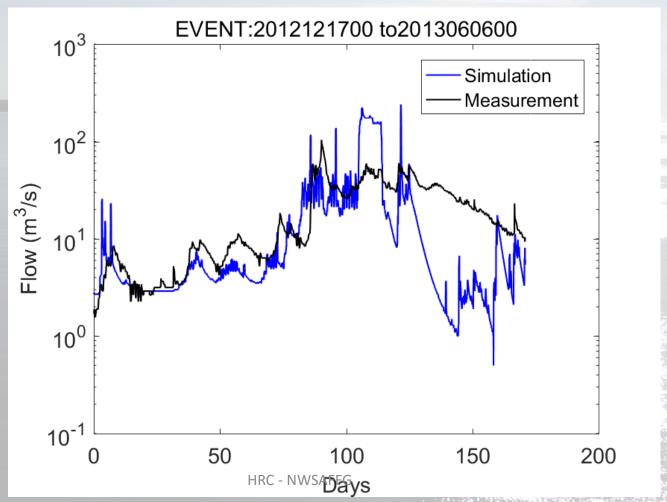
Reservoir Storage/Release Module for the Routing Component





B.5 Influence of Hydrologic Model Parameters

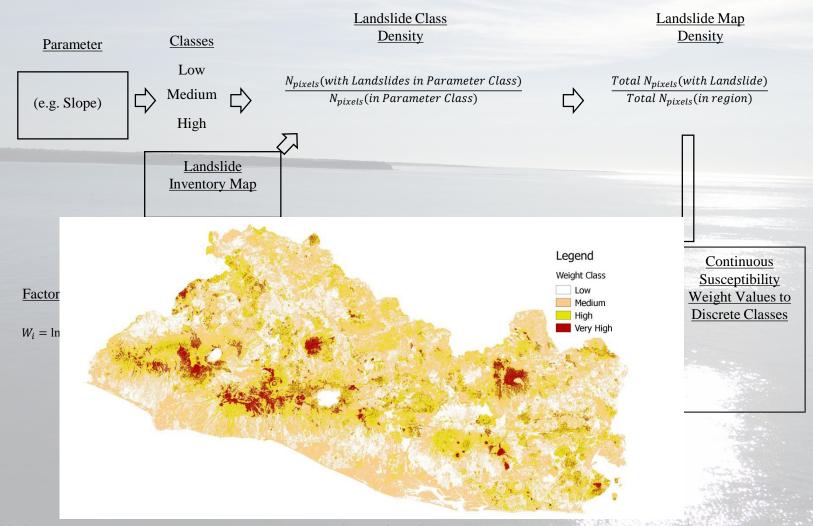
Hourly simulation of discharge (blue line) with **unadjusted** model parameters, compared to observations (black line) – Hourly Streamflow Observations Important for Calibration



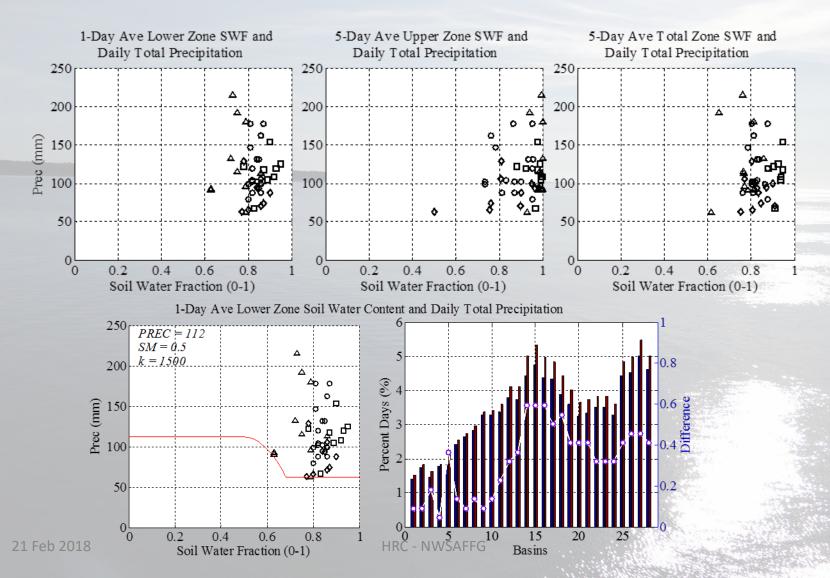
C. Landslide prediction using FFGS output

- C.1 Susceptibility map development in a region with an adequate database (El Salvador, Central America) (completed)
- C.2 Real Time landslide prediction using FFGS rainfall and soil water thresholds in El Salvador (completed)
- C.3 Generalization for Central America and implementation/demonstration in CAFFG (on going)
- C.4 FFGS Product Console for Landslide Assessment

C.1 Susceptibility Mapping

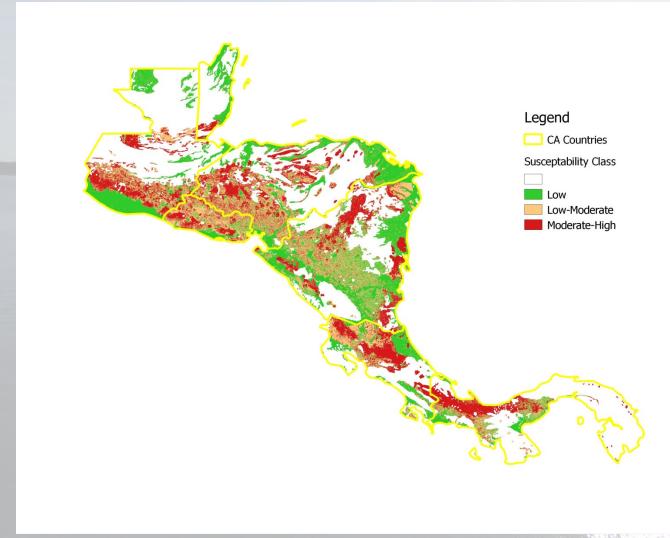


C.2 Real-time Occurrence Prediction based on FFGS Rainfall and SM



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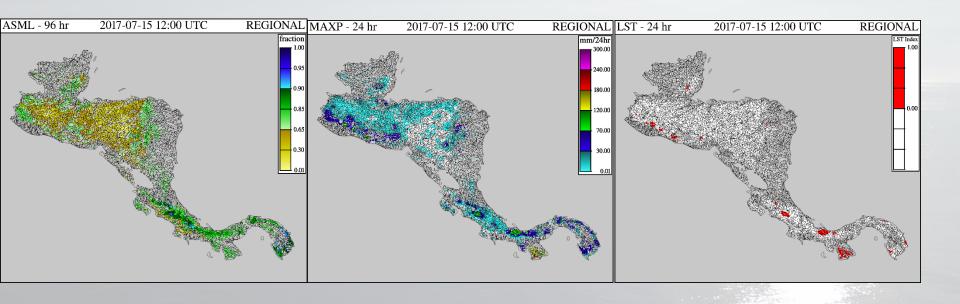
C.3 Generalization for Central America



C.4 Product Console

Design and Implementation Status of Current Advances

Landslide Module operational in CAFFG System



D. Seasonal to Sub-seasonal Ensemble Forecasting

Seasonal Forecasting of Snowmelt and Rain Runoff

Assessment Date 1 April 2017

Tajikistan 2017 Assessments

