Second Steering Committee Meeting of the Central Asia Region Flash Flood Guidance (CARFFG) System

Overview of the Global FFG System
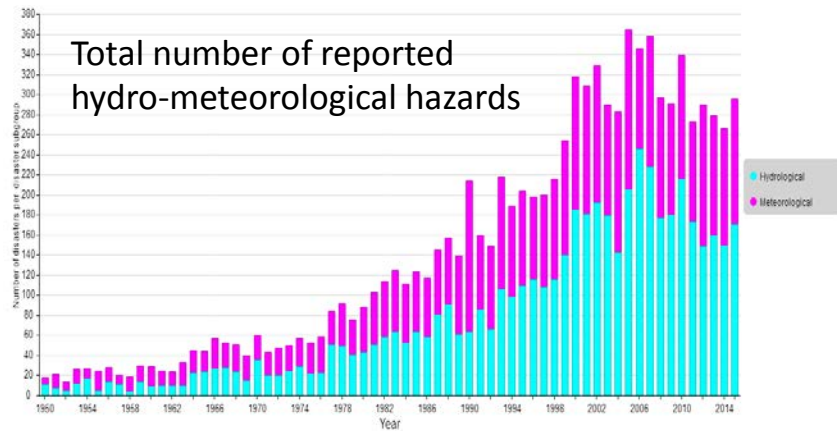
WEATHER CLIMATE WATER
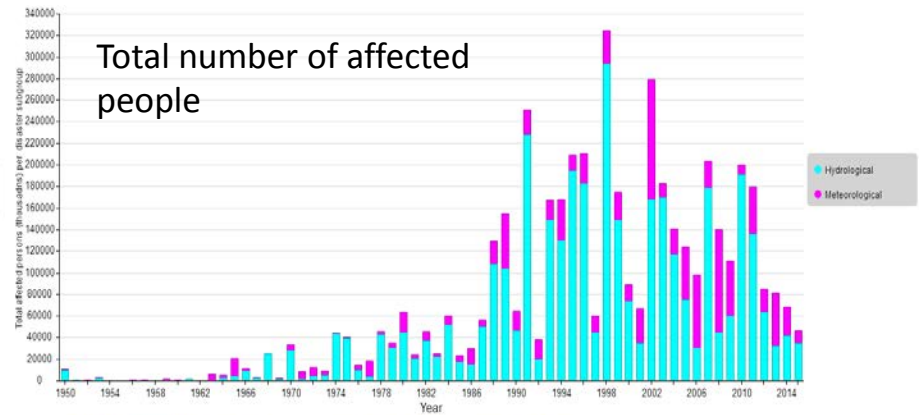TEMPS CLIMAT EAU

WMO OMM

World Meteorological Organization
Organisation météorologique mondiale

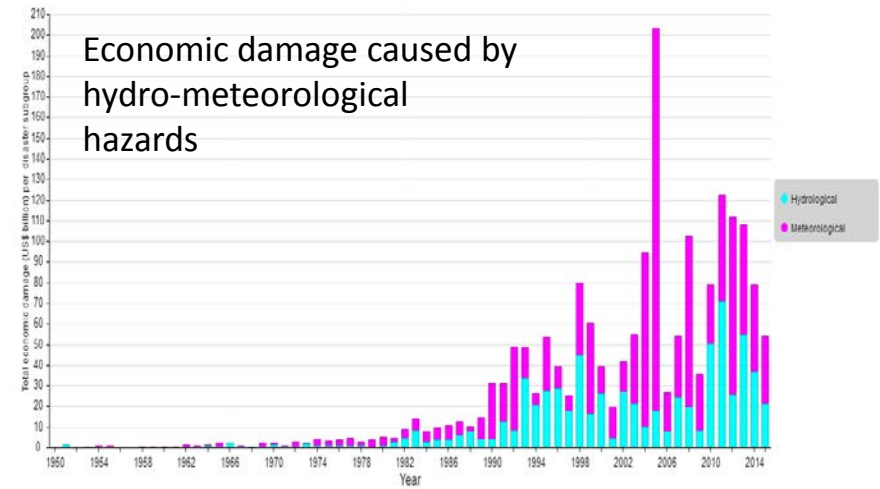# Impacts of Hydro-meteorological Hazards

Total number of reported hydro-meteorological hazards

Total number of affected people

Total number of deaths

Economic damage caused by hydro-meteorological hazards
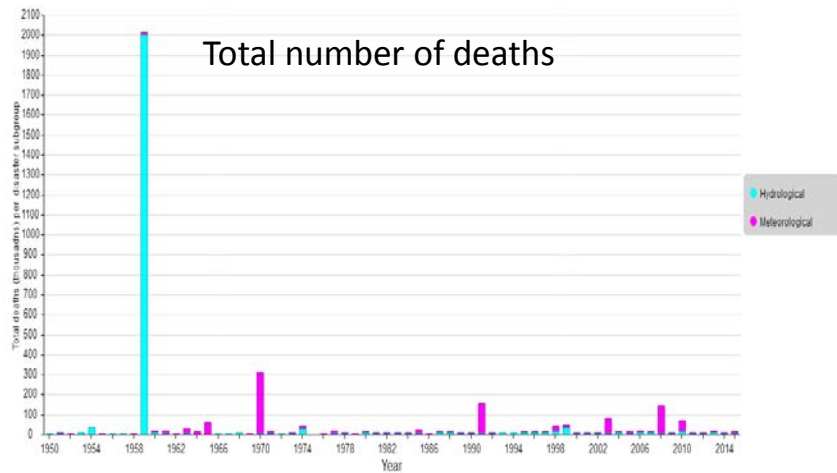
Definition of the Problem

Flash Flood is:
- a flood of short duration with a relatively high peak discharge usually having less than 6 hours between the occurrence of the rainfall and the peak;
- short fuse, hard to predict events; and
- causing annually an average of 5,000 deaths and inflict heavy economical losses worldwide.

Needs are:
- lack of flash flood forecasting tools;
- lack of flash flood warning capabilities and capacities of NHMSs;
- lack of local expertise and regional cooperation; and
- ineffectiveness of riverine flood warning systems for flash floods.

FFGS with Global Coverage

GLOBAL FLASH FLOOD GUIDANCE SYSTEM COVERAGE
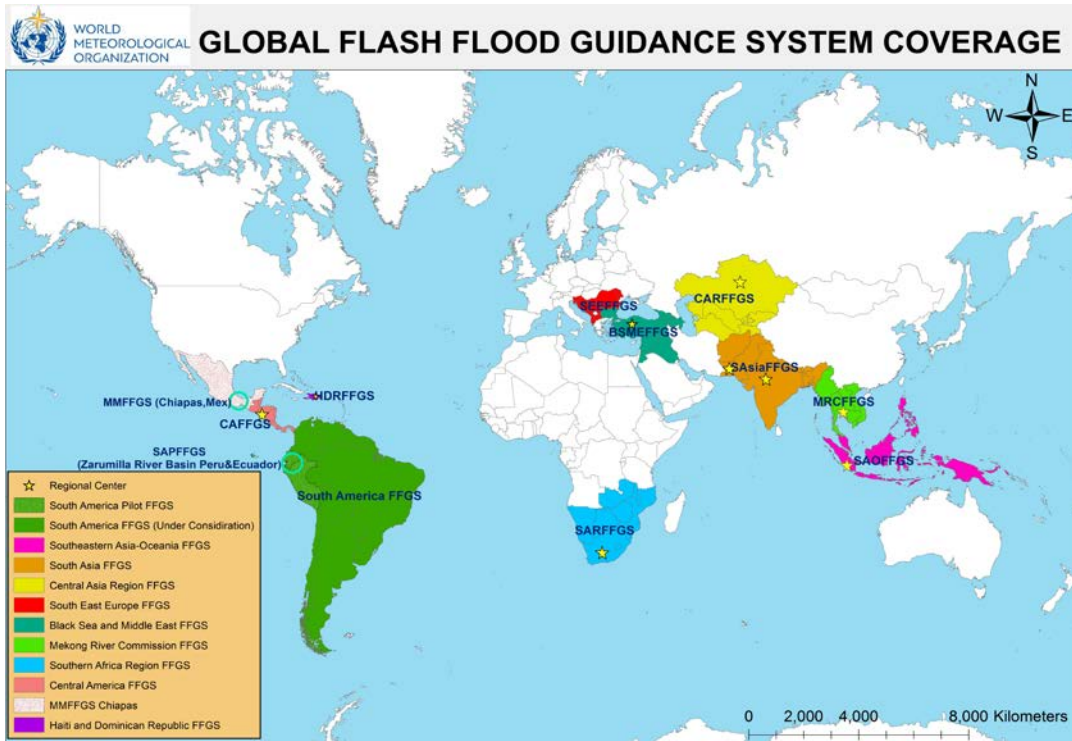
The WMO Commission for Hydrology (CHy) jointly with the WMO Commission for Basic Systems (CBS) and in collaboration with the US National Weather Service, Hydrologic Research Center (HRC), and USAID/OFDA have developed the concept of the Flash Flood Guidance System (FFGS) with global coverage. The concept has been endorsed by the Fifteenth WMO Congress in 2007 and has been implemented through a series of regional projects with funding from USAID.

Flash Flood Guidance System with global coverage enhances early warning capabilities of the NMHSs, currently covers fifty two (52) countries and more than two billion people around the world saving lives and decreasing economic losses.

Regional FFG Projects

The following regional Flash Flood Guidance (FFG) projects have been implemented or under implementation:

- **Central America FFG** (**CAFFG**) (Operacional): Costa Rica (Regional Centre (RC)), Belize, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, and Panama;
- **Southern Africa Region FFG** (**SARFFG**): (Operational) Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, South Africa (RC), Swaziland, Zambia, and Zimbabwe;
- **Mekong River Commission FFG (MRCFFG**) (Operational): Cambodia (RC), Lao People's Democratic Republic, Thailand, and Viet Nam;
- **Black Sea and Middle East FFG** (**BSMEFFG)** (Operational)**:** Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bulgaria, Georgia, Jordan, Lebanon, and Turkey (RC);
- **South East Europe FFG (SEEFFG**) (Operational): Albania, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Croatia, Moldova, Montenegro, Romania, Serbia, Slovenia, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, and Turkey (RC);

Regional FFG Projects (Cont.)

- **South Asia FFG (SAsiaFFG**) (under implementation): Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, India (RC), Nepal, Pakistan (RC), and Sri Lanka;

- **Central Asia Region FFG (CARFFG)** (under implementation**):** Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan;

- **South America Pilot FFG** (under implementation): Zarumilla River Basin (Peru and Ecuador);

- **Haiti and Dominican Republic FFG** (**HDRFFG**) (being upgraded): Dominican Republic and Haiti; and

- **Southeastern Asia-Oceania FFG (SAOFFG)** (under implementation): Brunei Darussalam, Indonesia, Malaysia, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Singapore, and Timor-Leste.

Objectives

The main objective of the Flash Flood Guidance System with global coverage is to:

- enhance NMHSs capacities to issue timely and accurate flash flood warnings to mitigate the adverse impacts of hydrometeorological hazards, by:

    - generating flash flood early warning products using state-of-the-art hydrometerological forecasting models;
    - providing extensive training to the hydrometeorological forecasters; and
    - improving collaboration between NMHSs and Disaster Management Agencies (DMA);

Regional Components

The Regional Centre is to:
- host FFGS servers to generate FFGS products and provide them to the participating NMHSs through internet,
- collaborate with WMO and its project partners to implement flash flood hydrometeorologist training programme,
- evaluate FFG products from the regional perspective and conduct verification study in collaboration with the participating NMHSs, and
- have good IT infrastructure for data exchange and internet connection.

Central Asia Region Flash Flood Guidance (CARFFG) System
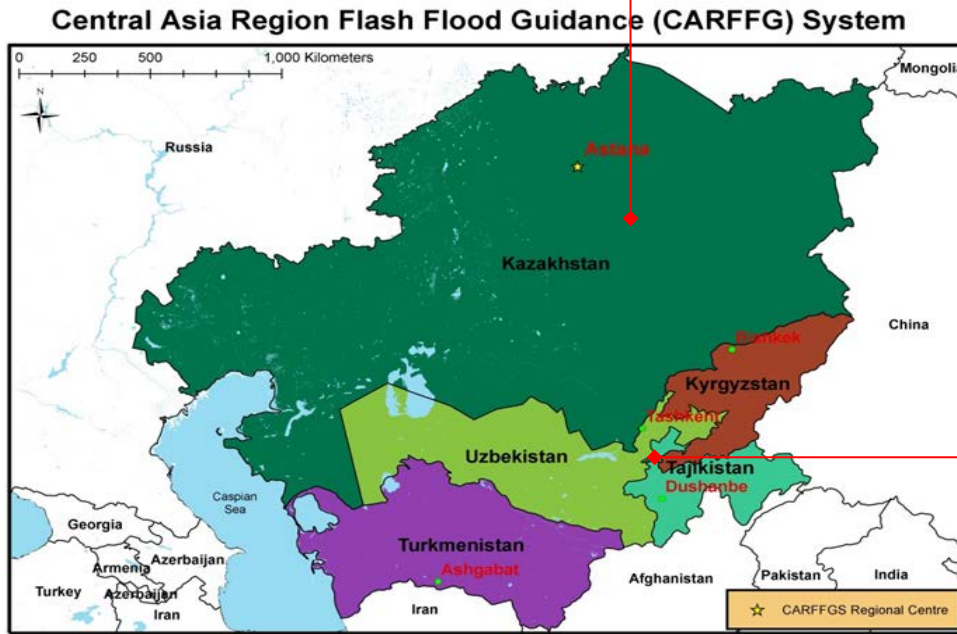
Participating NMHSs are to:
- prepare and issue flash flood warnings and alerts to the public and national agencies including Disaster Management Agencies,
- provide historical and in-situ local data to the FFG system developer through the RC,
- participate in the Flash Flood Hydrometeorologist Training Programme (Steps 1-5), and
- conduct verification studies.

CARFFGS Forecaster Console
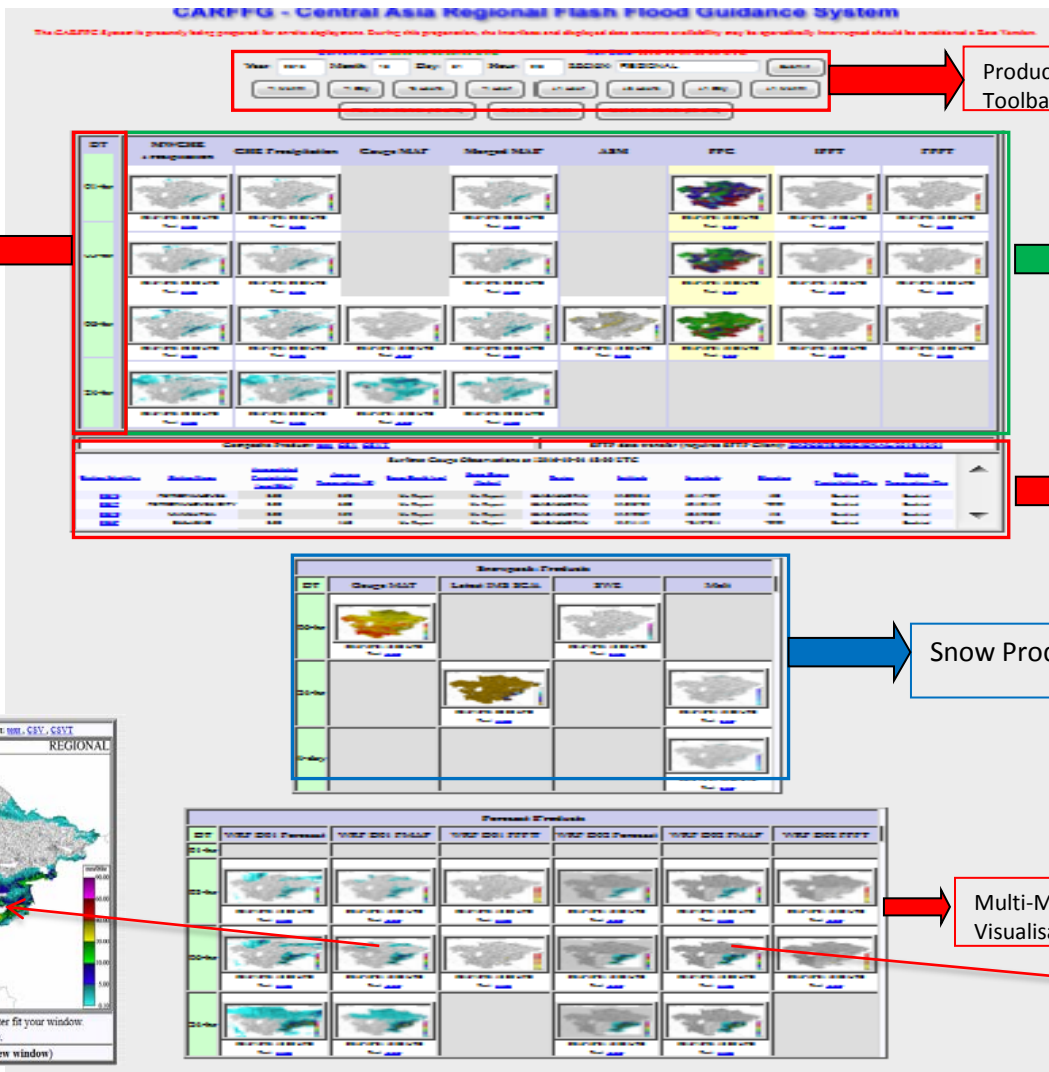
Products, Date and Time Selection Toolbar

Time Interval

FFGS Products

Surface Met. Observations

Snow Products

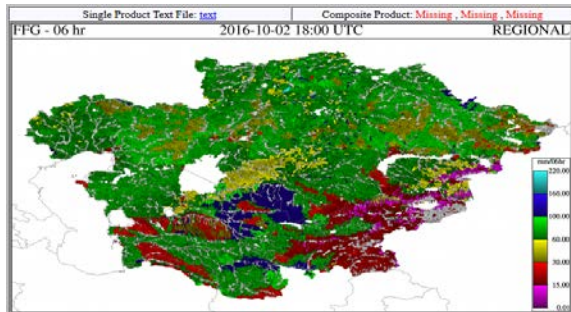Multi-Model Visualisation

CARFFGS Dashboard
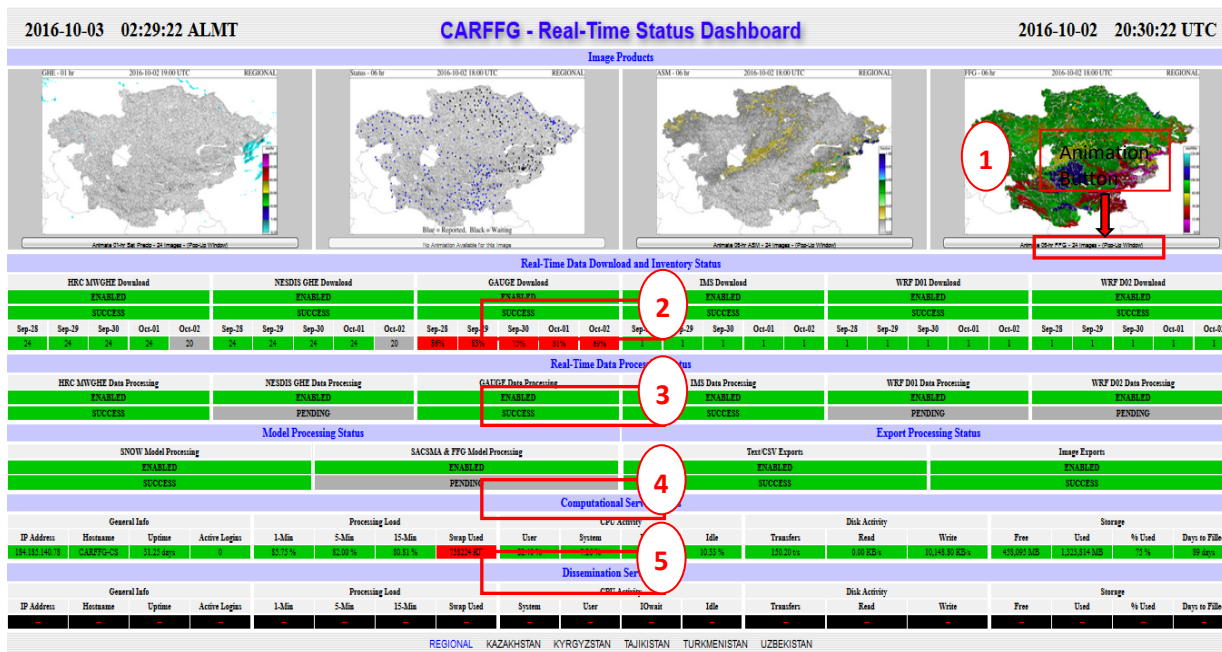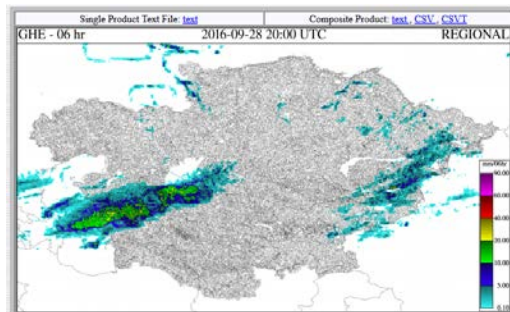

Dashboard is designed to monitor server processes:

- (**1**) Quick-look;
- (**2**) Real-Time data downloads and inventory status;
- (**3**) Real-Time Data processing status;
- (**4**) Computational server status; and
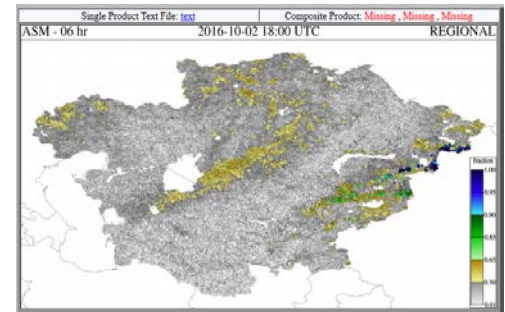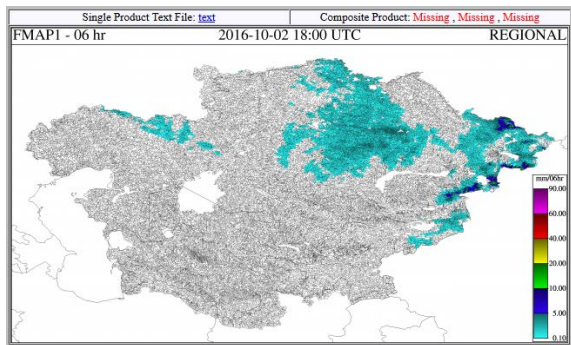- (**5**) Dissemination server status.

CARFFG Products

- Flash Flood Guidance (FFG) of the CARFFG System.

- GHE Satellite precipitation of the CARFFG System.

- Average Soil Moisture (ASM) of the CARFFG System.

- Forecast Mean Areal Precipitation (FMAP) of the CARFFG System.
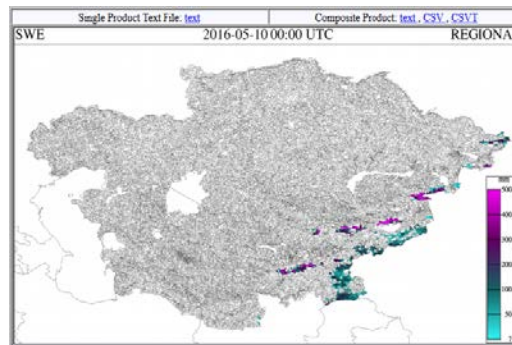
- Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) of the CARFFG System
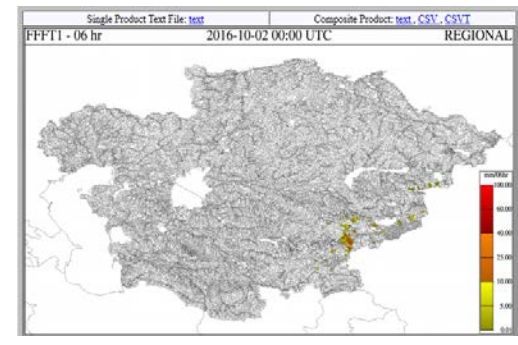
- Forecast Flash Flood Threat (FFFT) of the CARFFG System

Flash Flood Hydrometeorologist Training Programme

Flash Flood Hydrometeorologist Training Program
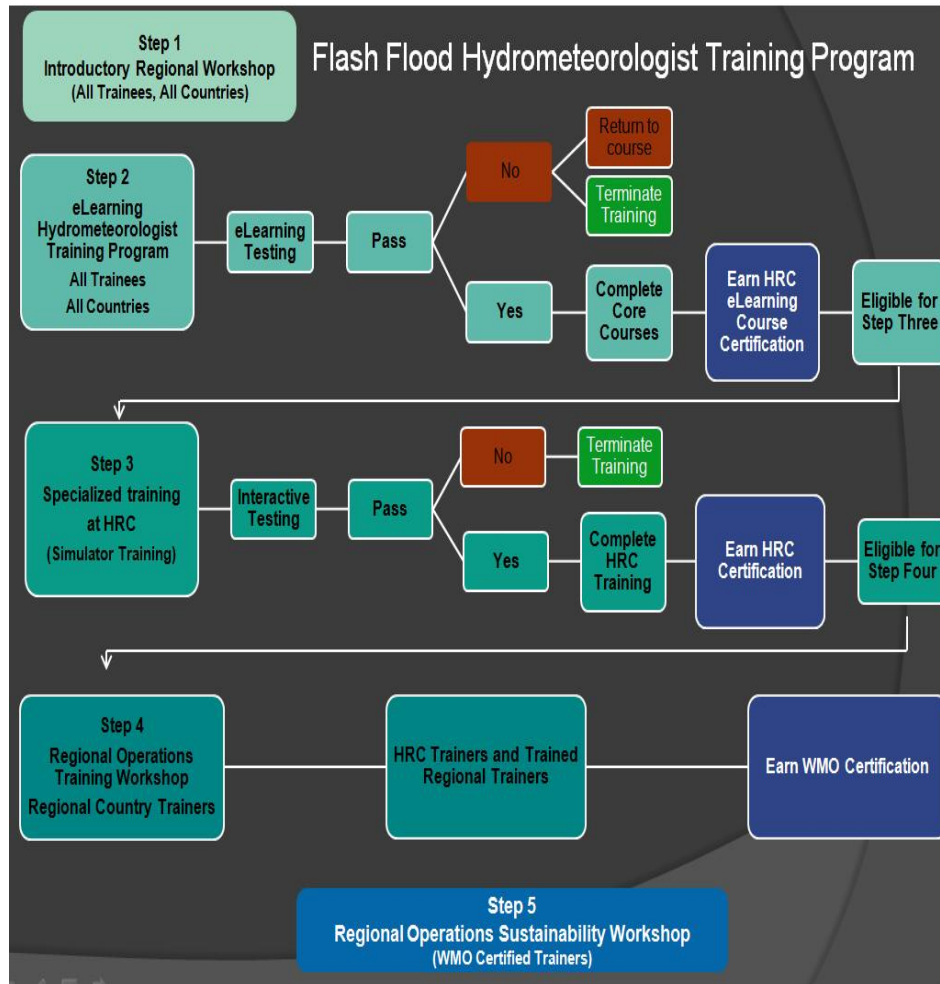
Training is an integral part of regional FFG Systems and consists of five steps:

Step-1: Introductory in-country workshops and meetings such as Steering Committee Meetings;

Step-2: On line eLearning comprises elements of meteorology, hydrology, flash flood guidance, GIS, and remote sensing;

Step-3: Advanced operations and interactive simulator training at the Hydrologic Research Center (HRC), USA;

Step-4: Regional operations training workshop toward qualification of WMO flash flood trainer certificate; and

Step-5: Regional operation sustainability workshop provided by the WMO certified trainer.

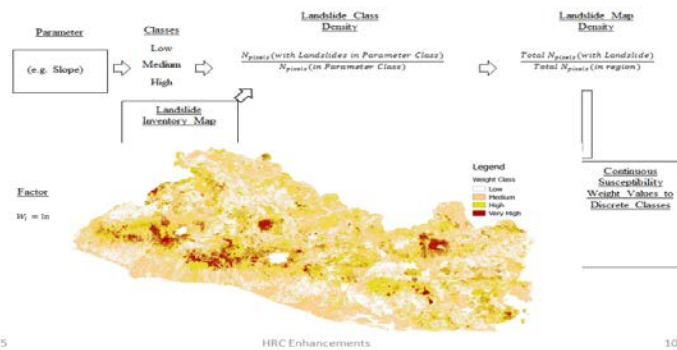# Flash Flood Hydrometeorologist Training Programme-Training Statistics

Advances

- Multi-NWP Model ingestion

- Urban Flash Flood Early Warning System

- Landslide Susceptibility Mapping
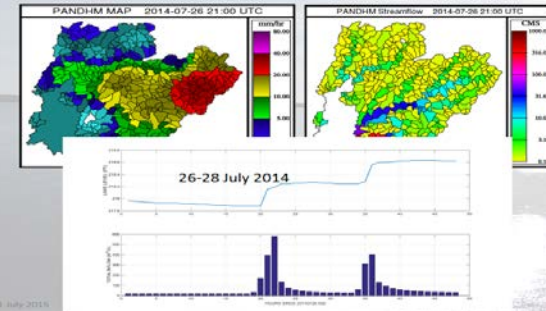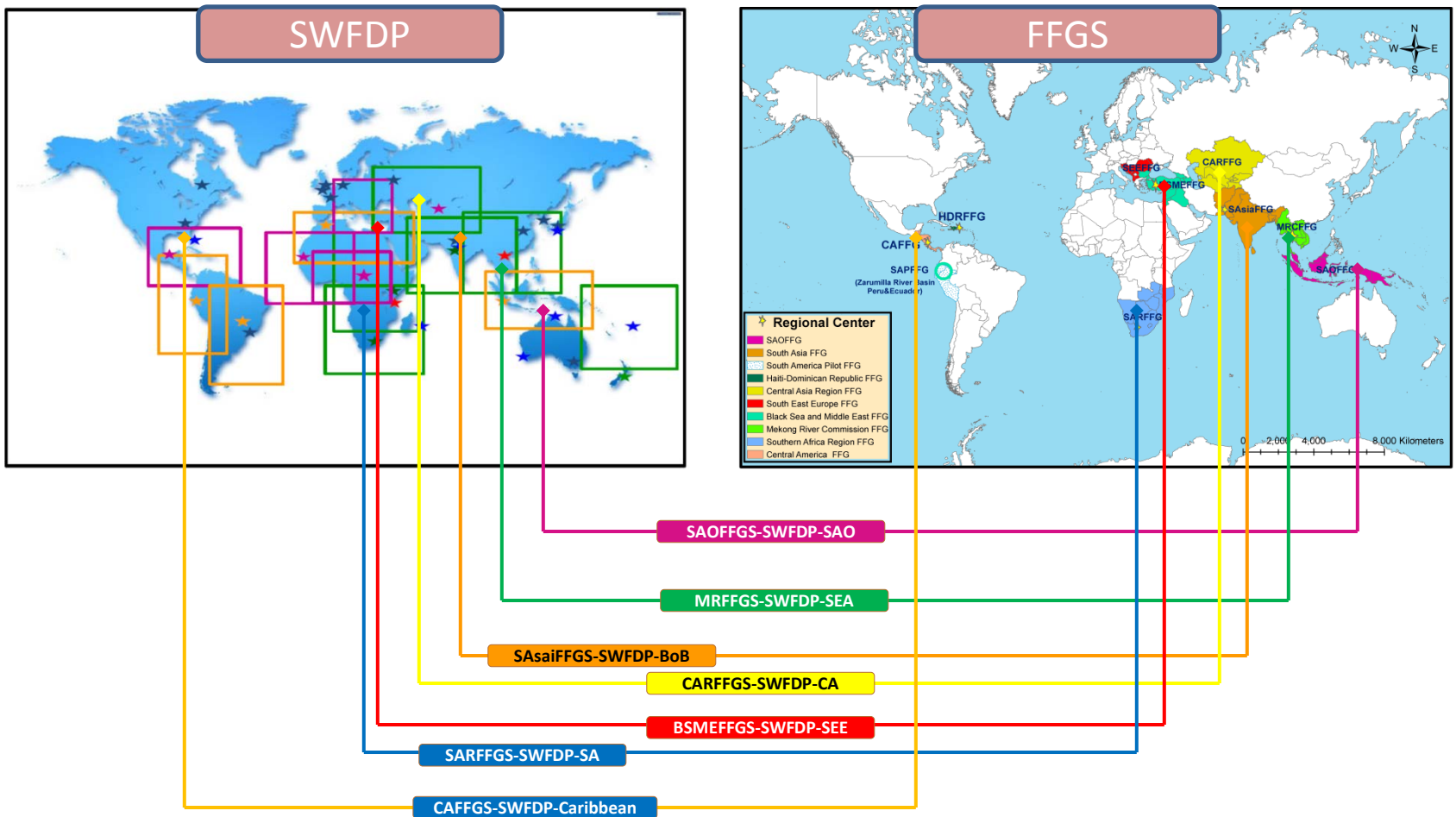

- Expandable and Scalable Riverine Routing

Linkages between SWFDP and regional FFG Systems

Thank you

Paul Pilon

ppilon@wmo.int

Ayhan Sayin

asayin@wmo.int

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TEMPS CLIMAT EAU

WMO OMM

World Meteorological Organization

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