Agrometeorological services at Slovak Hydrometeorological Institute

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Agrometeorological services at SHMI

- 1. ex-post assessments/reports
 - 1. weekly
 - 2. monthly
 - 3. annual
- 2. operational services
- 3. forecasting



Ex-post assessments/reports

weekly assessments for agriculturally focused newspapers

(Roľnícke noviny)

- focused on:
 - weather situation
 - air temperature
 - surface temperature
 - soil temperature
 - precipitation
 - sunshine duration
 - available water capacity in soil
- briefly forecast for next week

7. 9. 2016

agrometeorologické informácie

Prúdenie teplého vzduchu

■ V priebehu prvých sep- teľné množstvo, prípadno tembrových dní sa naďalej niekoľko desatín milimetra. otepľovalo. Začiatok klimatologickej jesene bol najtep- ku týždňa začne počasie na lejší na juhu stredného Slovenska, kde v minulý štvrtok namerali 28,3 °C. Od piatku sa opäť začala séria tropic- strednú Európu smerom kých dní. V piatok a v sobo- na severovýchod až východ, tu dosiahla teplota vzduchu a po jej zadnom okraji sa od v Žihárci 30 °C, a v nedeľu juhu až juhozápadu obnoví boli tropické hodnoty teploty vzduchu aj v Podhájskej, v Bratislave a na Záhorí, pričom najteplejšie bolo v Bra-tislave na Kolibe: 30,4 °C.

■ Zrážky sa v minulom týždni vyskytli iba na jeho začiatku a na konci. Na viacerých miestach boli spreich týždenné úhrny priesto-3 do 20 milimetrov, a ešte né podmienky. Na prelome zrážok dosiahli iba nemera- búrky.

■ Po daždivom začiat

Slovensku opäť priaznivo ovplyvňovať tlaková výš, ktorá bude postupovať cez prúdenie teplého vzduchu. Počasie bude mať stabilný charakter. Ráno sa môžu v nižších polohách vytvárať hmly alebo nízka inverzná oblačnosť, a cez deň by malo byť prevažne slnečno a teplo.

■ Na najteplejších miestach by mala teplota vzduvádzané búrkami, a tak boli chu dosiahnuť až hodnotu 30 °C. V noci a ráno sa ochlarovo dosť premenlivé. Väčši- dí, ale na túto ročnú dobu to nou napršalo v intervale od stále budú priaznivé teplotmenej to bolo na niektorých tohto a budúceho týždňa miestach na juhu stredné- tlaková výš prechodne zoho Slovenska a aj v určitých slabne, a tak sa na niektooblastiach východného Slo- rých miestach môžu vyskytvenska, kde týždenné úhrny núť prehánky, prípadne aj

Meteorologický prehľad za obdobie od 29. 8. do 4. 9. 2016

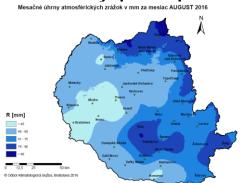
		TEPLOTA	ZR						
STANICA	PRIE- -MER	ODCH. OD NORM.	MAX. 2 m	MIN. 2 m	MIN. 5 cm	ÚHRN mm	NORM.	SVIT	
Bratislava, Koliba	21,4	4,3	30	13	. 8	8	61	70	
Kuchyna, letsko	19,5	3,3	30	100 to 200	3	17	127	86	
Nitra, letisko	20,0	3,0	29	10	7	7	68	72	
Harbanovo	20,1	2,8	30	10	6	2023	26	2071	
ilina, letisko	17,0	2,7	27	7	5	17	88	61	
Jesek	15,1	2,7	26	433	2	13	68	58	
Stač, letsko	17,9	2.7	28	9	- 5	10	73	63	
Oudinos	18,6	3,1	30	900	800	18002000	2133	63	
učenec, letisko	19,5	3,0	29	9	6	4	34	64	
Poprad, letsko	15,5	2,5	28	100400	2001300	80047000	367	63	
Stropkov, Tisinec	17,6	2.7	30	7	2	3	17	70	
(ošice, letisko	19.9	3.7	29	9 33	100034000	33331333	5	69	
rebisov. Mithostov	19,6	3.0	31	10	6	1	12	73	



Ex-post assessments/reports

- monthly agrometeorological reports since 1980s (since 2009 online in pdf form)
 - separately for the Western, Central and Eastern Slovakia
- content
 - agrometeorological characteristics (weather situations, air temperature, precipitation, soil temperature and humidity)
 - phenological characteristics (crops, fruit trees, forest phenology, zoophenology)
- beside text form also tables and the maps of monthly precipitation

Klimatologický prehľad za mesiac august 2016																	
Stanica	N.v. [m]	Atmosferické zrážky					1			Teplota pôdy			Comment				
			DP [%]	N	Počet	dní so	Priemer	Odchýlka DP [°C]	Odchýlka N [°C]	Absolútna		Slnečný	5 cm		20 cm	Suma od 1.4. tpr ≥ 0	
				[%]	1 - 4,9	5 a viac	[°C]			Max.	Min.	Príz.min.	svit [h]	Priemer	Min.	Priemer	[°C]
					mm	mm	[4]			[°C]	[°C]	[°C]		[°C]	[°C]	[°C]	
Bratislava, Koliba	287	35	51	51	1	4	19.9	1.0	0.9	31.1	9.4	6.1	295	22.2	17.6	21.6	2708
Bratislava, letisko	133	28	46	45	3	3	20.3	1.2	1.0	30.8	7.3	5.1	290	23.1	15.1	22.3	2800
Bratislava, Mlynská dolina	182	31	48	Х	2	3	19.9	X	x	32.9	9.4	4.3	266	X	X	X	2715
Holíč	180	43	X	X	2	4	19.8	1.1	X	31.3	7.3	X	271	19.3	15.5	19.0	1913
Hurbanovo	115	35	67	60	2	4	19.8	0.4	0.3	31.9	6.3	1.9	299	22.1	15.9	22.0	2803
Jaslovské Bohunice	176	56	92	90	2	4	19.1	0.5	0.4	30.0	6.0	3.4	272	21.5	15.8	21.2	2617
Kráľová pri Senci	124	44	76	77	3	4	20.7	1.5	1.4	30.7	10.9	7.9	X	21.2	15.3	20.4	2609
Kuchyňa, Nový Dvor	206	62	91	95	0	5	19.3	0.9	0.9	31.5	6.1	1.9	277	21.3	15.9	21.5	2646
Mochovce	261	х	X	X	X	X	19.1	X	0.9	30.0	7.1	7.0	273	21.2	17.9	21.0	2638
Modra, Piesok	533	24	32	X	2	3	17.6	X	X	27.4	8.8	X	261	X	X	X	2387
Myjava	349	57	89	93	1	5	17.5	0.1	0.1	28.2	4.5	4.0	248	X	X	X	x
Nitra, Veľké Janíkovce	135	72	141	118	4	3	19.8	0.6	0.8	31.4	6.5	3.6	300	X	X	X	2764
Piešťany	163	54	79	83	4	3	18.8	0.4	0.4	30.0	7.1	3.8	281	X	X	X	2631
Podhájska	138	89	162	162	2	5	19.1	0.2	0.1	31.5	5.6	4.2	304	X	X	X	2696
Prievidza	260	123	166	164	2	6	18.8	1.1	0.8	30.3	5.2	1.8	267	21.0	16.7	20.6	2646
Topoľčany	180	42	68	66	1	3	19.7	0.8	0.7	31.4	6.5	5.0	X	20.7	16.2	20.6	2776
Żihárec	112	87	155	134	3	4	20.9	1.8	1.8	31.8	7.0	5.0	274	21.8	13.0	21.1	2907

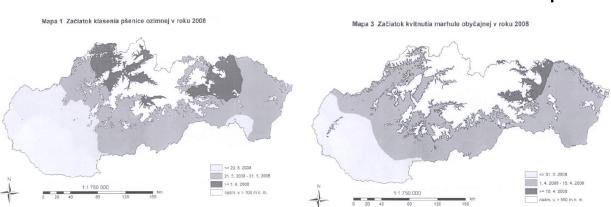


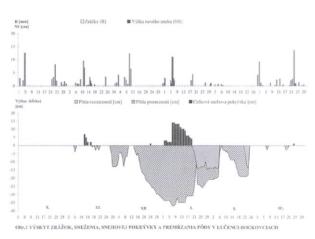


Ex-post assessments/reports

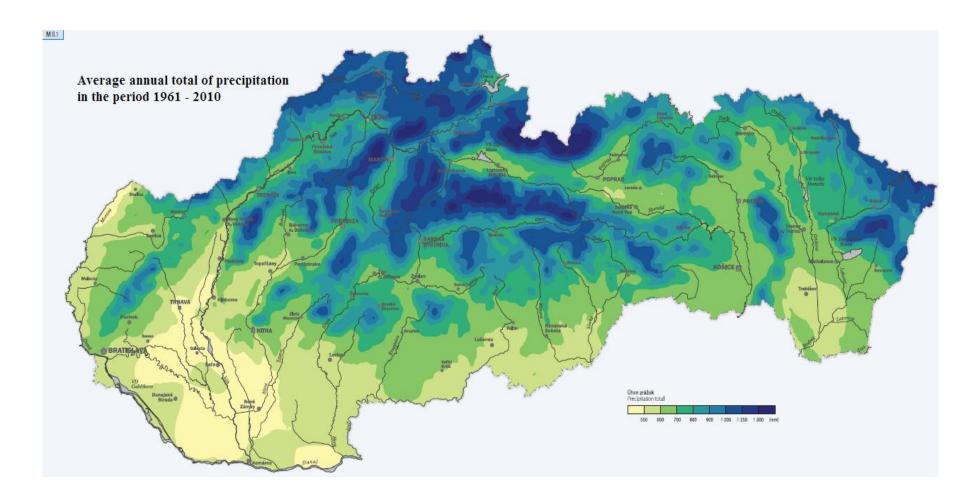
- annual agrometeorological and phenological reports
 - · separately for the Western, Central and Eastern Slovakia
- content
 - agrometeorological characteristics
 - the wintering of crops as well as their phenophases in spring and summer
 - fruit trees and forest phenology
 - zoophenology

beside text form also tables and the maps





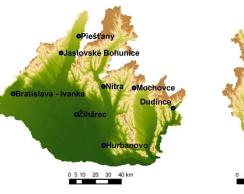






Drought monitoring

- testing version of monitoring in 2015
- 12 meteorological stations on 2 lowlands
- 4 drought indices: SPI, SPEI, CMI, Palmer Z-index
- SPI and SPEI in daily step with 30 accumulation period (30-days moving window)
- CMI and Palmer Z-index in weekly step
- reference period: 1961 2010, 1981 2010 respectively

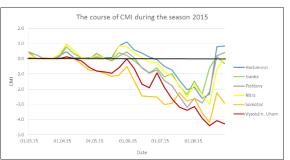


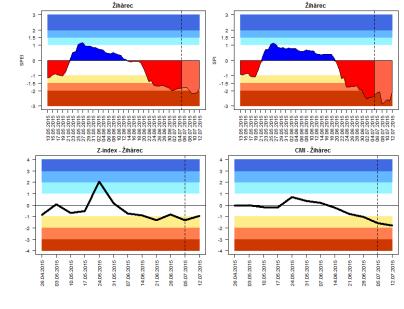




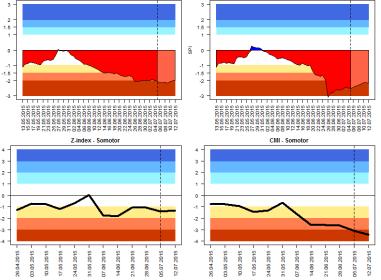
Drought monitoring

- updated weekly on Monday
- start: 1st March 2015
- end: 28th September 2015
- graphical form + briefly text assessment
 - the course of 4 indices during last 60 days
 - 7 day-forecast (ECMWF)
- feedback from farmers

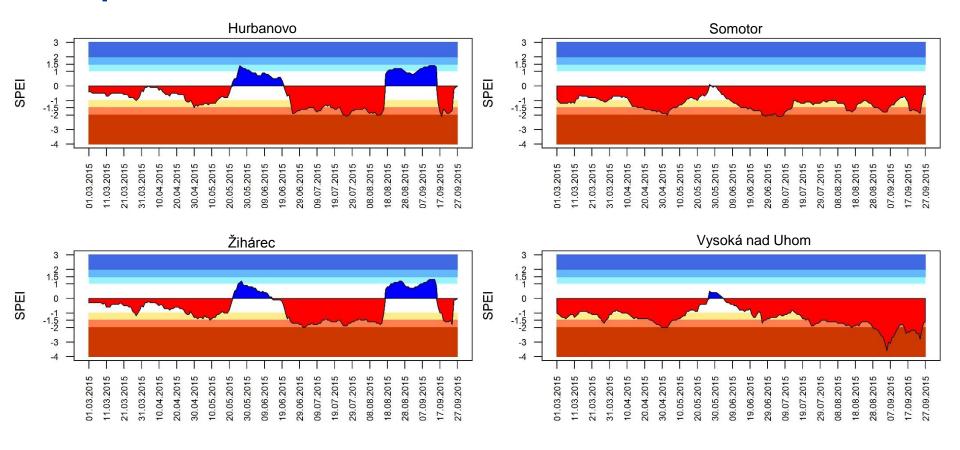




Somotor



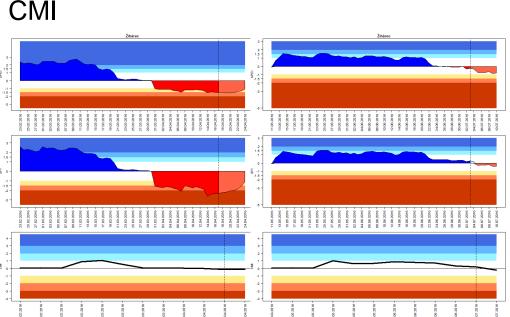






Drought monitoring

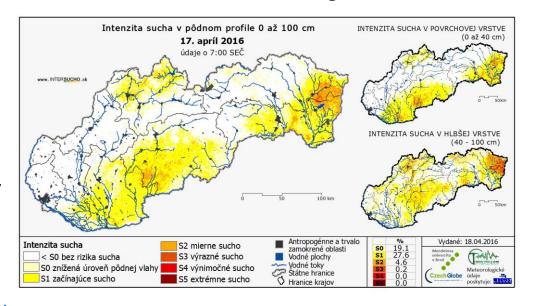
- full version of monitoring in 2016
- 44 meteorological stations in Slovakia
- 3 drought indices: SPI, SPEI, CMI
- reference period:
- 1981 2010
- start: 1st March 2016
- end: 2nd October 2016
- updated weekly on Monday
- http://www.shmu.sk/sk/?page=2161



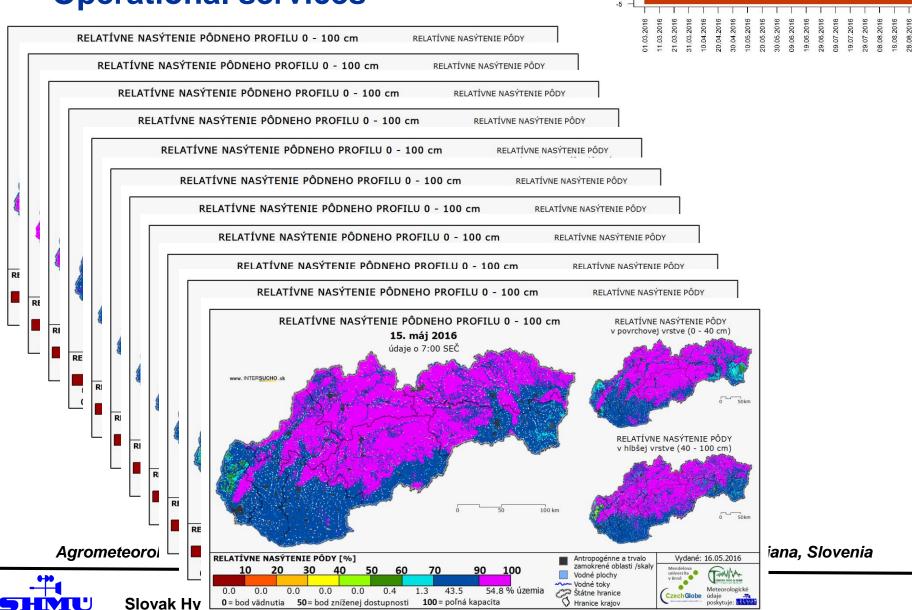


Drought monitoring within the project Intersucho

- focused on water content in soil and the condition of vegetation
- content:
 - soil drought intensity
 - soil humidity
 - · absolute water content in soil
 - Enhanced Vegetation Index
- updated weekly on Monday
- since September 2015
- maps and text assessment
- http://www.intersucho.cz/sk/







-3

Forecasting services

- in cooperation with National Agriculture and Food Center Soil Science and Conservation Research Institute
- the estimation of crop yields
- SHMI provides:
 - daily air temperature and precipitation
 - · weekly during growing period



Papers

- several papers assessing agrometeorological and phenological characteristics in the past (1970s – 1990s)
- newest:

Labudová, L., Labuda, M., & Takáč, J. (2016). Comparison of SPI and SPEI applicability for drought impact assessment on crop production in the Danubian Lowland and the East Slovakian Lowland. **Theoretical and Applied Climatology**, 1–16. doi:10.1007/s00704-016-1870-2



Projects

current

Intersucho

on-going

DRiDanube

- international project coordinated by Slovenian Environmental Agency
- focus: drought risk in the Danube region

2 national projects submitted within the call for projects of Slovak Research and Development Agency



Future plans

improvement of drought monitoring

- station based spatial information with horizontal resolution 1 km
- interpolation techniques models (INCA, SURFEX)
- main challenges
 - using models: long-term data (at least since 1981)
 - using interpolation: physical correctness according to number of stations due to complex terrain

our aim

- to provide spatial information about precipitation/water balance deficit in high resolution
- to update this information more often than once a week



Thank you for your attention!

Any comments, or questions?

