Report on

WMO/Romanian National Meteorological Administration

Training Course for South-East European NMHS's on Nowcasting Techniques

26-30 November 2007

Bucharest, ROMANIA

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Nowcasting Techniques

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1. Introduction

The WMO/Romanian National Meteorological Administration Training Course for South-East European NMHSs on Nowcasting Techniques was held at the National School of Meteorology and the National Meteorological Administration facilities in Bucharest, Romania, from 26 to 30 November 2007. The workshop was a first action in the spirit of the <u>Joint Nowcasting Applications Services</u> (JONAS) Steering Committee strategic plan. Participants were drawn from a part of RA VI of WMO, i.e. South-Eastern Europe. The idea to organize it came as a consequence of strong impact of severe weather during the summer of 2007 in Europe and the first actions to organize it started in September 2007. Despite the short time notice, the Met Services invited to participate responded with big interest and the course was appreciated by the participants.

The National Meteorological Administration organized several international workshops in previous years on radar meteorology and nowcasting, but this one was aimed to try a different approach, extending the area of topics to an end-to-end complete nowcasting system. Thus, new topics such satellite meteorology, lightning, wild-fires, avalanches and nivology were considered. Systems for the delivery of information toward the public, civil defence and mass-media were presented.

2. Objectives

The objectives of the training course were aimed at sustaining capacity building in developing countries through "open laboratories" activities by:

- providing basic knowledge on the underlying science of nowcasting and severe weather warning systems,
- providing information about advanced nowcasting systems in use in different countries,
- promoting the use of advanced technologies in nowcasting and service provision.

Through these activities the workshop will provide mentorship in nowcasting techniques within developing countries in RA VI to advance the WMO mission.

3. Participants

Participants were in general from meteorological and hydrological services of countries neighbouring Romania (see list bellow)

- Tatiana Strugac Hydro-meteorological State Service Republic of Moldova
- Dragoslav Dragoslavic Meteorological and Hydrological Service -Republic of Croatia (dragojlovic@cirus.dhz.hr)
- Anna Yordanova Diakova National Institute of Meteorology and Hydrology - Bulgaria (anna_diak@yahoo.com)
- Alina Prodan Ukrainian Hydrometeorological Centre Ukraine (icd@ukrweather.kiev.ua)
- Kostadinka Arsovska Hydrometeorological Service Macedonia
- Goran Mihajlovic Republic Hydrometeorological Service Serbia (gmihajlovic@hidmet.sr.gov.yu)
- Tanja Porja Hydrometeorological Institute Albania (tanjaporja@yahoo.it)
- Jaroslava Hajakova Hydrometeorological Institute Czech Republic (jaroslava.hajakova@chmi.cz)

Their travel and subsistence during the course has been supported by WMO. They varied in experience from those who had no nowcasting services in their countries to others who were experienced in the area. They were asked to complete a pre-course questionnaire about their needs and experience and an after-course plan of actions.

4. Lecturers

A list of presenters, many of them leading experts in nowcasting and radar meteorology are in **Appendix 1**. The lecturers were Romanians experts that developed the local nowcasting system and also three lecturers from foreign countries whom travel and subsistence has been supported by WMO. The course was opened by the director of the National School of Meteorology and by Dr. Ion Draghici, former DET with WMO.

5. Content and style of workshop

The course had more detailed information accessible to the participants on a web site: <u>http://193.26.129.60/scoaladevara/</u>

The training course was different in style compared to previous workshops hosted in Romania. Participants were asked to share their local nowcasting challenges and needs in a short presentation at the commencement of the course. Although the timetable was predetermined (see **Appendix 2**), there was plenty of scope to adjust the level and pace to meet the needs of all participants and this was done by all presenters.

Lectures were highly interactive and were based on case studies and forecasting methodologies. They were chosen to highlight particular aspects of radar and satellite meteorology in nowcasting. They were universally well received.

All participants completed personal Action Plans before the end of the training to ensure that the benefits of the workshop were passed on to their colleagues and institutions upon their return home. Follow-up emails confirmed that they were being implemented.

Participants were provided with a copy of all relevant resources on DVD (all presentations and workshops).

6. Accommodation and logistics

Full accommodation was provided for the students at the Romanian National School of Meteorology, where the training workshop was being held. This had the advantage of keeping costs low and providing plenty of opportunities for informal discussion on workshop related matters. It was a successful model.

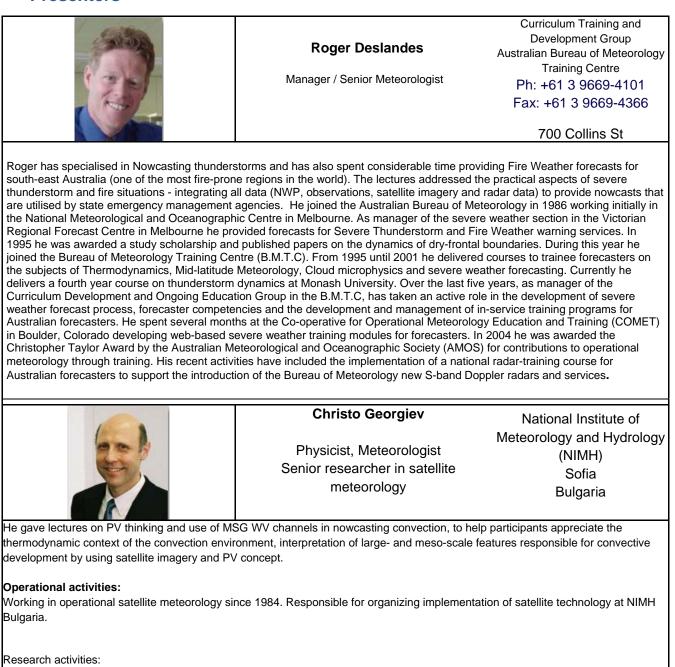
The National Administration of Meteorology provided computers for use in the workshops. Workshop Case studies were pre-loaded. There was one computer available for every participants as well as a central unit.

7. Conclusion and recommendations

End of course evaluations (written and verbal) were very positive. The main criticisms were that the training was too short to fully discuss all the issues of such a complex matter like nowcasting that would like to have more time on case studies and real work with the Romanian systems. They indicated that would like to come back for a future edition of this training.

It is recommended that similar training workshops be conducted in the future if funds are available. The National Meteorological Administration is going to provide two more laboratories for "hands-on" workshops in quasi real time for future workshops. They will be available and operational in May 2008.

Presenters



Researcher at NIMH Bulgaria since 1986, PhD from 1997, Senior Researcher since 2004.

Guest scientist at INM, Madrid (1998).

Water Vapour Imagery Project with Forecast Laboratory, Forecast Direction, Meteo-France, Toulouse (2001-2007)

Papers presented at EUMETSAT Scientific Conferences in Cascais (1994), Vienna (1996), Paris (1998), Dublin (2002), Dubrovnik (2005), Amsterdam (2007)

Author of a book on Weather Analysis and Forecasting: Applying Satellite Water Vapor Imagery and Potential Vorticity Analysis, Academic Press, Elsevier Inc., 2005

Lecturer experience:

Teacher at training courses in satellite meteorology at NIMH Bulgaria. Lecturer at EUMETSAT training courses in Krakow (2001), Sofia (2002, 2006), Cheia (2004), Mikulov (2005), Athens (2007),



Aurora Stan-Sion

PhD, Physicist, Meteorologist Head of the Laboratory of Nowcasting Techniques National Meteorological Administration (NMA) Bucharest Romania

She gave lectures on : Principles of Nowcasting and Use of Doppler radar in nowcasting

Operational/Research activities:

responsible for the implementation of nowcasting methodologies at RNMA

Study and development of radar conceptual models

Analyses of severe storm cases in Romania

Most recent papers presented at Vienna (2006), Utrecht (2005), Toulouse (2005) and Barcelona (2006) Representative of RNMA with WMO in the Group of Public Weather Services and is the Focal Point for Regional Training Coordinator of Education and Training in EUFAR Project

Lecturer experience:

Lecturer at the RNSM on radar meteorology, mesocale meteorology and nowcasting Lecturer at international training courses on radar meteorology Bucharest (2005)

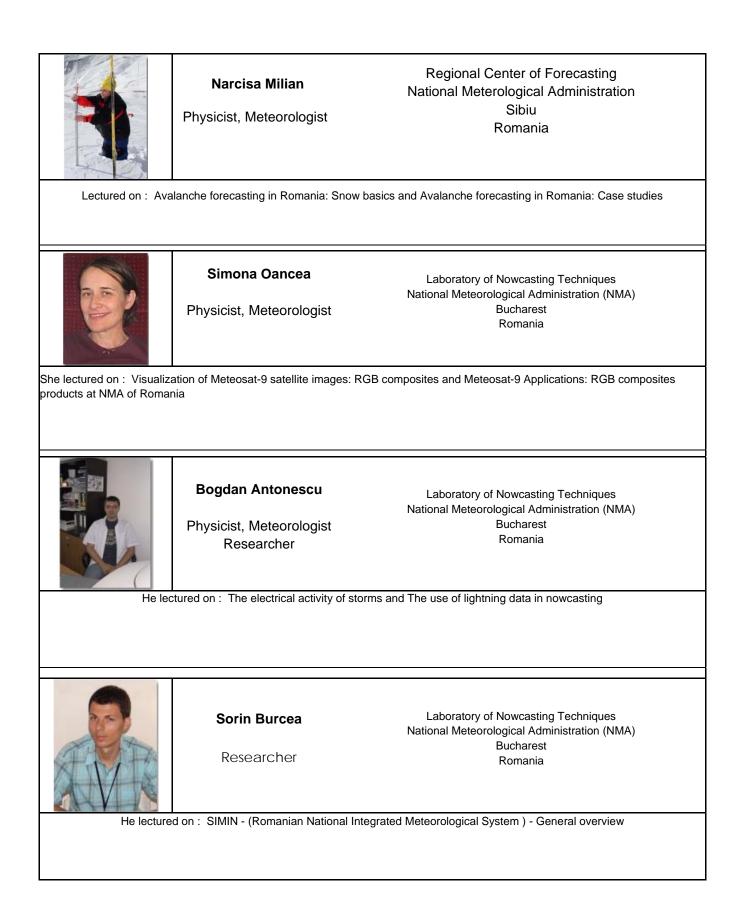


Gerard Spreitzhofer

Researcher

Institute of Meteorology and Geophysics University of Vienna Althanstrasse 14, UZA2 A-1090 Vienna Austria

He lectured on : MetGIS - a combined meteorological-geographic information system to support high-resolution short-range forecasts. MetGIS (see http://www.univie.ac.at/AMK/metgis) is a new, combined Meteorological and Geographic Information System, with a specific emphasis on snow and mountain weather. This prediction scheme was developed within the framework of interdisciplinary international research projects with contributions from research institutes, universities and meteorological services of Austria, Switzerland, Japan, Peru, Chile, Argentina and the USA. A principal focus of the system is the production of highresolution, down-scaled forecast maps of meteorological parameters, using a Java-based Graphical User Interface (GUI). When operated in an automated mode, this GUI can be used to feed a web-interface providing special purpose meteorological forecasts. The geographic part of the system includes a topographic database relying on data of the Shuttle Radar Topographic Mission (SRTM, horizontal resolution approx. 90m) and representations of roads, rivers, railway lines, political borders and cities. Various modes of topography (elevation, slope, aspect) may be displayed, all for freely selectable thresholds and resolutions. On top of these, partly linked to terrain features, down-scaled meteorological information can be visualized in a variety of display styles. Meteorological forecast data of any numerical model can be included into MetGIS and refined by the system, provided the model output is compatible with NetCDF or GrADS-compatible formats. Currently mainly GFS is used as the base model. Regarding features of the system specifically related to mountain areas, the high resolution terrain allows a very detailed estimation of the spatial distribution of surface temperature, of the form of precipitation (snow, sleet, rain), of the depth of fresh snow, the height of the snow line and the freezing level. Moreover, the system is already prepared for the integration of the output of snowpack models.



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Bucharest, Romania 26 - 30 November 2007

Provisional timetable									
	Monday 26 November	Tuesday 27 November	Wednesday 28 November	Thursday 29 November	Friday 30 November				
9.00 _ 10.00	FORMAL OPENING AND ORGANIZATIONAL ASPETCTS (Ion DRĂGHICI) (Ion POIANĂ)	METEOSAT-9 SATELLITE IMAGES: RGB COMPOSITES (Simona OANCEA)	NOWCASTING (Aurora STAN-SION)	SNOW FORECASTING (Narcisa MILIAN)	FIRES NOWCASTING (Roger DESLANDES)				
10.00 - 10.30 Coffee brake									
10.30 - 11.30	OVERVIEW Action Plan (Aurora STAN-SION)	RADAR AND NOWCASTING (Roger DESLANDES)	NOWCASTING (Aurora STAN-SION)	SNOW FORECASTING (Cristi Flueraru)	FIRES NOWCASTING (Roger DESLANDES)				

11.30 12.30	WATER VAPOUR IMAGERY (Christo GEORGIEV)	RADAR AND NOWCASTING (Roger DESLANDES)	RADAR AND NOWCASTING (Roger DESLANDES)	SNOW FORECASTING (Gerard Spreitzhofer)	Action Plan (Aurora STAN-SION) (Roger DESLANDES)				
12. 30 - 1. 45 Lunch									
1.45 _ 2.45	WATER VAPOUR IMAGERY (Christo GEORGIEV)	RADAR AND NOWCASTING (Roger DESLANDES)	RADAR AND NOWCASTING (Roger DESLANDES, Aurora STAN-SION)	<u>Visit to National</u> <u>Meteorological</u> <u>Administration</u>	CLOSING Ion POIANA Aurora STAN-SION				
2. 45 - 3. 00 Coffee brake									
3.00 5.00	WATER VAPOUR IMAGERY (Christo GEORGIEV)	RADAR AND NOWCASTING (Roger DESLANDES)	RADAR AND NOWCASTING (Roger DESLANDES,	SIMIN PROJECT (Sorin BURCEA)	Visit to BUCHAREST				
	Ice Breaker		(Aurora STAN-SION)	(Bogdan Antonescu) Dinner offer by NMA					