



The forecast system in Kazakh National Hydrometeorological Center

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Our location



Kazakhstan is the world's largest landlocked country, and the ninth largest in the world, with an area of 2,724,900 square kilometres.

Kazakhstan has an 'extreme' continental climate, with warm summers and very cold winters. Air temperature reaches minus 45 degrees Celsius in winter in the northern regions of the country and up to plus 45 degrees in summer in the southern regions of the country.

Indeed, Astana is the second coldest capital city in the world after Ulaanbaatar. Precipitation varies between arid and semi-arid conditions, the winter being particularly dry.

www.kazhydromet.kz

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The Hydrometeorological Service of Kazakhstan was funded in January 1922. For today it is a large scientific and manufacturing enterprise of the Ministry of Energy.

For today RSE "Kazhydromet" includes 15 branches in each region of the Republic of Kazakhstan and in cities Almaty and Astana, where more than 3.5 thousand people work.



Goals and Objectives of Kazhydromet

The main purpose of Kazhydromet is to provide information on weather, climate and environment, hazard and disaster meteorological, agrometeorological, hydrological phenomena and extremely high levels of pollution, provision of estimates and projections of quantity also the quality of water resources.

The main objectives of Kazhydromet:

- **1.** Development and preparation of all types of meteorological forecasts;
- 2. Systematic meteorological observations and environmental monitoring;
- **3.** Warnings about the possibility of extreme weather events;
- 4. Keeping the Republican fund data for Hydrometeorology and environmental pollution;
- 5. Hydrometeorological support industries of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

Monitoring of the Hydrometeorology and Environment

Monitoring is carried out on 328 meteorological stations, 83 of them has an international status and included in the global network **307 hydrological posts 88 agrometeorological posts** 9 aerological stations **12 meteoposts** 2 stations of snow avalanche **26** stations located in difficult areas **25 stations by snow routes** 142 stations of air quality **105 water bodies of water quality 39 cities provides monitoring of soil contamination 85 stations of radiation exposure** 46 stations of the chemical composition of precipitation **39** stations of the chemical composition of snow cover The 1st radar MARS has been installed in 2013 in Taraz, southern Kazakhstan.









Radar positioning scheme



Recently, Kazhydromet purchased two more radars and in the next five years it is planned to cover the whole territory of the republic.

Consumers of the hydrometeorological information



The basic consumers of hydrometeorological production are the Public authorities, Power industry, Agriculture, Oil and gas complex, Sailing charter, Air and road transport, Water supply and construction, Ecology and teurism, Population, Mass media

Main products manufactured by the RSE "Kazhydromet", which is transmitted

- > Storm warnings as they occur
- Weather forecast for 24-168 hours
 for 10 days
 - for month and season

уктивной влаги в почве гории Казахстана по данны Казгилиомета) последнего

- > bulletin of the daily hydrometeorological forecast
- \succ bulletin of the snow avalanche forecast
- \succ bulletin of the flood
- \succ weekly bulletins on the Caspian Sea
- \succ monthly ecological bulletin
- ≻ agrometeorological bulletin

БЮ.І.ТЕТЕНЬ ПОГОДЫ

- > agrometeorological forecasts for 10 days
- \succ annual reports

Ministries of Kazakhstan Goverment Administration

Committee of Emergency

Administration of the

President of Kazakhstan

- Mass media: TV, radio, magazin etc
- Center for collecting and processing information, Almaty
- All regional branches Kazhydromet

Organization of short and medium range prediction



- Observation data:
- Ground stations



Synoptic charts:

 (Kazhydromet, Roshydromet)



- ► Satellite data:
- Eumetsat (EC)
- CMACast (China)
- SRC "Planet" (Russia)



- Forecast charts of ECMWF (EC):
- Short range
- Medium range
- Extended range
- Seasonal forecast



➢Forecast charts of adapted WRF-Kazhydromet:

Short rangeMedium range

Forecaster issues weather forecasts based on above mentioned data and charts

CRITERIA OF HAZARDOUS AND NATURAL DISASTER HYDROMETEOROLOGICAL PHENOMENA

		Hazard	criteria	Criteria of disaster natural phenomena			
		Intensity	Duration, hour	Intensity	Duration, hour		
1	Precipitation, mm •Snow •Rain, wet snow •Rain in mod-prone areas	7-19 15-49 15-29	≤12 ≤12 ≤12	≥20 ≥50 ≥30	≤12 ≤12 ≤12		
2	Wind, squall, tornado, maximum speed, m/s	15-29	any	≥30	any		
3	Snowstorm (bizzard), including low, prevailing wind speed, m/s. Visibility, m	≥15	<12	≥15	≥12		
4	Duststorms, prevailing wind speed, m/s Visibility, m	≥15 any	<12	≥15 ≤500	≥12		
5	Fog, visibility, m	≤500	any	≤100	≥6		
6	Ice-freezingphenomena,diameter, mm-•Ice-•Snow deposits-•frost-	1-19 - ≥30	any - any	≥20 ≥35 -	any any -		
7	Frost, in the air or on the soil surface during the growing season	<0	any	<0	any		
8	Hail, diameter, mm	1-19	any	≥20	any		
9	Thunderstorm	any	-	-	-		

DEVELOPMENT AND TRANSFER OF STORM WARNINGS

According to the guidance of weather forecast service of RSE "Kazhydromet", if we expect a phenomenon that will reach the criteria of hazardous phenomena or natural disaster hydrometeorological phenomena, as well as dramatic changes in weather (decrease or increase in air temperature by 10 degrees or more), we make a storm warning. Then we send it by e-mail and fax to all state bodies, first of all to the Committee of Emergency.



This is the part of the scheme we are transmitting

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The Committee of Emergency in turn notifies the population of the republic by sending message 112 to cell phones:

14:41

16:34

среда, Сегодня

08.11.18zh. Astana k. 20 m/

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We also closely cooperates with the Ministry of Education for the abolition of classes in schools and universities.

We also place a storm warning on the official website of Kazhydromet:



We notify the population on various TV channels in the news and various programs



Meteoalert system



The meteoalert system was developed by Europeans. It was introduced in Kazakhstan as part of the project "Predicting severe weather in Central Asia". All Central Asian countries have a Meteolert system. World Bank supports us.

The degree of intensity of the hazardous phenomenon is also indicated by different colors. Green means no danger is expected. Yellow and orange colors indicate the possibility of a hazardous phenomenon in a given area, and red indicates a natural disaster phenomenon.

All possible phenomena are indicated by conventional signs.

Consequences of strong wind, rain and snow in Kazakhstan:



All work related to damage reduction and restoration is performed by the committee of Emergency.

Both of these cases occurred in Astana this year in summer as a result of heavy rain and increased winds.

1. During the day, 30 mm of rain fell. This was due to the cyclone shifted from the districts of Moscow. 2. Gust up to 35 m/s (squall) was caused by the invasion of cold air masses in the daytime, at about one o'clock when the air temperature was 23 degrees above zero. The invasion of arctic cold air masses caused squall, hail, heavy rain and a sharp drop in air temperature by 10 degrees.

The number of dangerous weather phenomena is about 150 cases per year, and about 50 natural disasters.

We receive storm warnings from Novosibirsk (Russia), we exchange data on storm warnings with Azerbaijan, Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan.



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

RAHMET

