

**Meteorological Service for
Disaster Prevention and Mitigation
in Yangtze and Huaihe River Basin**

Hu Wen

Anhui Meteorological Bureau

Sep.25, 2009



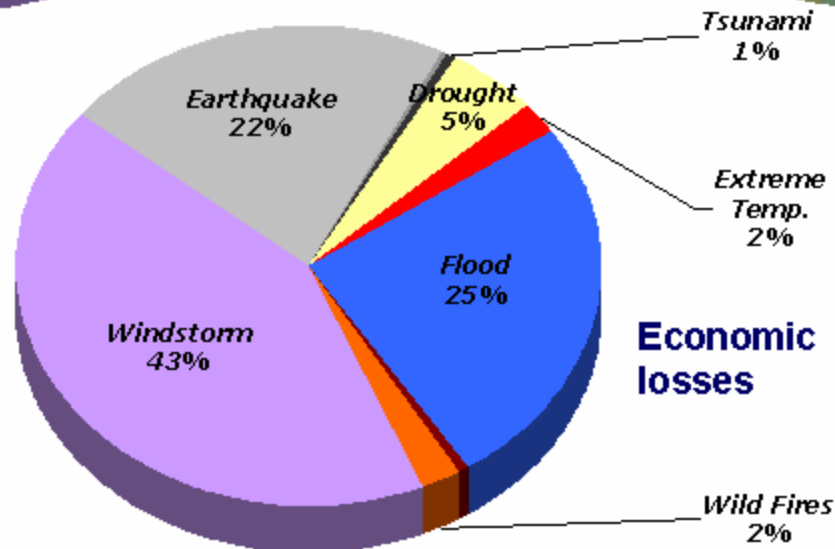
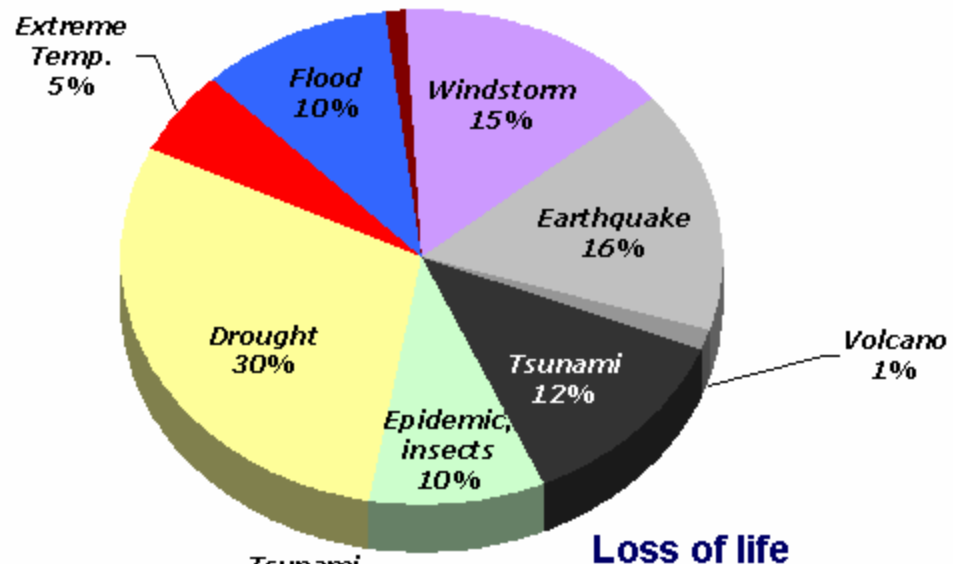
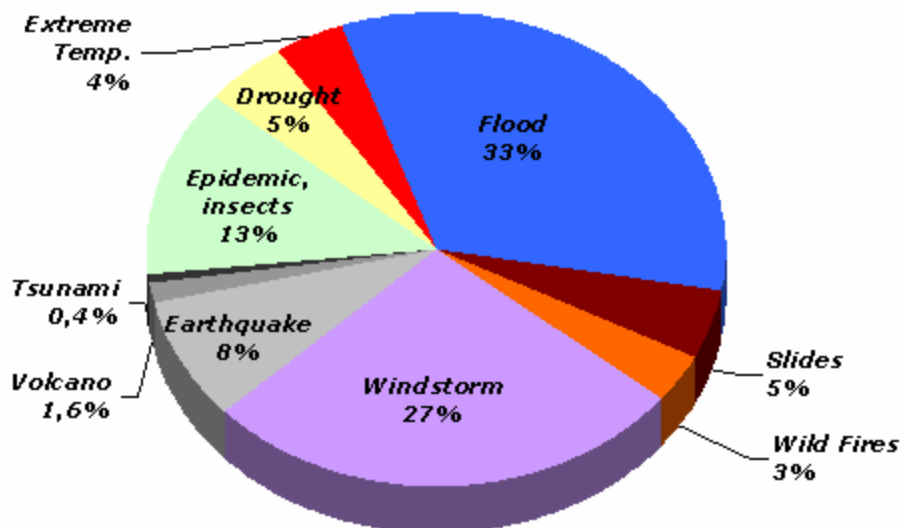
Every year, disasters related to meteorological, hydrological and climate hazards cause significant loss of life, and set back economic and social development by years, if not decades. Between 1980 and 2005, nearly 7500 natural disasters worldwide took the lives of over 2 million people and produced economic losses estimated at over 1.2 trillion US dollars.





Of this, 90 per cent of the natural disasters, 72.5 per cent of casualties and 75 per cent of economic losses were caused by weather-, climate- water-related hazards such as droughts, floods, windstorms, tropical cyclones, storm surges, extreme temperatures, land slides and wild fires, or by health epidemics and insect infestations directly linked to meteorological and hydrological conditions






Source: EM-DAT:
The OFDA/CRED
International
Disaster Database -
www.em-dat.net -
Université
Catholique de
Louvain - Brussels -
Belgiumc



Outline

- ▶ **Background Information**
 - ▶ **Service for Disaster Prevention and Mitigation**
 - ▶ **Future plans**
- 



▶ **Brief Introduction of Anhui Province**



Brief Introduction of Anhui Province

Map of China

Locations of provinces,
autonomous regions
and municipalities.



Basic information:

Anhui Province is an inland province located in the southeast of China.

Area: 139,000 Km²

Population: 60 million

Capital : Hefei




Brief Introduction of Anhui Province

Topography:

The *Yangtze River* and the *Huaihe River* flow through the province and divide it into three parts: Huaibei, Jianghuai, and Jiangnan.


The topography of the three regions is different. *Huaibei* is flat. *Jianghuai* is a hilly area. *Jiangnan* is mostly covered with mountains.





Brief Introduction of Anhui Province


Climate:

- ▶ Located in the transition region of the warm-temperate zone and subtropical zone, the climate of Anhui is warm and humid with distinctive seasons.
 - ▶ Because of its typical climate representative of the East Asian Monsoon, the province's annual rainfall differs greatly and its weather is very changeful, with frequent drought and flood disasters.
- 



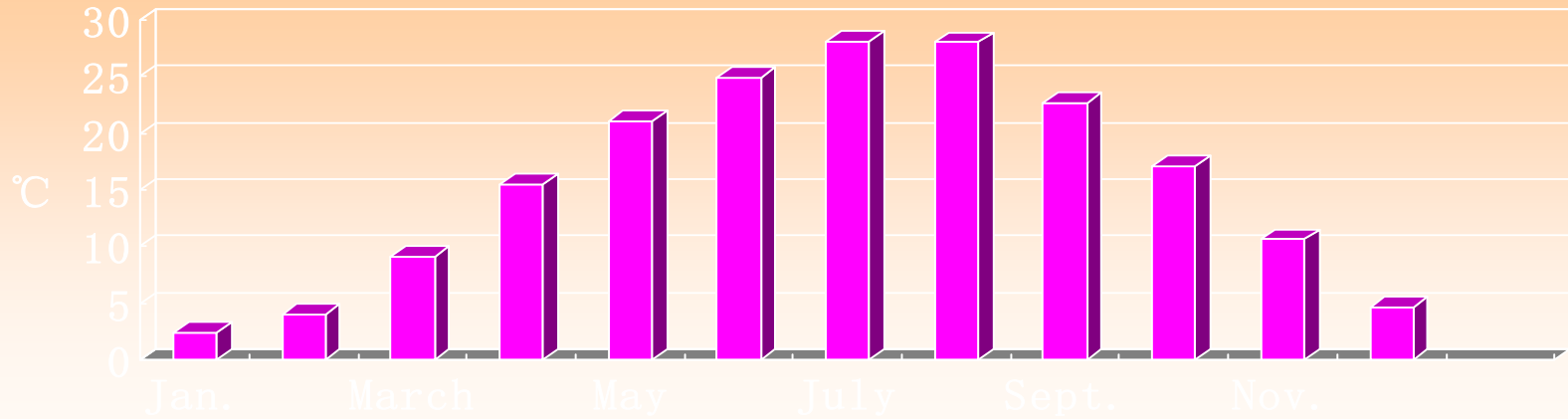
Brief Introduction of Anhui Province

Climate:

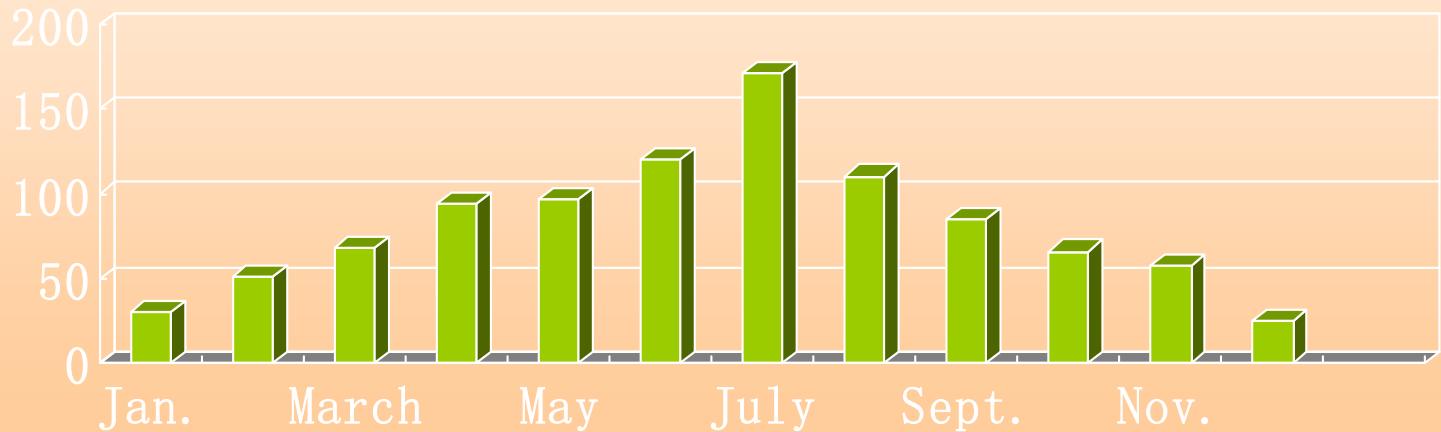
- ▶ The annual average temperature of Anhui is between 14° C to 17° C. The average annual sunshine hours are 1,800-2,500. The average frost-free period is 200 to 250 days. The annual average rainfalls are 800 to 1,800 millimeters.
- 

Annual Temperature and Precipitation

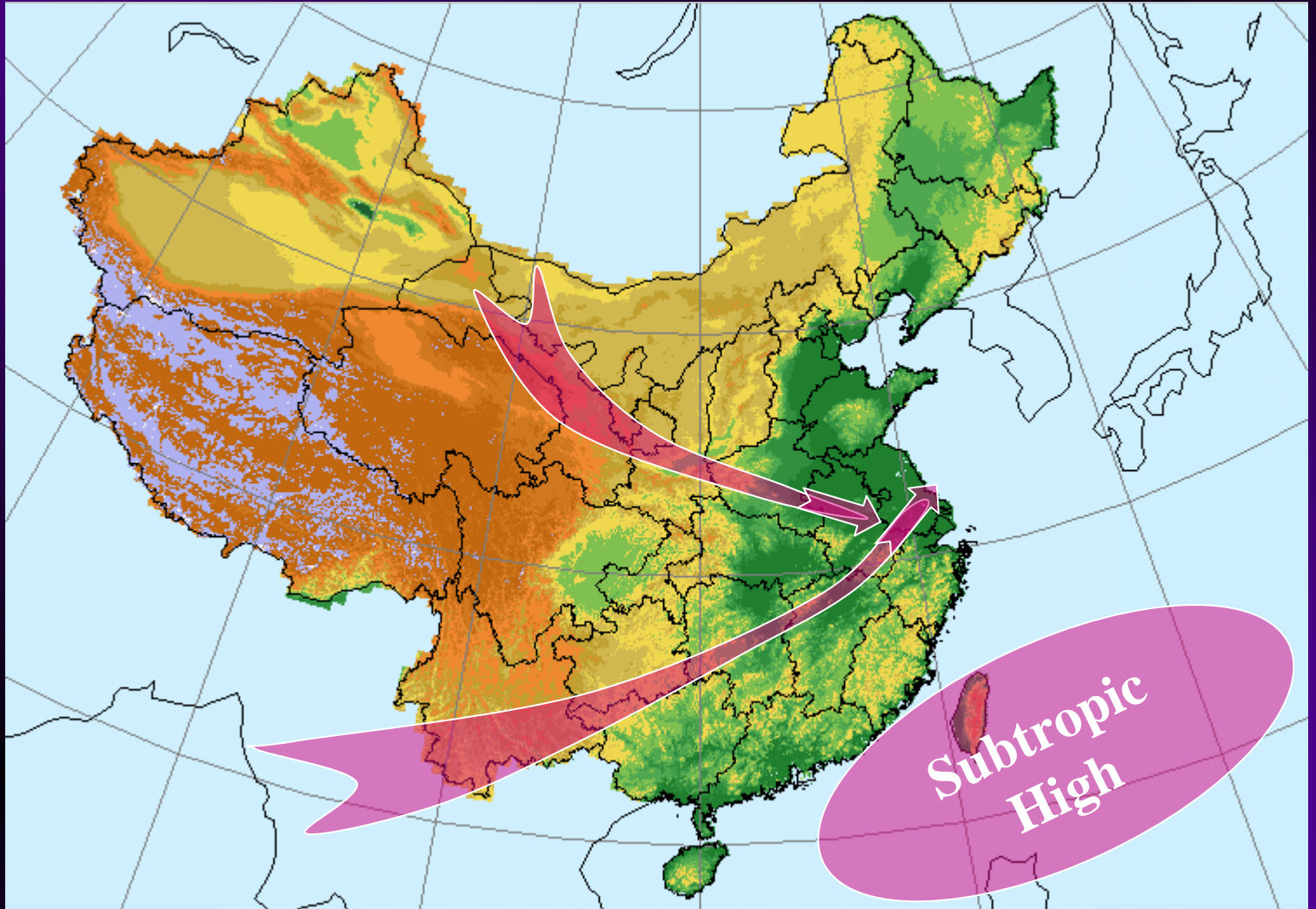
Temperature



Precipitation (mm)




Climatic Characteristic in Flood Season





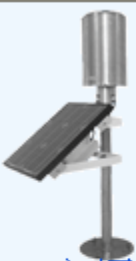
Main Meteorological Disasters in Anhui

- Rainstorm
 - Floods
 - Drought
 - Strong winds
 - Thunderstorm
and Lightning
 - Typhoons
 - High
temperature
 - Hailstones
- 



The increasingly extreme weather events are challenging meteorologists in Anhui, in China and all over the world.





黄山市

(自动站) 2006年5月8日08时 ~ 2006年5月9日08时 雨量: 225.8



站号: 58531
经度: 118.31570
纬度: 29.71290

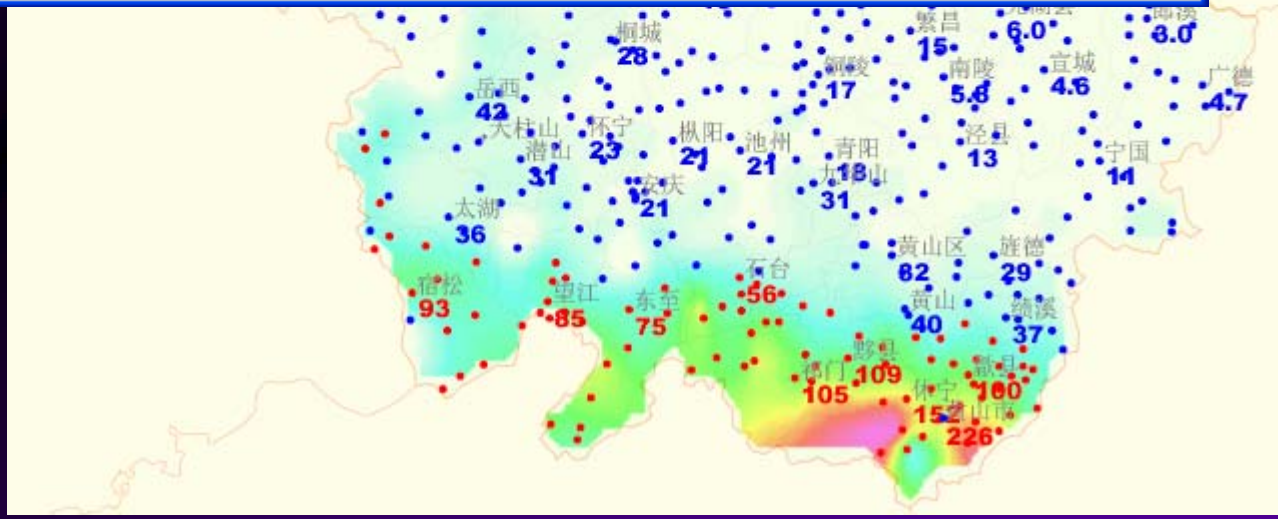
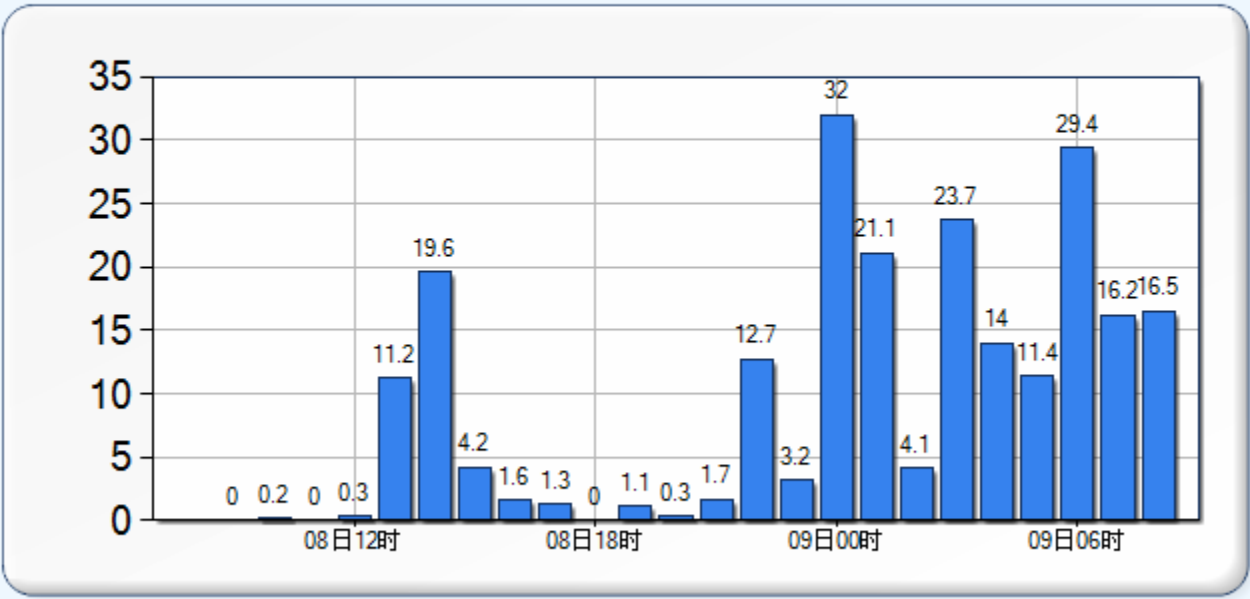
实时雨量查询:

今 00时 ~ 今 14时
查询

历史雨量查询:

2006-05-08 08 时至
2006-05-09 08 时
查询

详细数据



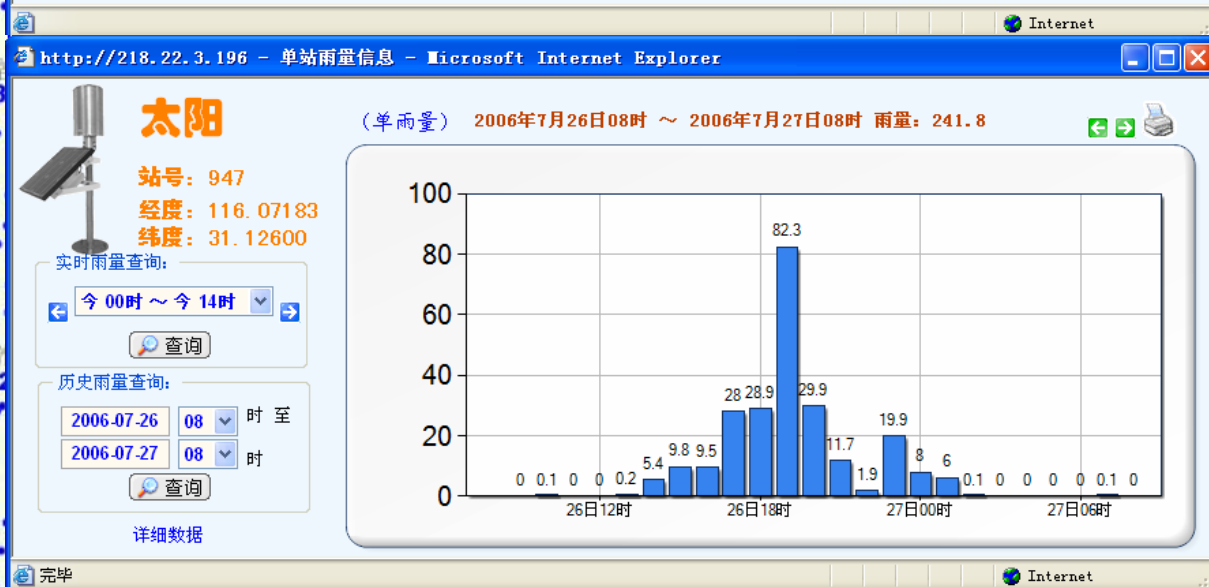
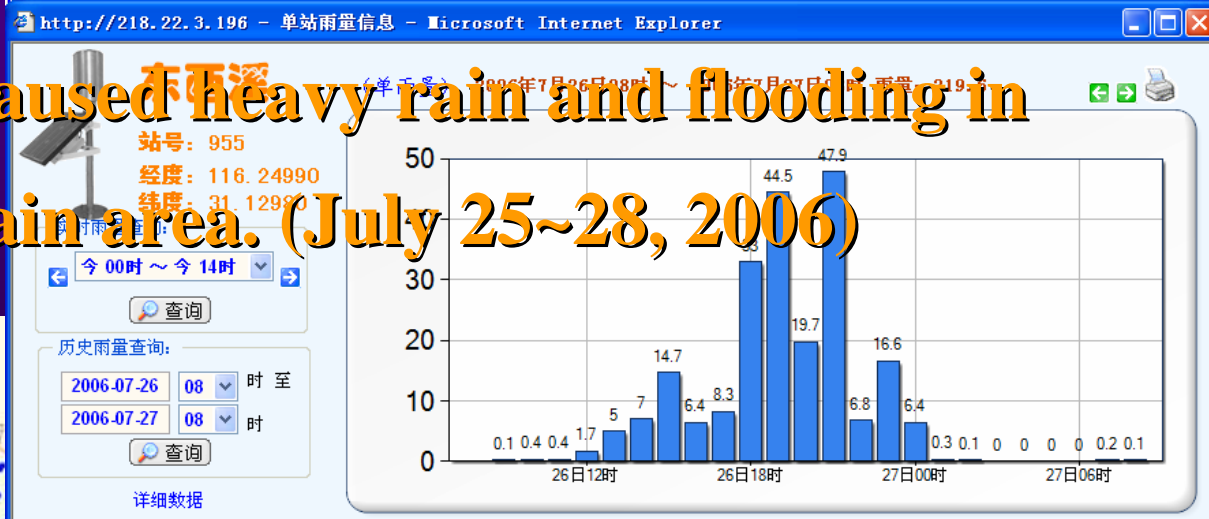
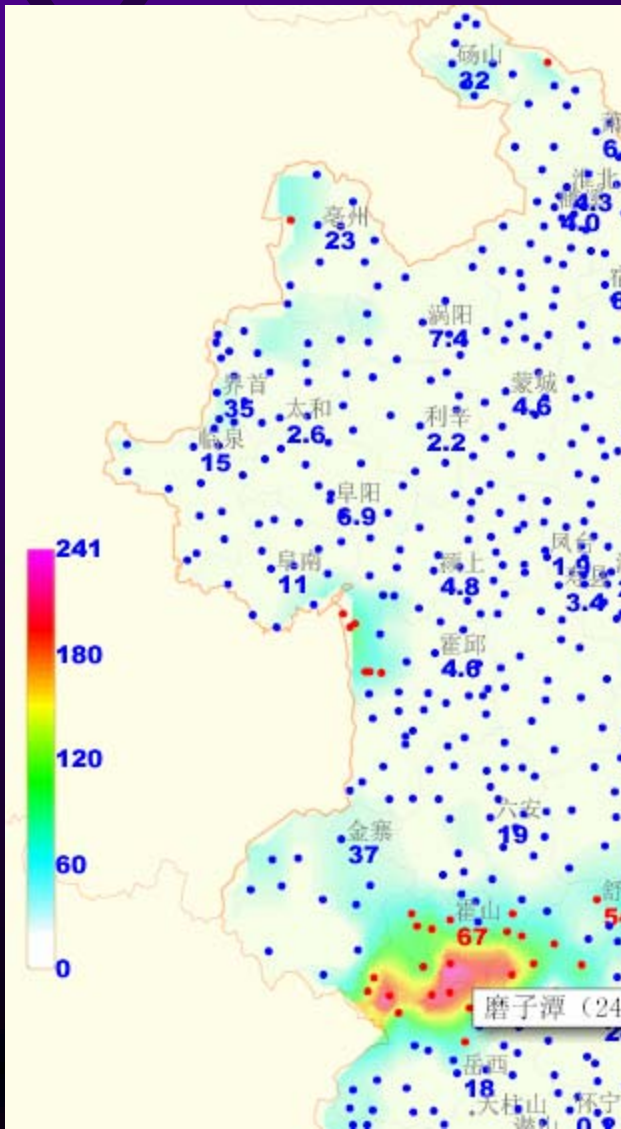


Mid June, 2005

Hailstones hit North Anhui



Typhoon Kaemi caused heavy rain and flooding in Dabieshan mountain area. (July 25~28, 2006)

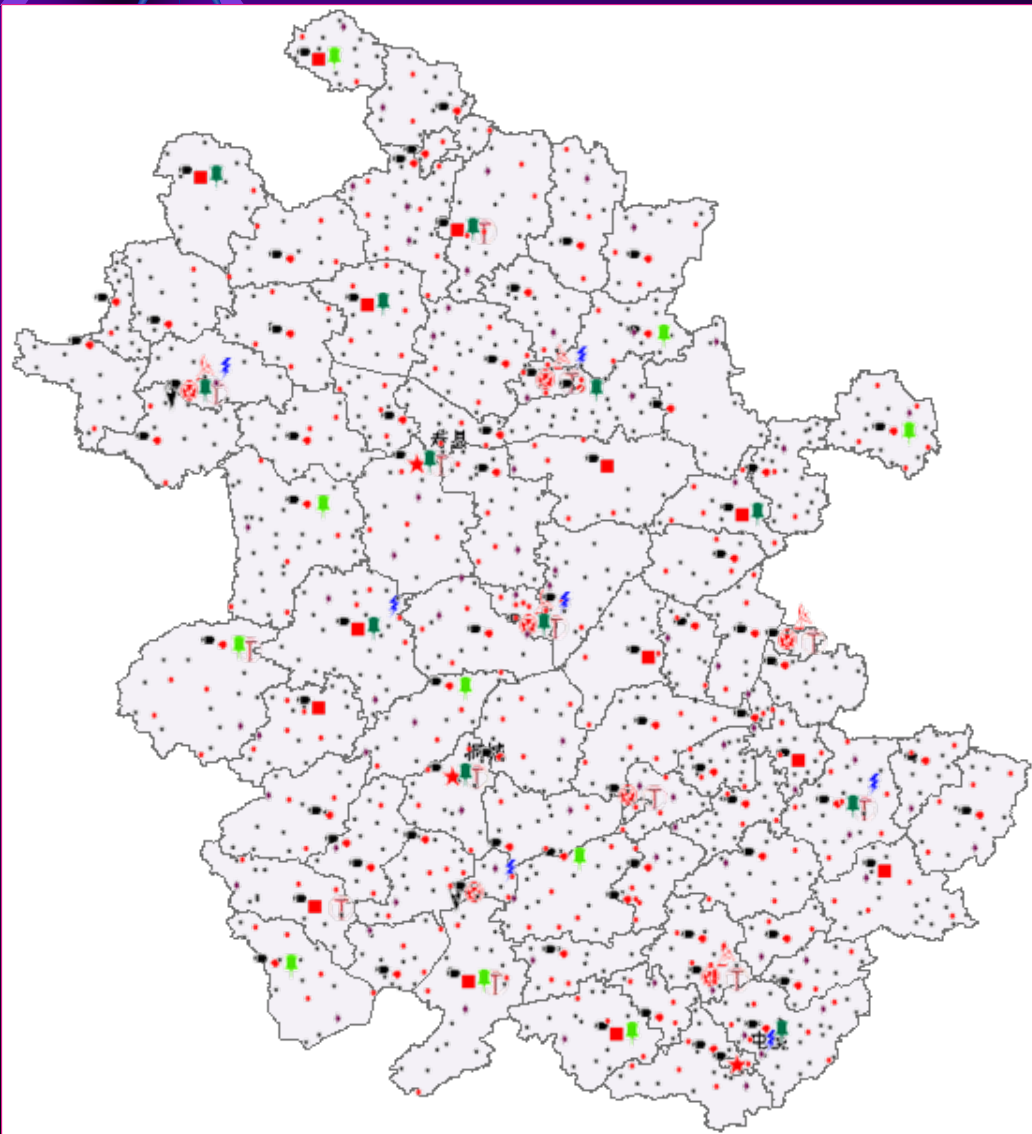




► **Meteorological Service for
Disaster Prevention and Mitigation**

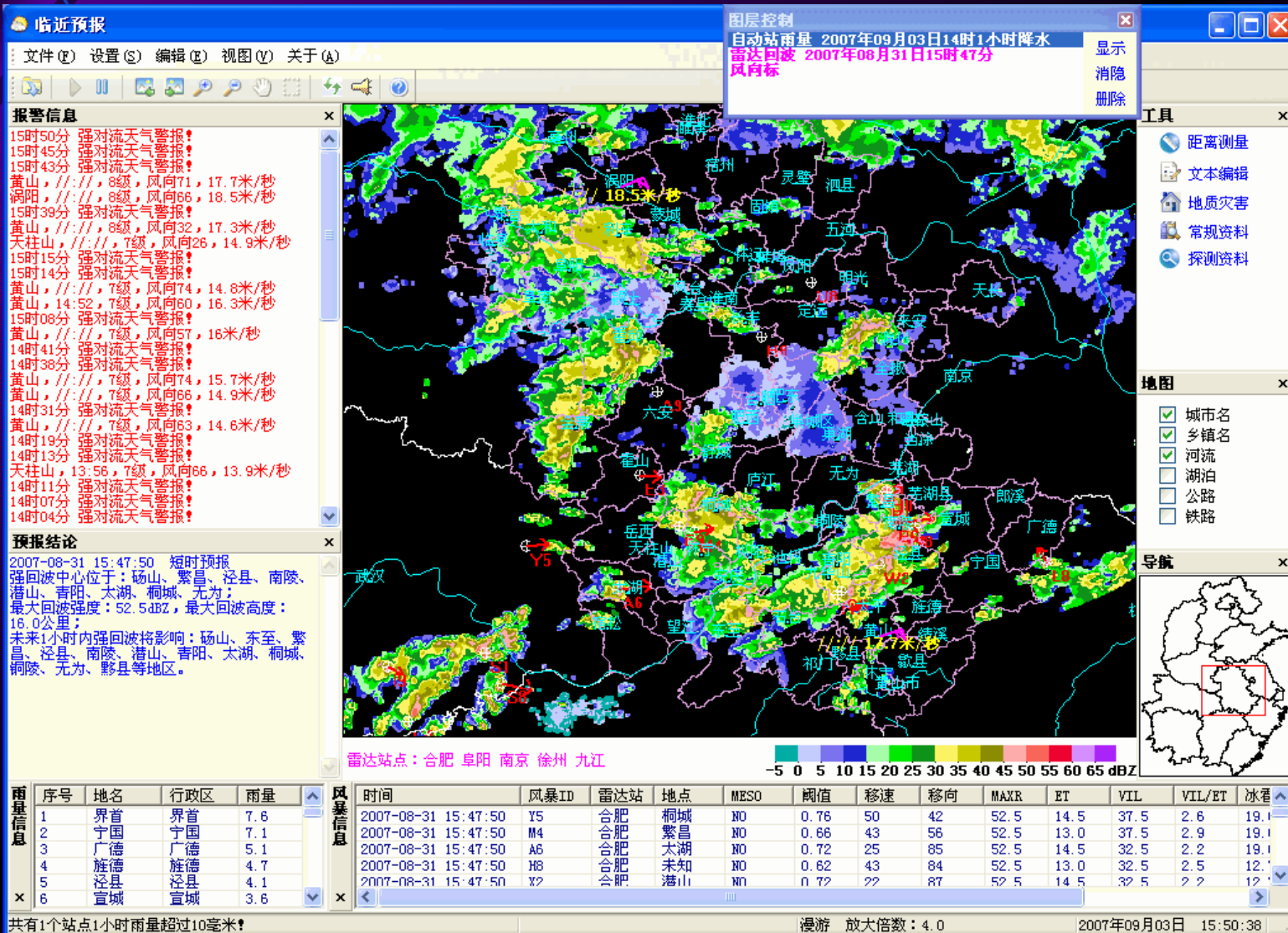


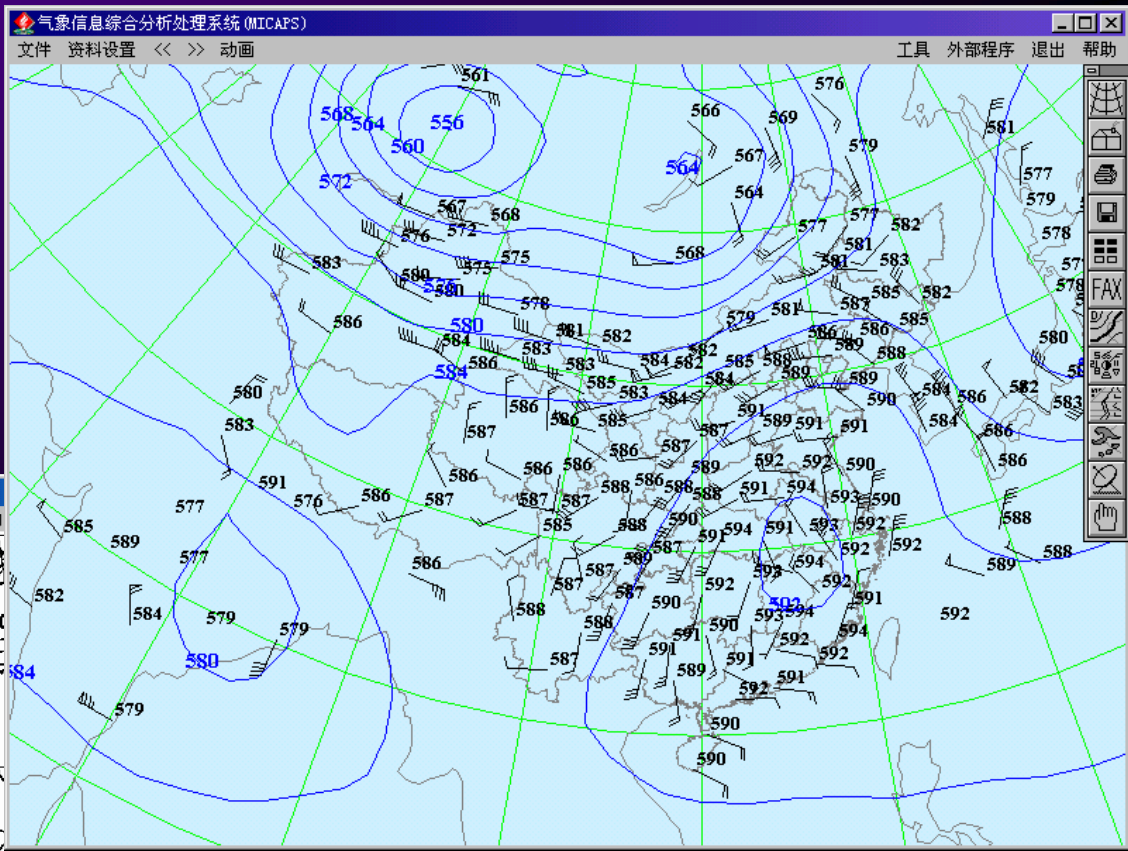
Observing Stations



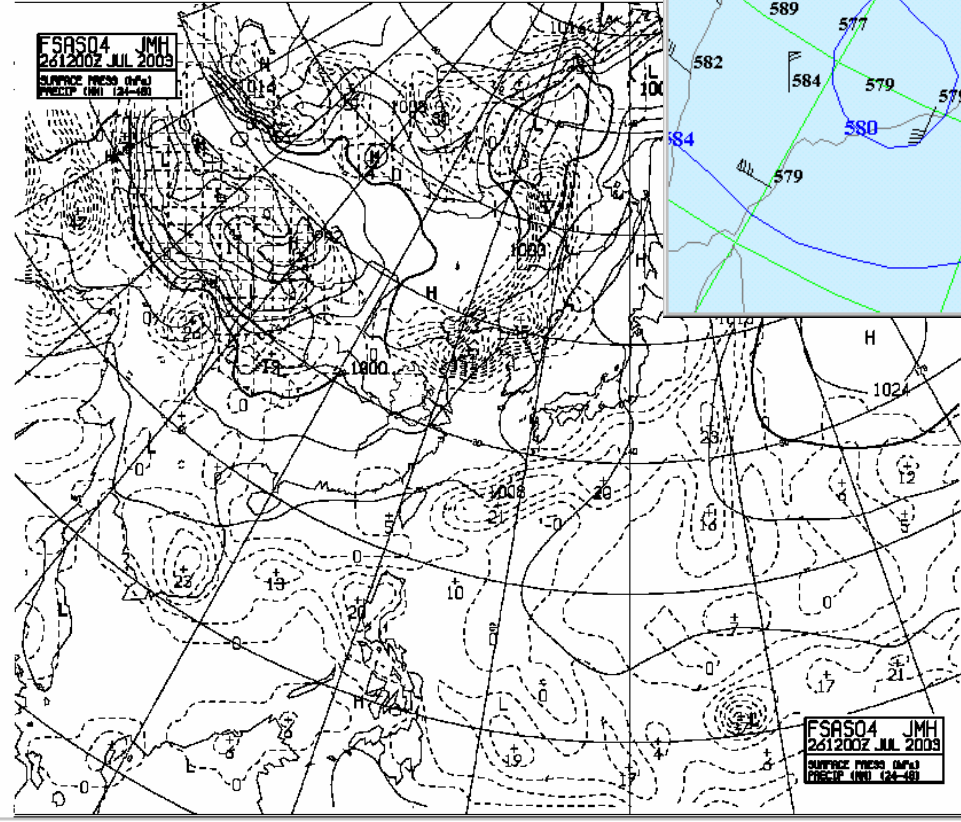
- ➔ National Reference Climatological Station: 3
- ➔ National Basic Meteorological Observing Station: 21
- ➔ Ordinary Meteorological Observing Station : 57
- ➔ CINRAD Radar Station: 5
- ➔ Upper-air Observing Station : 2
- ➔ Acid Rain Observing Station : 7
- ➔ Agricultural meteorological Station : 22
- ➔ Lightning Detection System : 7
- ➔ GPS/MET Station : 13
- ➔ Soil Moisture Monitoring Station: 87
- ➔ Automatic Weather Station : 326
- ➔ Automatic Rainfall Station : 816

Nowcasting System





传真图显示
文件(F) 日本短期(S) 日本中长期(M) 欧洲中心(E) 北京中心(B) 显示方式(V) 帮助



Prediction platform

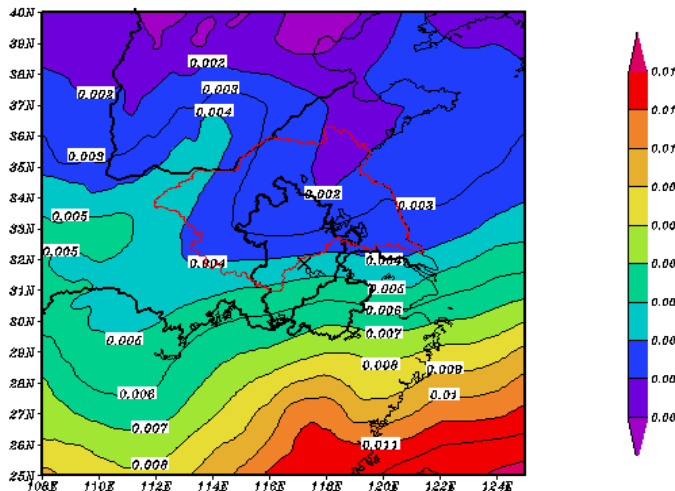


Numerical Weather Prediction (NWP) products

GRAPES

安徽省气象台grapes
 时效: 0小时
 温度: 等压面图(色标)

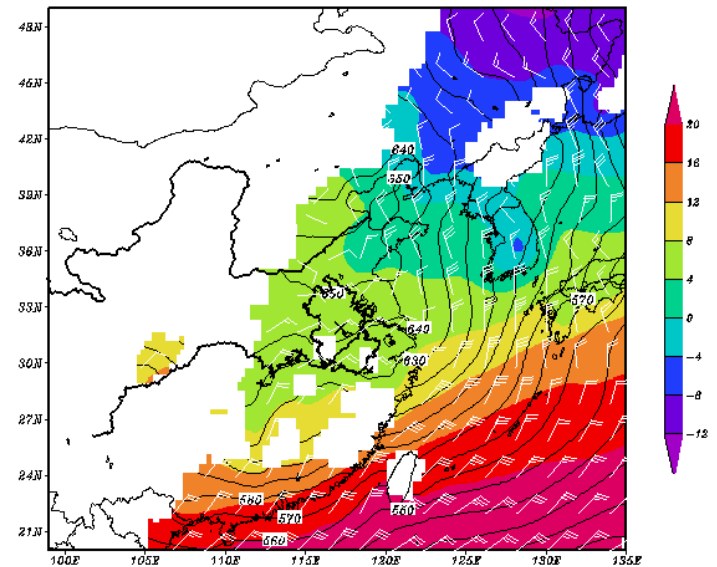
初始时间: 2005:11:14
 预报时间: 2005:11:14
 经度 108 125 纬度 25 40
 层次 925hPa
 层次 925hPa



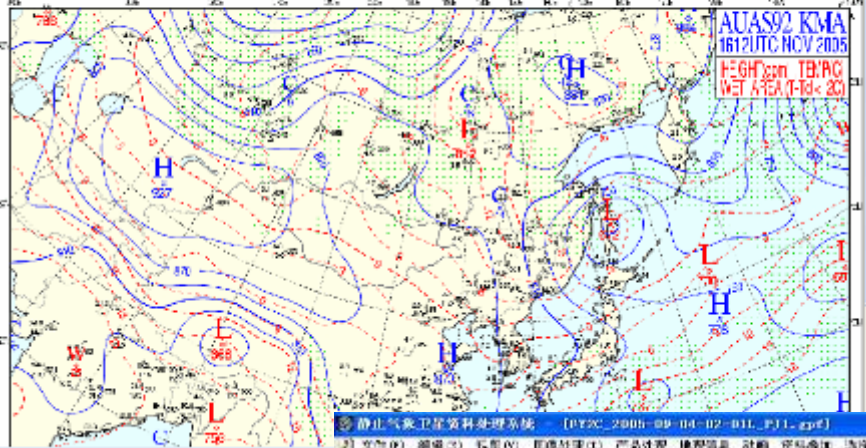
MM5

安徽省气象台mm5
 时效: 0小时
 温度: 色标
 等压面图 经度 99 135 纬度 20 49 层次 850hPa

初始时间: 2005:11:15:12
 预报时间: 2005:11:15:12
 风速: 风向杆
 高度: 等值线



12UTC 16 NOV 2005



安徽省多普勒雷达指界人工增雨防雹作业系统

Radar map showing precipitation intensity over a region. The map is color-coded to represent different levels of precipitation. A control panel on the right includes the following elements:

- 添加参考线 (Add reference line)
- 消去参考线 (Remove reference line)
- 动画 (Animation)
- 回放速度 (Playback speed)
- 时间: 08月4日 08时05分02秒
- 垂直积分液态水: 200公里
- 一个时延高: 200公里
- 回波顶高: 200公里
- 反射率-0.5dB: 200公里
- 反射率-1.5dB: 200公里
- 反射率-2.4dB: 200公里
- 20040803, 221128, 01, 19
- 20040803, 221646, 01, 19
- 20040803, 222204, 01, 19
- 20040803, 222721, 01, 19
- 20040803, 223308, 01, 19
- 20040803, 235359, 01, 19
- 20040804, 000502, 01, 19
- 半径: 230公里 距离: 151.653公里
- 角度: 85.657 强度: 0dbz
- 回波高度: 2169.0米
- 东经: 118度49分57秒 北纬: 31度57分51秒

静止气象卫星资料处理系统 [EY2C_2005-09-04-10-01_EY21.apr]

红外1

EY2C 2005-09-04-10-01 北京时

Satellite infrared image of a typhoon over the East China Sea. The image shows the cloud structure of the storm. A color scale legend is visible on the left, and a control panel is on the right.

颜色板

温度
2.00
10.00
15.00
20.00
25.00
30.00

控制板

- 打开文件
- 关闭所有地图
- 放大图像
- 放大地图文件
- 加栅格
- 灰度控制
- 等值线
- 保存图像
- 保存数据
- 设置
- 自定义常用功能



Weather Modification

Tasks:

artificial rain enhancement

hail suppression

Tools:

Flak, rocket or plane

Agents:

Silver iodide, Dry ice





Structure of Meteorological Services

- ▶ **Provincial services:**

 - Weather forecast center**
 - Climate center**

 - Thunder Prevention Center**

 - Weather Modification Office**

 - Public service Center**

 - Meteorological Center of Huaihe River Basin**

- ▶ **17 City level services**

- ▶ **62 County level services**





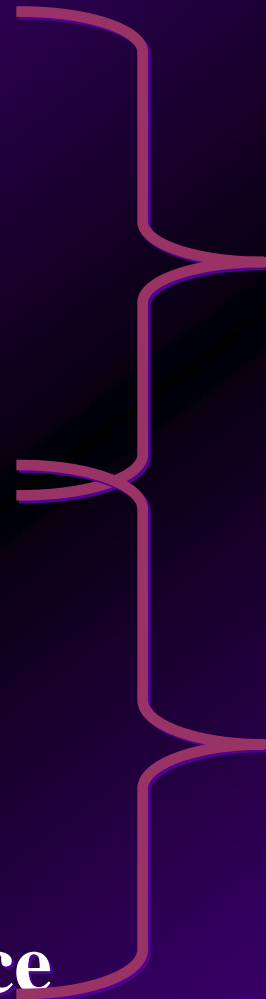
**decision making
service**

public service

**cost recovery service
and commercial service**

**unpaid welfare
service**

paid service





- ▶ **Decision-making service**
 - **Severe weather warning**
 - **Weather watch, report and forecast**
 - **Short range climate prediction**

Deliver means: internet, intranet, telephone, fax, bulletin and so on



Service Documents for Local Governments and Relevant Departments



短期气候预测

【2005年第26期】

安徽省气象台

签发：吴明文

安徽省2005年10月份气候简报

一、总形势

预计，安徽省2005年10月份降水量，沿淮淮北接近常年或略多，其它地区较常年略少。

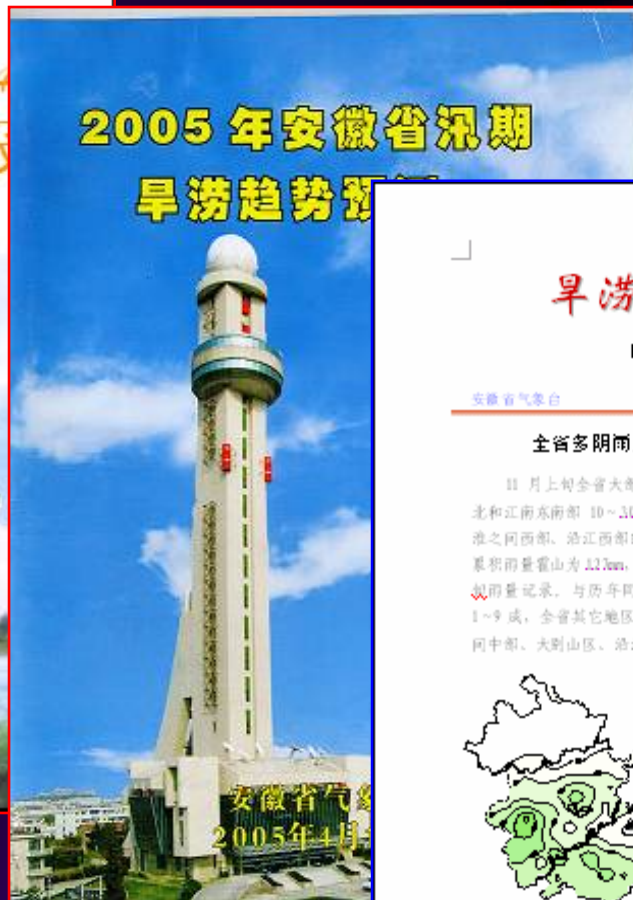
月平均气温全省大部分地区比常年略偏高，月极端最低气温淮北和本省山区6.0—8.0℃，其它地区8.0—10.0℃。

预计初霜淮北和山区出现在10月下旬后期，其它地区在11月上旬后期。

预计月内影响我省的主要冷空气过程有3次，大霜出现在10月上旬后期、中旬后期和下旬中期。

二、具体预报值

项目	月降水量(毫米)		
	预报值	平均值	距平值
淮北	50—70	59.7	2V
江淮之间	50—80	71.0	-0V
沿江	60—90	81.0	-11V
江南	60—90	87.0	-11V



旱涝监测公报

【2005】第26期

安徽省气象台

签发：吴明文

全省多阴雨天气 两部降水显著偏多

11月上旬全省大部分时间维持阴雨天气，总降水量沿淮淮北和江南东南部10~30mm，其它大部分地区超过50mm，其中江淮之间西部、沿江西部的高部地区雨量大于100mm，全省最大累积雨量霍山为223mm，同时也创下了该站有气象记录以来最大雨量记录。与历年同期相比，淮北大部和江南东南部偏少1~9成，全省其它地区偏多5成以上，主要多雨区位于江淮之间中部、大别山区、沿江西部和江南，偏多1~3倍不等。

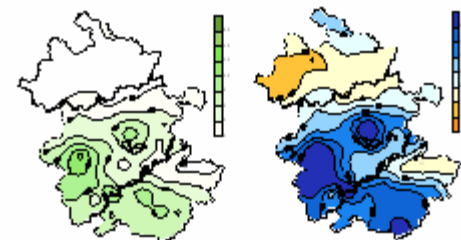
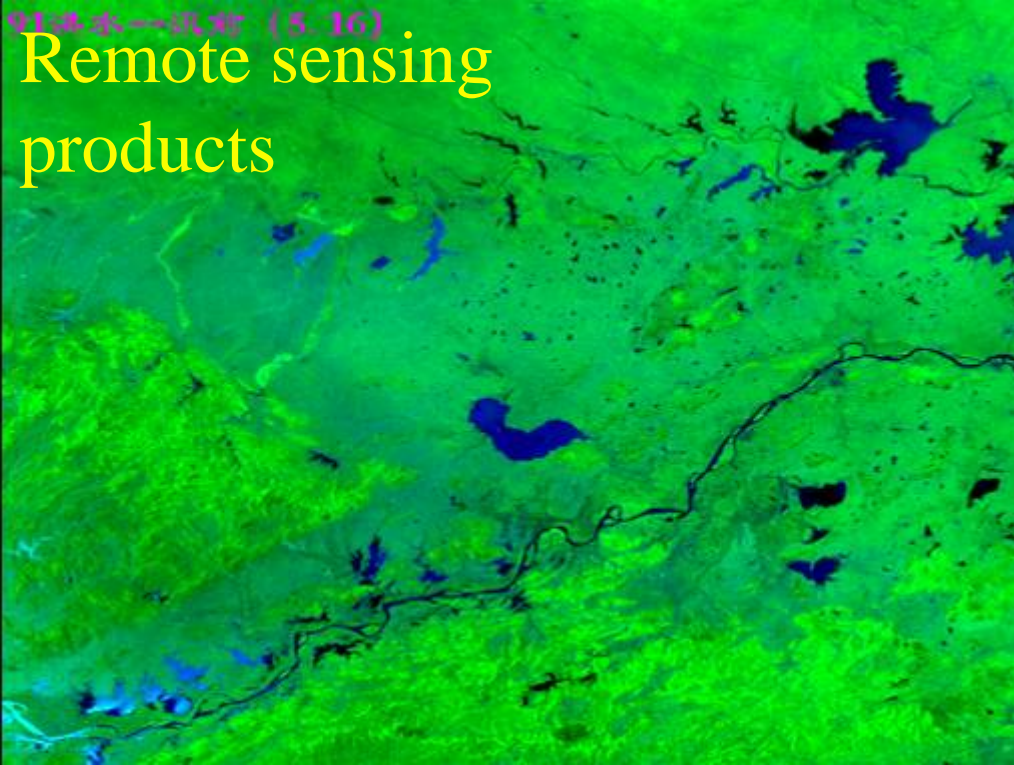


图1 安徽省2005年11月上旬降水量(mm)和距多年份差(%)

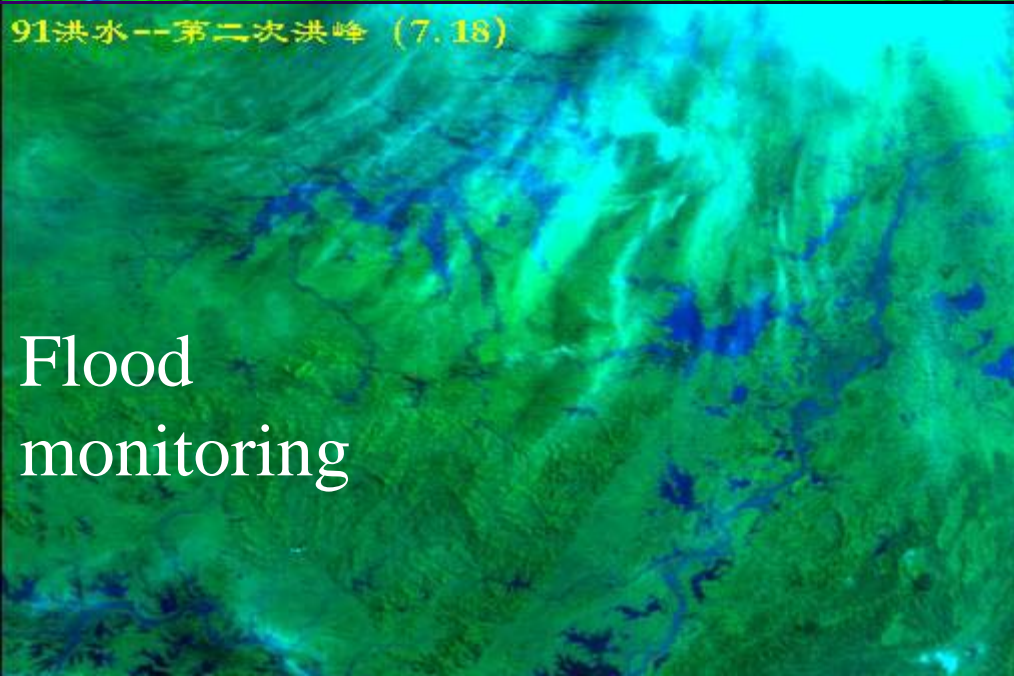
近1个月(10月11日~11月10日)的降水距平百分率分布图显示，除了江淮之间中部、大别山区、沿江西部和江南较

91洪水--汛期 (5.16)

Remote sensing products



91洪水--第二次洪峰 (7.18)



Flood monitoring

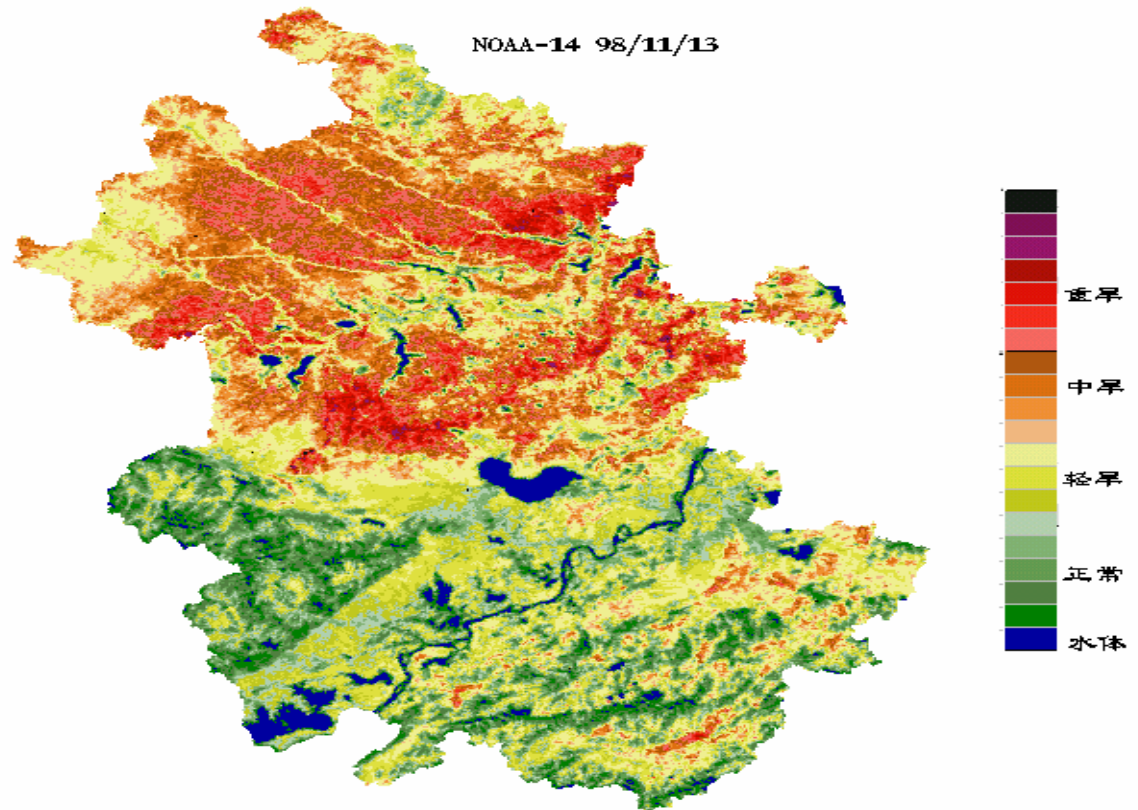




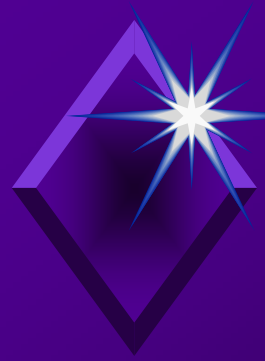
Remote sensing
products

Drought
monitoring

1998' 秋旱遥感监测影象图



安徽省卫星遥感中心制
1998. 11. 26



Movable Meteorological Station

for Emergency Service



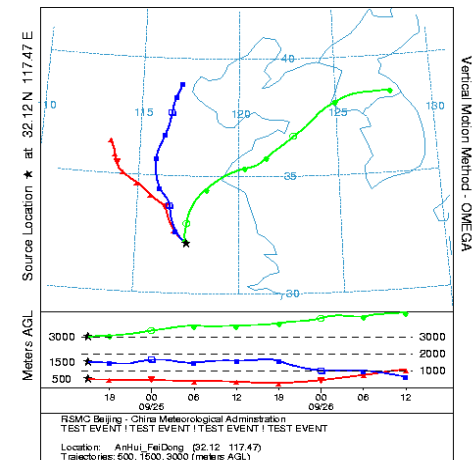
Service for CS₂ (carbon bisulfide) leak out accident processing

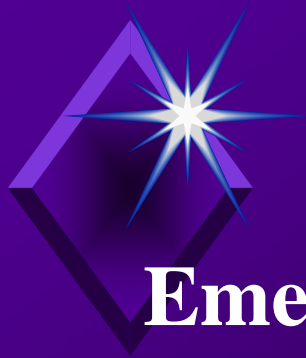


On-site
Monitoring

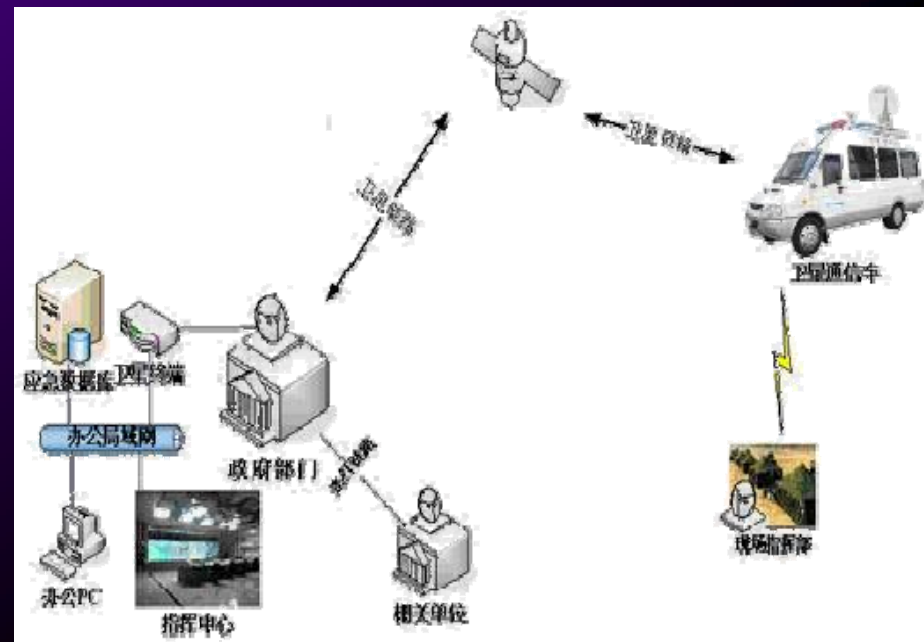
Poison gas diffusion path prediction

RSMC BEIJING - CHINA METEOROLOGICAL ADMINISTRATION
Forward trajectories starting at 15 UTC 24 Sep 04
12 UTC 23 Sep CMAG Forecast Initialization





Emergency Service Vehicle



Disaster information collection and report

On site investigation and influence evaluation

800-868-0121

800-868-9121



Meteorology disaster monitoring and evaluation report

气象灾害监测评估报告

沿淮淮北洪涝

- 近期两情分析
- 土壤墒情监测
- 秋涝遥感监测
- 秋涝灾害综合
- 灾害对农作物
- 天气趋势及农

安徽省气象局

2005

气象灾害监测评

安徽省暴雨、台风灾情监

- 近期两情分析
- 土壤墒情监测分析
- 秋涝遥感监测分析
- 农业灾害情况简述
- 灾害对农作物影响分析
- 天气趋势及农业生产对策

安徽省气象局 农业气象中心
卫星遥感中心

气象灾害监测评

安徽省“泰利”台风灾情监

- 两情分析
- 土壤墒情监测分析
- 遥感监测分析
- 农业灾害情况简述
- 灾害对农作物影响分析
- 天气趋势及农业生产对策建

安徽省气象局 农业气象中心
卫星遥感中心

气象灾害监测评估报告

安徽省秋季连阴雨灾害监测评估报告

- 两情分析
- 土壤墒情监测分析
- 遥感监测分析
- 连阴雨天气对农作物影响分析
- 天气趋势及农业生产对策建议

安徽省气象局 农业气象中心
卫星遥感中心

2005年10月11日

2005年9月7日



- ▶ **Public service**
 - **Severe weather warning**
 - **Short range weather forecast**
 - **Medium range weather forecast**

**Deliver means: newspaper, telephone, TV, radio
and Internet**





Severe weather warning

Promptly be added or inserted into other ongoing programs

台风



暴雨



高温



寒潮



大雾



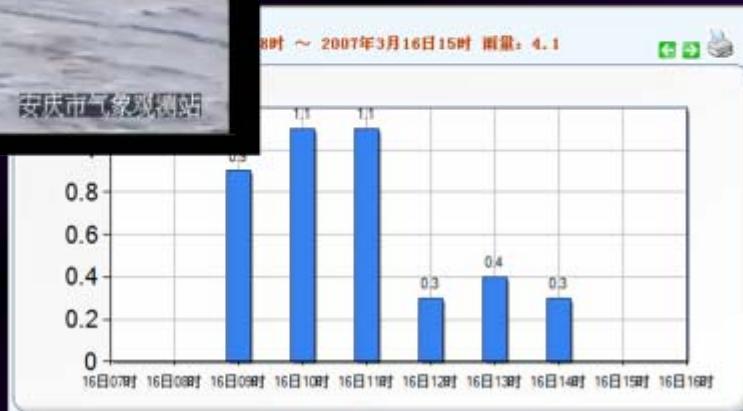
雷雨大风



On Site Visual Monitor



Fog

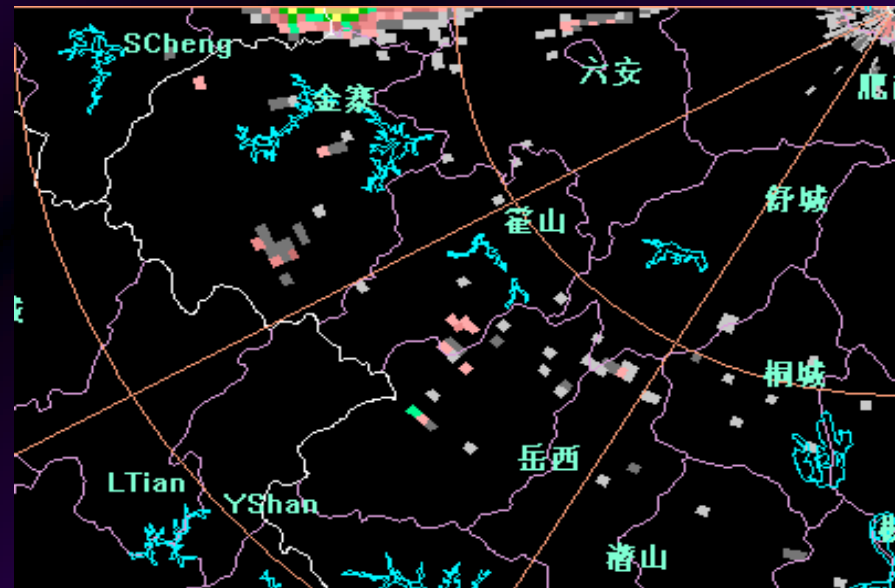
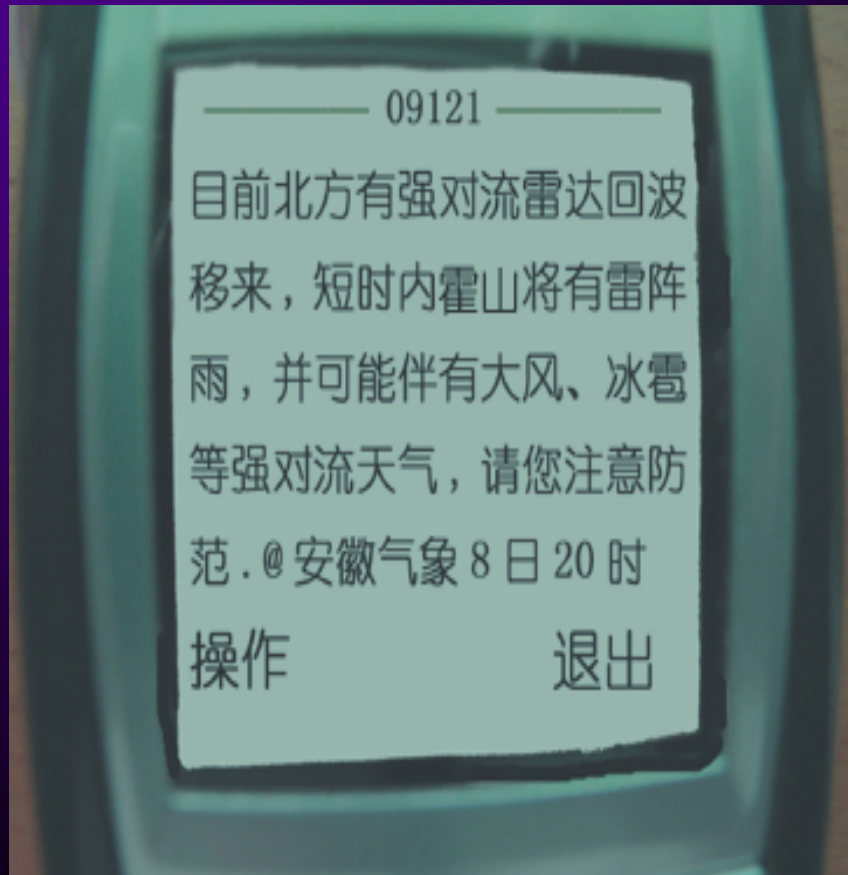


Heavy Rain

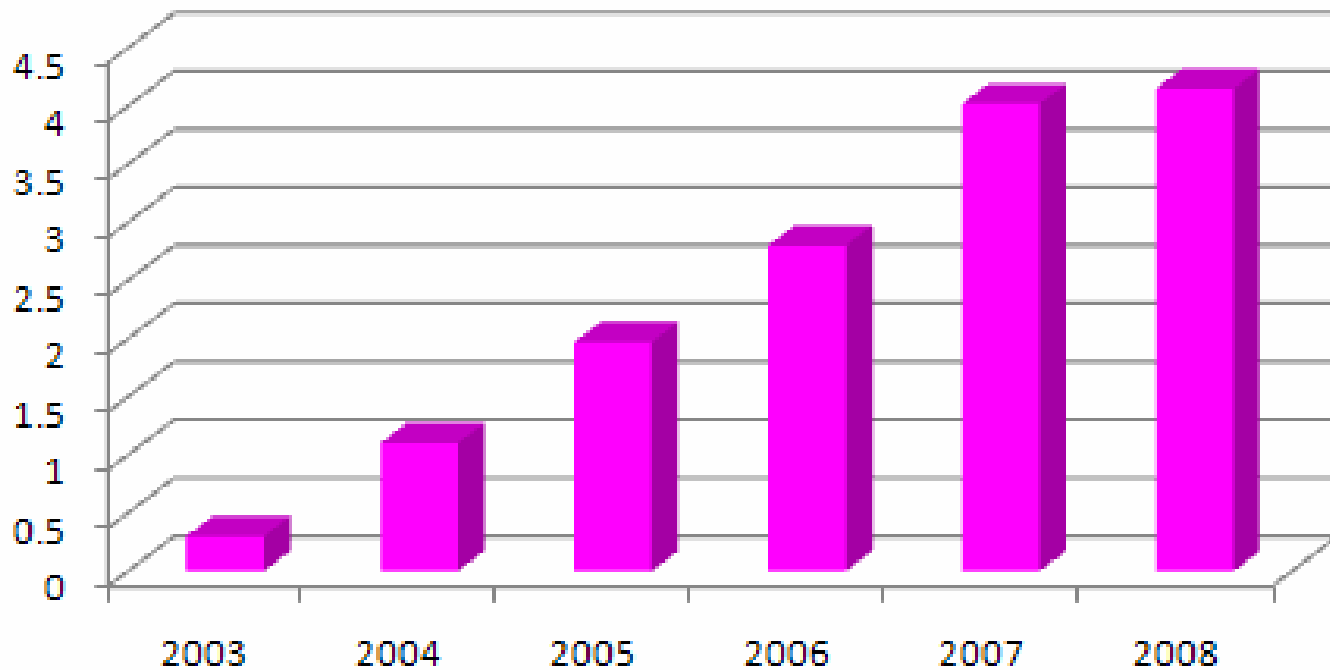




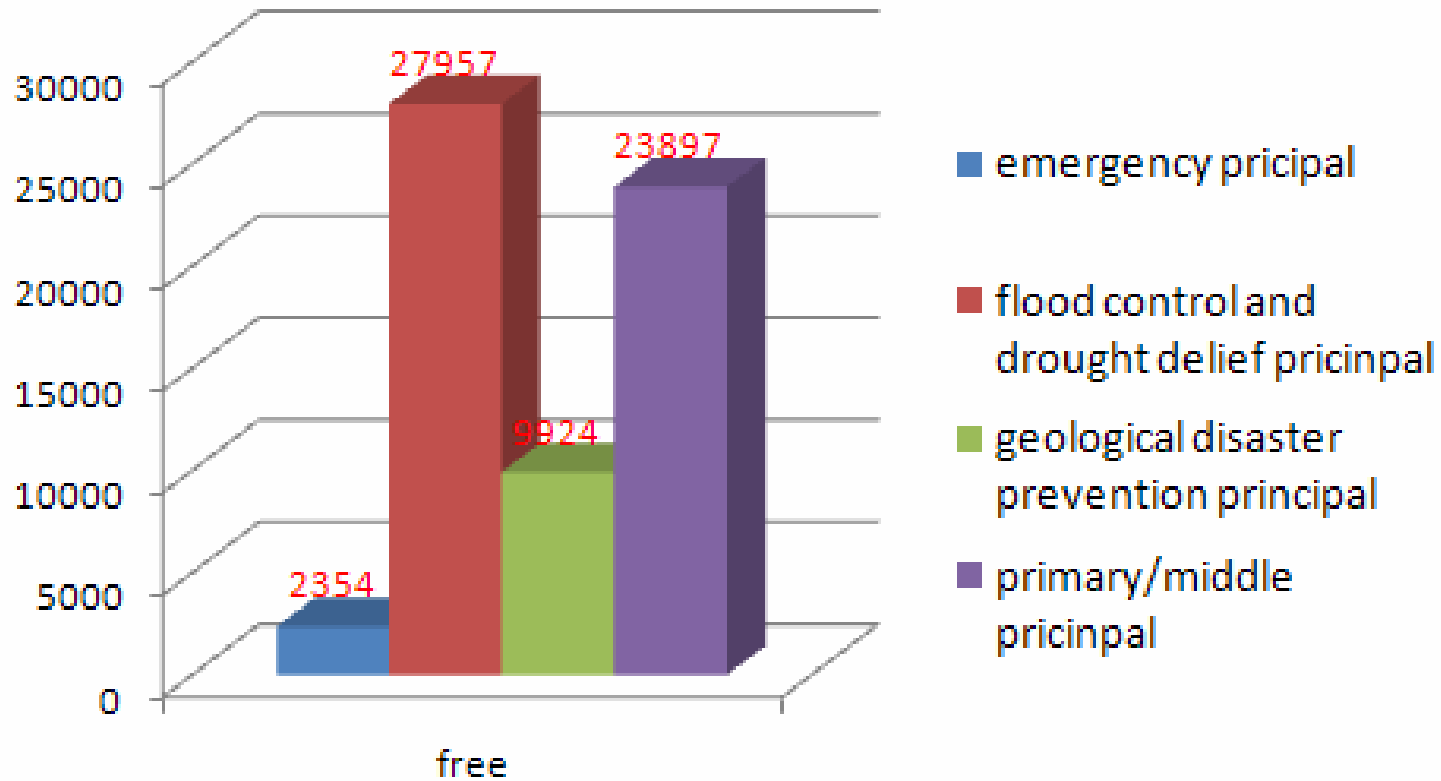
warning for hailstone process



numbers of customer(million)



◆ short message customers(total): 4.16 million



◆ short message customers(free): 60 thousands

Special designed mobile phone for extreme weather warning receiver





**Special designed radiogram
for extreme weather warning
receiver and broadcast**



09月26日天气：西北风2级，气温23
.5℃，相对湿度27%，降水量0.0毫米

**Special designed LED display for weather information
and extreme weather warning broadcast**





- ▶ **Commercial service**
 - **Severe weather warning**
 - **Medium range weather forecast**
 - **Short range climate prediction**

**Deliver means: telephone, TV, radio, fax and
Internet**



Special Telephone service

天通121语音查询系统 V6.7

语音信箱编辑 (M) 参数设置 (Q) 托费统计 (C) 查看 (V) 外线呼出 (T) 帮助 (H) 退出系统 (X)

01 ...

02 2657332 22 主欢迎语

03 ...

04 ...

05 ...

06 ...

07 ...

08 ...

09 ...

10 5312531 22 主欢迎语

11 ...

12 ...

13 ...

14 ...

15 ...

16 3526881 27 主欢迎语

17 ...

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52 ...

53 ...

54 ...

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56 ...

57 ...

58 ...

59 ...

60 ...

今日总接入数: 827

当前接入用户: 3

系统运行中...

VID=54 DTMF=57 MFC=57 系统已运行: 3天 / 16:24:23 (C)2004 安徽天通

开始 Timeclient 天通121语音查询系统... 15:00

Short message service for paid consumers

第1页

你现在的位置: [移动](#) [合肥](#) [城市天气](#) 第1页/共1页 [返回](#)

[移动](#) [联通](#) [小灵通](#)

[发布](#)

编号	选择	信息描述	地区编码	信息类别	信息内容	状态	录入	发布	操作员动作	录入时间	发布时间
327	<input type="checkbox"/>	长丰城市天气	0551CF	城市天气	长丰:今夜到明天多云转阴,西南风3到4级,13到22度.26日阴转多云,15到24度.生活提示:空气干燥请注意多喝水及用火安全.@24日14时	未发布	录入	发布	convert更新	2005-10-24 14:13:43	2005-10-24 14:13:43
354	<input type="checkbox"/>	肥东城市天气	0551FD	城市天气	肥东:今夜到明天多云转阴,西南风3到4级,12到22度.26日阴转多云,14到23度.生活提示:空气干燥请注意多喝水及用火安全.@24日14时	未发布	录入	发布	convert更新	2005-10-24 14:13:43	2005-10-24 14:13:43
357	<input type="checkbox"/>	肥西城市天气	0551FX	城市天气	肥西:今夜到明天多云转阴,西南风3到4级,12到22度.26日阴转多云,14到23度.生活提示:空气干燥请注意多喝水及用火安全.@24日14时	未发布	录入	发布	convert更新	2005-10-24 14:13:43	2005-10-24 14:13:43
385	<input type="checkbox"/>	合肥城市天气	0551	城市天气	合肥:今夜到明天多云转阴,西南风3到4级,12到22度.26日阴转多云,14到23度.生活提示:空气干燥请注意多喝水及用火安全.@24日14时	未发布	录入	发布	convert更新	2005-10-24 14:13:43	2005-10-24 14:13:43
472	<input type="checkbox"/>	安徽天气预报	0551AH	城市天气	今日到明晨全省晴转多云,西南风2到3级.今天最高气温全省20到22度,明晨最低气温全省8到10度.25日全省多云有时阴天.安徽气象24日8时	已发布	录入	发布	zhang发布	2005-10-24 8:28:32	2005-10-24 8:28:39



淮河流域气象中心



2007年7月18日 星期三

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[雨量水情](#)

[雷达卫星](#)

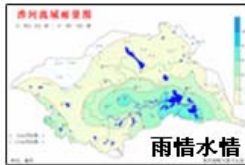
[数值产品](#)

[面雨量预报](#)

[预报服务](#)

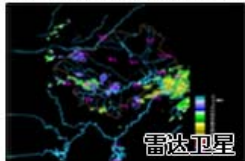
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业务产品



雨情水情

流域雨量 全国雨量 流域面雨量



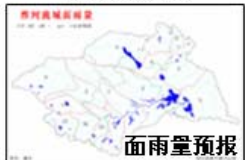
雷达卫星

流域拼图 阜阳雷达 卫星云图



数值产品

GRAPES MM5 WRF



面雨量预报

GRAPES MM5 WRF



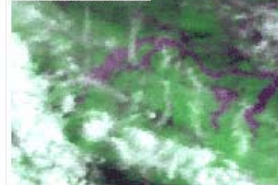
预报服务

天气公报 晚间预报 汛期专报

工作动态

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7月11日07时



蒙洼地区蓄洪动态图

- 蒙洼地区蓄洪动态图
- 省局领导慰问淮河气象中心一线工..
- 中新社：回良玉视察安徽淮河防汛工..
- 陈国良院士亲临淮委关心指导淮河防..
- 中新社：安徽防汛形势严峻 因灾损..
- 新华社：淮河水位持续上涨 淮委要..
- 淮河流域气象中心举行流域四省天气..
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- 淮河流域气象中心雷达拼图技术方案
- 根治淮河流域洪涝旱灾害新方案战略分..
- 淮河流域洪水的分形特征及可预报时间..
- 淮河流域夏季降水异常与北太平洋海温..

中心概况

淮河流域气象中心经中国气象局批准设立，行使流域气象信息汇集和服务两大职能。流域气象中心为安徽省气象局直属事业单位，为了便于与淮委联系工作和提供服务，该中心设在蚌埠市。中心内设办公室、综合信息室和预报服务室。

流域概况

淮河流域跨河南、安徽、江苏、山东四省，流域面积27万平方公里，人口1.65亿，耕地1.8亿亩。人口密度每平方公里约615人，居我国七大河流域之首。是我国重要的农产品基地之一。是我国重要的能源基地。

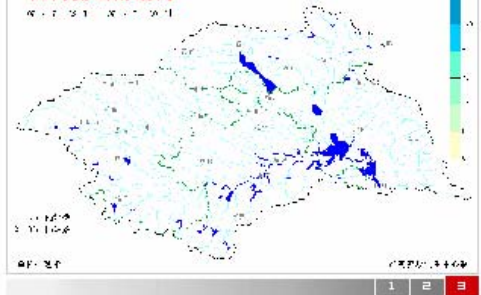
气候概况

淮河流域地处我国南北气候过渡带，淮河以北属暖温带区，淮河以南属北亚热带区，气候温和，年平均气温为11~16℃。气温变化由北向南、由沿海向内陆递增。极端最高气温达44.5℃，极端最低气温为-24.1℃。

友情链接

[中国气象局](#) [中国气象学会](#) [国家气象中心](#) [河南省气象局](#) [江苏省气象局](#) [山东省气象局](#) [安徽省气象局](#)

淮河流域雨量图



天气预报

站名	天气现象	最低温度	最高温度
菏泽	多云转阵雨	23	32

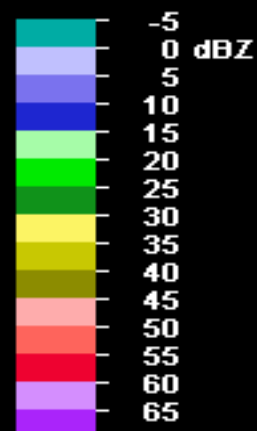
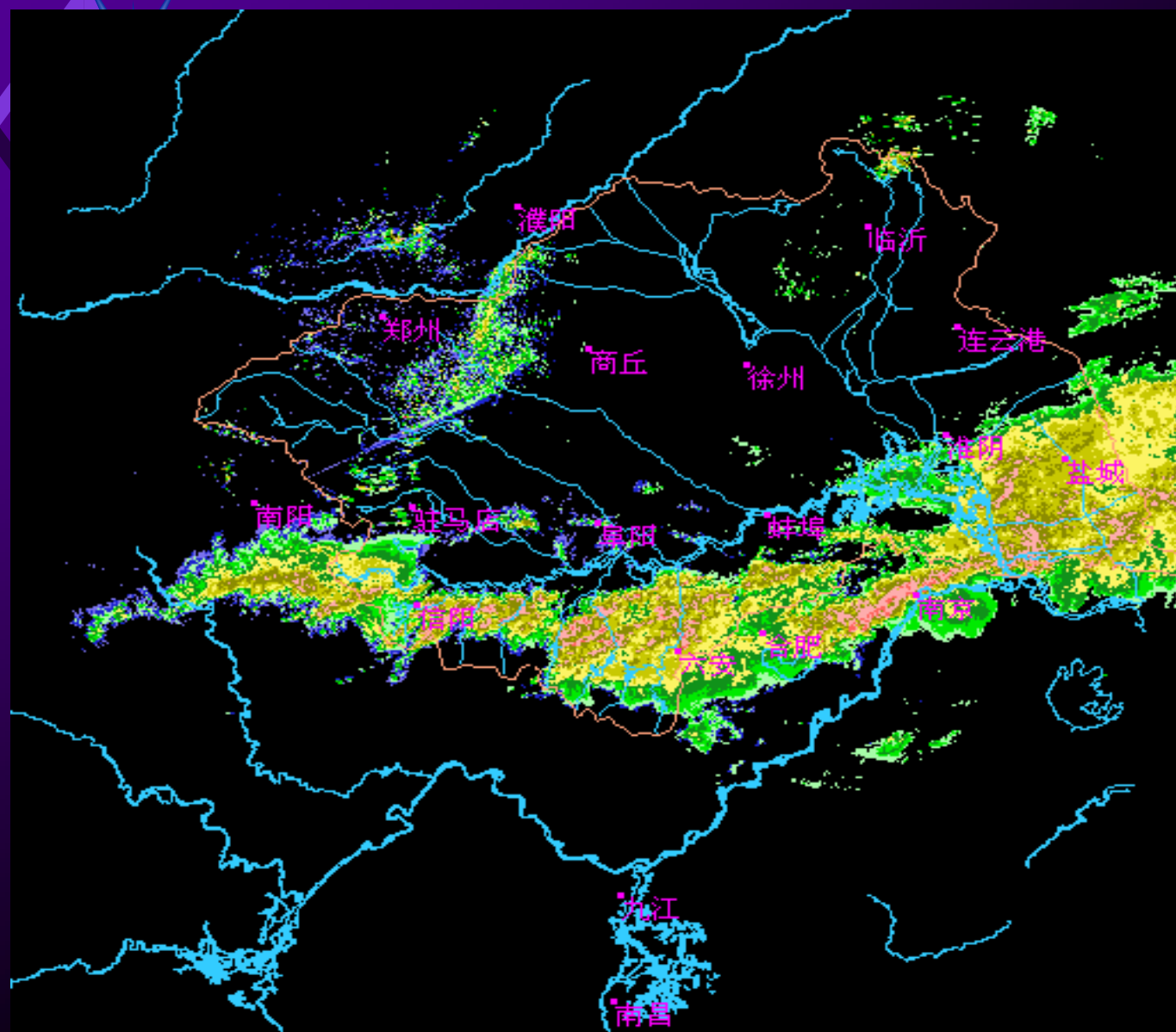
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Web Site of Huaihe River Meteorological Center

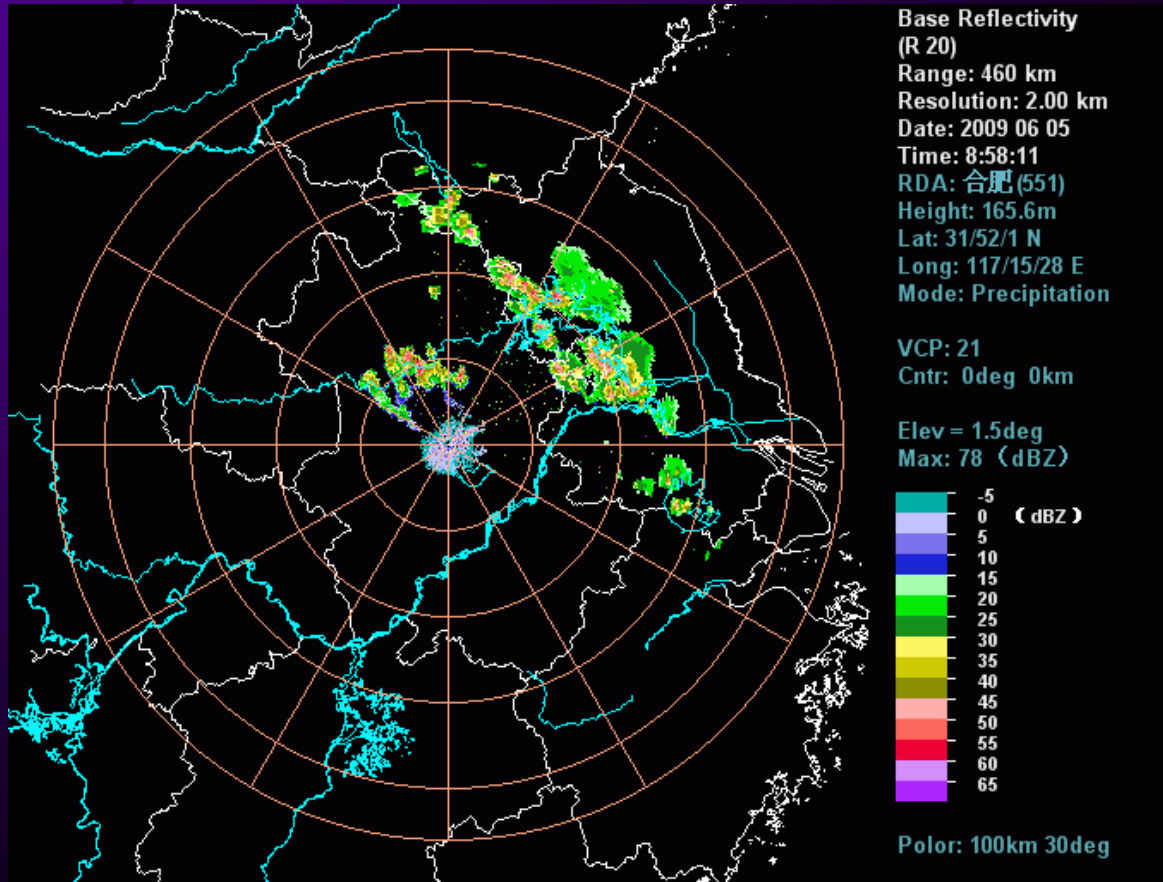
淮河流域雷达拼图
基本反射率
分辨率：2公里

日期：2007-07-09
北京时：04时50分

站点：合肥 阜阳
南京 徐州
连云港 盐城
郑州 驻马店
南阳



A case of Severe convective weather(June 3-5,2009)



Maximum wind speed	35.9 m/s
Maximum diameter of hailstone	25mm
Strong wind covered areas	228 town 43 county
Hailstone covered areas	11county



- Affected peoples:4.44 million;
- casualties:194;
- lose of lifes:18;
- damaged grains:184 thousand hectare;
- damaged homes:68.3thousand;
- direct economical losses: 1 billion yuan.



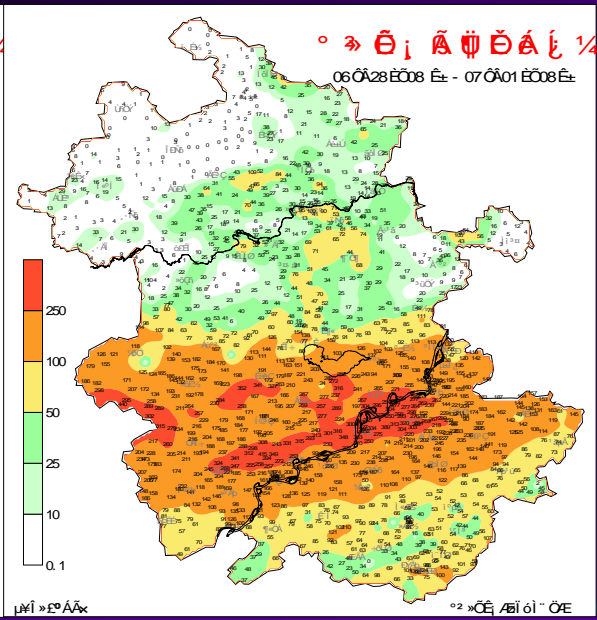
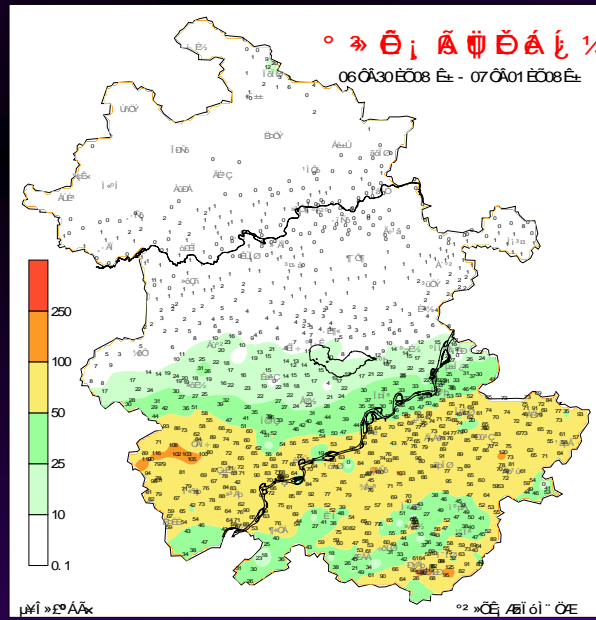
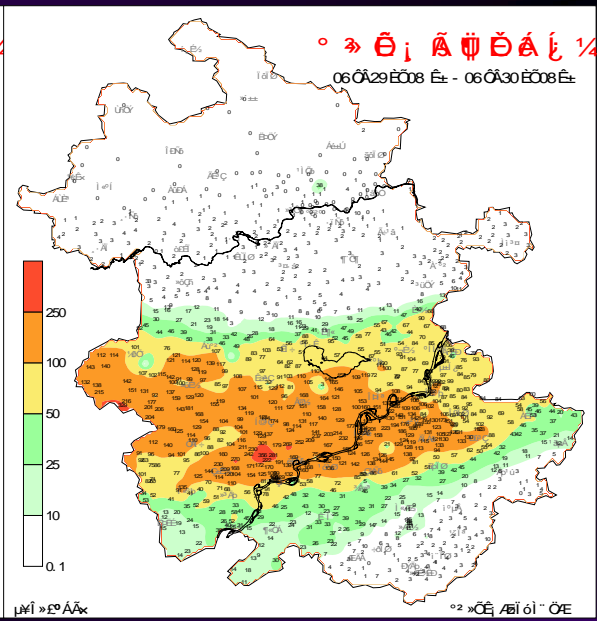
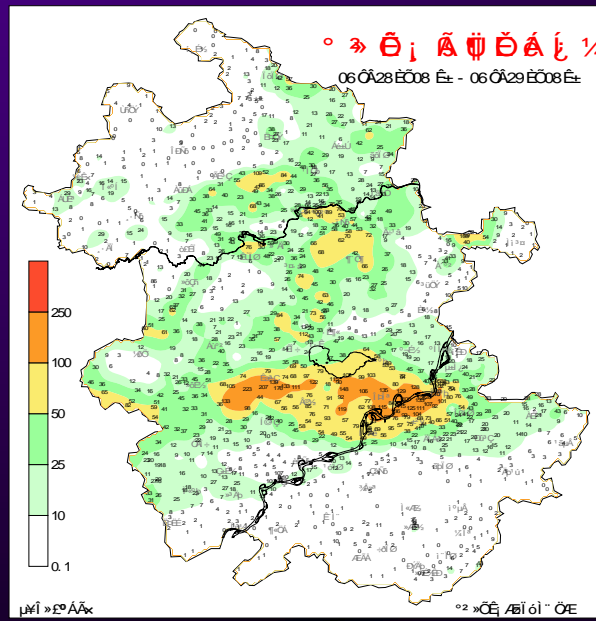


Date	Warning (times)	Short message (numbers)
June 3	19	30,000
June 4	1	661
June 5	44	737,500

A case of Severe convective weather (June 28-July 1, 2009)

Date	> 100mm	> 250mm
June 28	3town	
June 29	240town	7town
June 30	16town	

Diurnal Maximum rainfall : 340mm



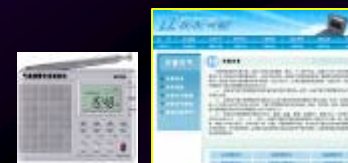
Y 50mmH1c008981
 Y 100mmH1c008982
 Y 250mmH1c008983
 G&A;X1 G&A;Ic008984p *6&I 127.2*ARp

Y 50mmH1c008988
 Y 100mmH1c008989
 Y 250mmH1c008990
 G&A;X1 G&A;Ic008991p *111B*PC440.2*EAk



Affected peoples:3.86million, lose of lifes:6; damaged grains:190 thousand hectare; damaged homes:14.6 thousand; direct economical losses 888 million yuan.







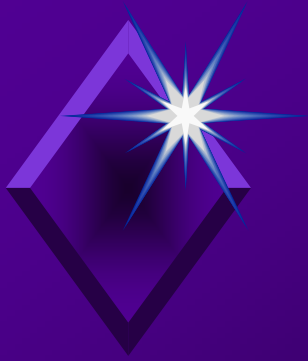
▶ **Future plans**





- ▶ Extreme weather forecast, warning
→ Meteorological disaster risk prediction, warning
- ▶ Public education
 - Rural meteorological information reporters





Thanks for your attention.

