# ANNEX IV

# Annex to Resolution 20 (EC-XIII)

# APPENDIX F TO TECHNICAL REGULATIONS (VOLUME I)

(See paragraphs 8.2.1.4 and 8.3.1.5)

## PART A

# LAY-OUT FOR AN INTERNATIONAL MARITIME METEOROLOGICAL PUNCH-CARD

Column	Element	Punching procedures
1	Temperature indicator	1 — Celsius
2-3	Year GMT	Last two digits
4- 5	Month GMT	01-12 January to December
6- 7	Day GMT	0131
8	Octant of the globe, Q	WMO Code 3300
9 – 11	Latitude, LaLaLa	Tenths of degrees, WMO specifications
12 – 14	Longitude, LoLoLo	Tenths of degrees, WMO specifications
15 – 16	Time of observation, GG	Nearest whole hour GMT, WMO specifica- tions
17	Cloud amount, N	Oktas, WMO Code 2700
18 - 19	True wind direction, dd	Tens of degrees, WMO Code 0877; if the data for wind direction and speed have been measured an x overpunch is given in col. 18
20 – 21	Wind speed, ff	Tens and units of knots, hundreds omitted; values in excess of 99 knots to be indicated by an x overpunch in col. 20
22 - 23	Visibility, VV	WMO Code 4377
24 - 25	Present weather, ww	WMO Code 4677
26	Past weather, W	WMO Code 4500
27 – 31	Air pressure	Tenths of millibars
32 - 34	Air temperature	Tenths of degrees Celsius; negative tem- peratures to be indicated by an x overpunch in col. 32
35 – 37	Wet bulb temperature	Tenths of degrees Celsius; negative tem- peratures to be indicated by an x overpunch in col. 35; Ice on wet bulb to be indicated by an x overpunch in col. 37
38	Amount of lowest clouds, Nh	As reported for CL or, if no CL cloud is pre- sent, for CM; in oktas, WMO Code 2700

Column	Element	Punching procedures
39	Genus of CL clouds	WMO Code 0513
40	Height of clouds, h	WMO Code 1600
41	Genus of CM clouds	WMO Code 0515
42	Genus of CH clouds	WMO Code 0509
43 - 45	Sea temperature	Tenths of degrees Celsius; negative tem- peratures to be indicated by an x overpunch in col. 43
46 – 48	Air-sea temperature difference *	Difference air minus sea surface temperature in tenths of degrees Celsius; negative differences to be indicated by an x overpunch in col. 46
49 – 50	Direction of wind waves, dwdw	Tens of degrees, WMO Code 0885
51 – 52	Period of wind waves, Pw	WMO Code 3155 (use col. 51 when one figure is punched for Pw)
53 – 54	Height of wind waves	Half-meter values, based on WMO Code 1555
		Examples:  Less than ½ m to be punched 00  3 ½ m to be punched 07  7 m to be punched 14  11 ½ m to be punched 23
		The Notes (1), (2) and (4) of Code 1555 apply, in no case 50 should be added to dwdw in col. 49-50
5 <b>5 –</b> 56	Direction of swell waves, dwdw	Tens of degrees, WMO Code 0885
57 – 58	Period of swell waves, Pw	WMO Code 3155 (use col. 57 when one figure is punched for $P_{\rm w}$ )
59 – 60	Height of swell waves	Half-meter values, based on WMO Code 1555
		Examples:  Less than ½ m to be punched 00  3 ½ m to be punched 07  7 m to be punched 14  11 ½ m to be punched 23
		The Notes (1), (2) and (4) of Code 1555 apply, in no case 50 should be added to dwdw in col. 49-60
61 - 62	Country which has recruited ship	Number to be assigned by WMO
63	Card indicator	0 — Punched according to WMO codes, effective in year indicated in col. 2-3; if another figure has been punched in this column, this indicates that the card has been punched according to the supplementary punching procedures (Part B)

Should be included only if available in tenths of degrees.

Column	Element	Punching procedures
64 – 73		Not to be punched
74 – 76	Dew-point temperature *	Tenths of degrees Celsius; negative tem- peratures to be indicated by an x overpunch in col. 74
77	Wind force **	Beaufort wind scale 0-9 values 10-12 to be punched 0-2 with an x overpunch in col. 77
78 <b>–</b> 80		Not to be punched

<sup>\*</sup> Should be included only if available in tenths of degrees.

#### NOTES:

- (1) Members using the punch-card system for their current maritime observations will reproduce the international maritime punch-cards mechanically from their own punch-cards, punching zero in col. 63 and leaving blank the spare col. 64–73, 78–80, which may be used by the Responsible Members for computing purposes.
- (2) When preparing for exchange of data with deviating codes or from former years a Member may use the col. 1, 64-73, 78-80 for indicating deviating codes and for providing additional data. In this case, col. 63 is punched 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 (see Part B) and all columns will be punched according to Part A modified by Part B as far as requested by the Responsible Member.
- (3) When temperature and pressure are reported in whole units, the column of the tenths of these units is to be punched 0.
- (4) The x's appearing in some of the above-mentioned WMO codes must not be punched.
- (5) If an element is missing the columns concerned are left blank.

# Overpunches

x/ x or 11 overpunch in column specified			
x/ in column 18	Measured data for wind direction and speed		
x/ in column 20	Wind speed, 100 knots or more		
x/ in column 32	Negative values of air temperature		
x/ in column 35	Negative values of wet-bulb temperature		
x/ in column 37	ice on wet buib		
x/ in column 43	Negative values of sea surface temperature		
x/ in column 46	Air temperature lower than sea temperature		
x/ in column 74	Negative value of dew point		
x/ in column 77	Beaufort wind scale, 10 or more		

<sup>\*\*</sup> Optional, should be included only if the wind force has been estimated according to the Beaufort scale.

## PART B

# SUPPLEMENTARY PUNCHING PROCEDURES FOR USE OF AN INTERNATIONAL MARITIME METEOROLOGICAL PUNCH-CARD FOR EXCHANGE OF CARDS WITH DEVIATING CODES OR ADDITIONAL DATA

Column	Element		Supplementary punching procedures
1	Temperature Indicator	1	Tenths of degrees Celsius
		2	Tenths of degrees Fahrenheit
	•	3	Whole degrees Ceisius (col. 34, 37, 45, 48, 76 punched 0)
		4	Whole degrees Fahrenheit (col. 34, 37, 45, 48, 76 punched 0)
		5	Halves of degrees Celsius
		6	Halves of degrees Fahrenheit
		7	Tenths of degrees Fahrenhelt, but whole degrees for dew point (col. 76 punched 0)
2-3	Year GMT	ce	st two digits; dates from the nineteenth ntury to be indicated by an x overpunch in lumn 2
63	Card indicator	1	Data with deviating codes or additional groups as indicated in col. 64-68; col. 78-80 left blank
		2	Data with deviating codes or additional

- groups as indicated in col. 64-68; ship or
- log number punched in col. 78-80 3 Data with deviating codes or additional groups as indicated in col. 64-68; col. 74-80 left blank for special purposes

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- 4 Data with deviating codes or additional groups as indicated in col. 64-67, indicator in col. 68 must be 4. Col. 52, 54, 58 and 60 must not be used for punching wave data. Col. 78-80 left blank
- 5 Data with deviating codes as indicated in col. 1, otherwise punched according to WMO codes, effective in year Indicated in col. 2-3, col. 64-73, 78-80 left blank

Column	Elament	Suppler	mentary punching procedures
	Indicator for location	0 QLaLaLaL	LoLo in col. 8–14
64	indicator for toodies.		en square in col. 8-10
٠		1º unit o 1/10º unit	f latitude in col. 11 f longitude in col. 12 of latitude in col. 13 of longitude in col. 14
		col. 8-14; ing an oc cated by	ation vessel, * QLaLaLaLoLoLo in an ocean station vessel occupy- ean weather station to be indi- an x overpunch in col. 64
		den squar vessel oc tion to be col. 64	ation vessel, * location in Mars- res in col. 8-14; an ocean station cupying an ocean weather sta- indicated by an x overpunch in
			i, QLaLaLaLoLoLo in col. 8-14
		5 Anchored col. 8-14	I, location in Marsden squares in
		dd	ff.
65	Indicator for wind data in col. 18-21 included	0 36 pts 1 32 pts 2 36 pts 3 32 pts 4 36 pts 5 32 pts	knots knots Beaufort Beaufort metres per second metres per second
	to disease for MM	0 WMO C	
66	Indicator for VV	_	89, WMO Code 1949
67	Indicator for waves	o Punched	according to the punching pro- for waves given in Part A
	•		ode 75 (1954)
		WMO Co	ode 75 (November 1957), code ered 3700 effective 1960, in col. 53 ; ection according to 00–36 scale in
		scales) i	le (Douglas or Copenhagen 1929 n col. 53 ; sea direction according scale in col, 49-50
		Swell Co Regio 19	ode (Douglas or Copenhagen 1929, 939 scales) in col. 59; swell direc- ording to 00-32 scale in col. 55-56
		3 Sea Cod direction col. 49-4	le (Paris 1919 scale) In col. 53 ; sea naccording to 00-32 scale in 50
	•	Redin 19	ode (Douglas or Copenhagen 1929, 939 scales) in col. 59; swell direc- ording to 00-32 scale in col. 55-56

<sup>\*</sup> By ocean station vessel is meant a ship meteorologically equipped to occupy an ocean weather station.

Column

Element

Supplementary punching procedures

- 68 Indicator for use of additional groups
- O No additional data
- 1 Ship's course and speed, pressure tendency and precipitation data in col. 60-77

Col. 69, Ds — Ship's course (true) made good during the three hours preceding the time of observation, WMO Code 0700

Col. 70,  $v_s$  — Ship's average speed made good during the three hours preceding the time of observation, WMO Code 4451

Col. 71, a — Characteristic of pressure tendency during the three hours preceding the time of observation, WMO Code 0200

Col. 72-73, pp — Amount of pressure tendency during the three hours preceding the time of observation, expressed in tenths of millibars; tens of millibars are indicated by overpunches, an x overpunch in col. 72 is given for values 10.0-19.9 mb, an x overpunch in col. 73 for values 20.0-29.9 mb

Col. 74-75, RR — Amount of precipitation, WMO Code 3577

Col. 76-77, tRtR — Duration of precipitation, WMO Code 4080

2 Ice data in col. 69-73

Col. 69, c<sub>2</sub> — Description of kind of ice, WMO Code 0663

Col. 70, K — Effect of the ice on navigation, WMO Code 2100

Col. 71, Di — Bearing of ice edge, WMO Code 0739

Col. 72, r — Distance to ice edge from reporting ship, WMO Code 3600

Col. 73, e — Orientation of ice edge, WMO Code 1000

- 3 Unassigned
- 4 Beaufort weather notation according to Note (1) in col. 52, 54, 58, 60, 69-71; indicator in col. 63 must be 4
- 5 Beaufort Weather Notation according to Note (2) in col. 69-72
- 6 Ship's course and speed, and pressure tendency in col. 69-73

Col. 69, D<sub>s</sub> — Ship's course (true) made good during the three hours preceding the time of observation, WMO Code 0700

#### Column

68

#### Element

Indicator for use of additional groups (continued)

## Supplementary punching procedures

Col. 70, vs — Ship's average speed made good during the three hours preceding the time of observation, WMO Code 4451

Col. 71, a — Characteristic of pressure tendency during the three hours preceding the time of observation, WMO Code 0200

Col. 72-73, pp — Amount of pressure tendency during the three hours preceding the time of observation, expressed in tenths of millibars; tens of millibars are indicated by overpunches, an x overpunch in col. 72 is given for values 10.0-19.9 mb, an x overpunch in col. 73 for values 20.0-29.9 mb

7 Precipitation data in col. 69-72

Col. 69-70, RR — Amount of precipitation, WMO Code 3577

Col. 71-72, tets - Duration of precipitation, WMO Code 4080

8 Cloud data in col. 69-72

Col. 69, Ns — Amount of Individual cloud layer or mass, of genus C, WMO Code 2700

Col. 70, C — Genus of cloud, WMO Code 0500 (x not to be punched)

Col. 71-72, h<sub>s</sub>h<sub>s</sub> — Height of base of cloud layer or mass whose genus is indicated by C, WMO Code 1577

9 Special phenomena in col. 69-72 accertaing to regional codes, viz.:

in Region I	WMO Code 163
in Region II	WMO Code 268
in Region III	WMO Code 383
in Regions IV and V	WMO Code 483
in Region VI	WMO Code 658
in Antarctica	WMO Code 758

#### NOTES:

(1) Beaufort Weather Notation (German system) according to the following code:

#### Column 52

- 0 Cloud amount < 2/8
- 1 2/8 < cloud amount < 6/8
- 2 Cloud amount > 6/8
- 3 Overcast and cloud amount > 6/8 combined
- 4 Overcast
- 5 No data concerning cloudiness
- 6 Unassigned
- 7 Unassigned 8 Unassigned
- 9 No data concerning the weather

#### Column 54

- O Fog
- 1 Thick fog 2 Slight mist
- 3 Mist
- 4 Abnormal visibility
- 5 Very abnormal visibility
- 6 Dust haze
- 7 Gloom
- B Ugly sky
- 9 Unassigned

#### Column 58

- Drizzle Thick drizzle
- Rain
- 3 Heavy rain
- Rain squalls or showers of rain
- 5 Heavy rain squalls or heavy showers of rain
- Unassigned
- Snow squalls or showers of snow
- B Heavy snow squalls or heavy showers of snow
- Squalls of drizzle

#### Column 69

- Lightning
- Intense lightning
- Thunder
- 3 Heavy thunder
- Thunderstorm
- 5 Heavy thunderstorm
- Drizzle and rain together
- Heavy drizzle and rain together
- Rain and hall together
- Heavy rain and hall together

#### Column 60

- Snow
- Heavy snow
- Hail
- Heavy hail
- Snow and hail
- Heavy snow and hail together
- Snow and rain together
- Heavy snow and rain together
- Unassigned
- Unassigned

#### Column 70

- Squalis
- Heavy squalls
- 23 Ground fog Fog in patches
- Wet fog
- 5 Fog on shore
- 6 Solar halo
- 7 Solar hato complex 8
- Lunar halo Lunar halo complex
- x or 11 Waterspout (tornado)

#### Calumn 71

- Dew
- 1 Heavy dew
- 2 Sandstorm
- 3 Hoar-frost
- 4 Soft rime
- ű Glazed frost
- ð Ice, pack ice
- Icebergs
- В Aurora Mirage
- Saint Elmo's fire x or 11
- f or 12 Sudden increase of wind

#### (2) Beaufort Weather Notation (British system) according to the following code (used from the 1 January 1949 to the 31 March 1953):

#### Column 69

- 6 No visibility observation
- Abnormal visibility
- Unassigned
- 3 Mist or haze (visibility 1-2 km)
- 4 Fog (visibility less than 1 km)
- Unassigned
- Unassigned
- Unassigned

- Unassigned
- 9 Visibility greater than 2 km

#### Columns 70-72

- 000 No observation of weather
  - Snow
  - Squalis
  - Rain
  - Showers.
  - Drizzie
  - Thunder
  - Hail
  - Lightning
- 999 None of above reported

#### Overpunches

- x or 11 overpunch in column specified x/
- r/ r or 12 overpunch in column specified
- Observations from nineteenth century x/ in column 2
- x/ in column 64 Ocean weather station
- x/ in column 72 pp = 10 mb + value punched
- x/ in column 73 pp = 20 mb + value punched
- x/ in column 70 Waterspout (tornado)
- x/ in column 71 Saint Elmo's fire
- r/ in column 71 Sudden increase of wind :

### Remarks

- (a) Supplementary punching procedures may be used only in cases where it is impossible to use the international maritime meteorological punch-card (Part A)
- (b) Data for former years which have not yet been punched should wherever possible be put on the international maritime meteorological punch-card (Part A).