



国家海洋标准计量中心

National Center Of Ocean Standards And Metrology

# How we calibrate the Wave Height and Period Measurements from the Gravitational Acceleration Wave Buoys in RMIC/AP

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**October, 2014**





# 1. The Gravitational Acceleration Wave Buoys

◆ Wave information is usually one of the top variables requested by physical observations.

- Wave/ surface winds/ currents;
- Wave/ temperature/ salinity.

◆ **The Gravitational Acceleration Wave Buoys** are used widely for wave information.

◆ They measure near surface waves, and are ideal for collecting large quantities of wave data at a specific point.

◆ They are often taken as the **measurement standards (reference instruments)** to assess the performance of other types of wave measuring instruments.



a ground-wave Radar array

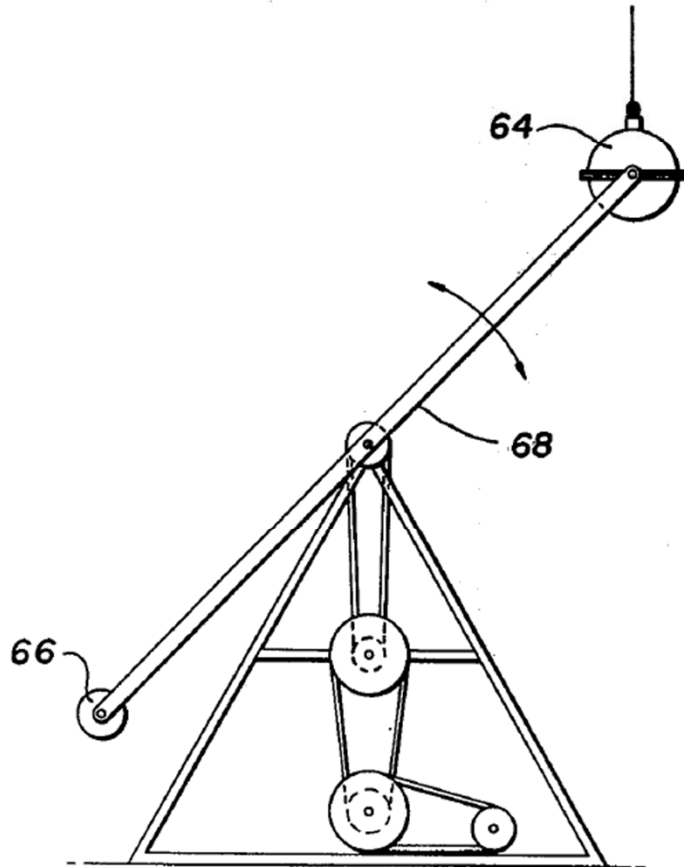
# 1. The Gravitational Acceleration Wave Buoys



- ◆ **The Gravitational Acceleration Wave Buoys** measure vertical acceleration, integrate the acceleration signal twice to give displacement, and provide the **wave height** information.
- ◆ They measure the time **period** between successive waves.
- ◆ The directional buoy gives **direction** information.
- ◆ The wave signals are stored temporarily onboard the wave buoy and then transferred to a computer back at the shore by a **radio system**.



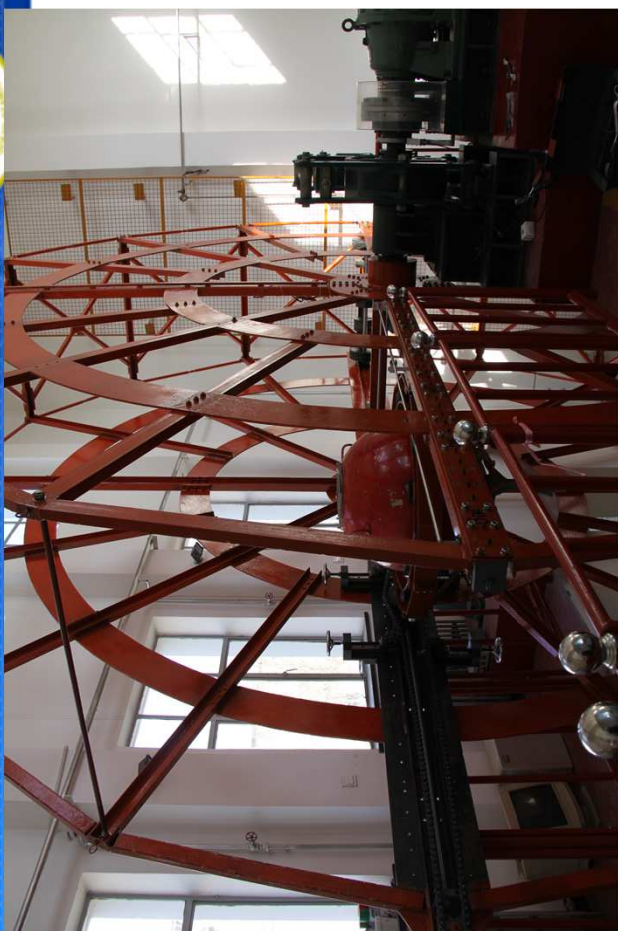
## 2. The method for calibrating a buoy/transducer



Vertical rotating arm method\*

Calibration device in RMIC/AP

\*:Vadasz Fekete. United States Patent (4,158,956). Jun. 26, 1979.



# 3 The Measurement Standard For Public Service for the laboratory calibration of the Gravitational Acceleration Wave Buoys



- ◆ The Calibration Device of Wave Buoy was developed by RMIC/AP.
- ◆ Maximum Loading Weight: 180 kg, measurable diameter of buoys: (0.5~1.0) m.



Round truss



Driving and braking system



Control and data acquisition system



Frequency speed control and power supply system

## 4. NCOSM is authorized to carry out metrological verification, calibration and test



Items of authorized verification/calibration/test	Measuring range	Uncertainty/accuracy class/maximum permissible error	Verification regulation or technical specification
Gravitational Acceleration Wave Buoys/transducers	Wave height: (1~6) m Wave period: (2~40) s	Wave height: MPE: $\pm 0.3\%F.S$ $U=11$ mm ( $k=2$ ) Wave period: MPE: $\pm 0.5$ s $U=0.16$ s ( $k=2$ )	JJG (Ocean) 04:2003 The Gravitational Acceleration Wave Buoy

# 4. NCOSM is authorized to carry out metrological verification, calibration and test



## The Certificate of Metrological Authorization

◆ The calibration device was certified as a Measurement Standard for Public Service by AQSIQ in 2004.

◆ AQSIQ: the Chinese General Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and Quarantine



# 4. NCOSM is authorized to carry out metrological verification, calibration and test



ISO/IEC 17025 认可证书 CNAS-PD20/09-B/2

序号	测量仪器名称	校准参数	领域代码	规范代号(含年号)名称	测量范围	扩展不确定度(校准和测量能力, k=2)	限制说明	备注
4	海水声速仪	温度	1501	海水声速仪校准方法 Q/HBJ03.142-2011	(-2~35) °C	$\Delta=0.002^{\circ}\text{C}$		
		电导率	0401		0~65) mS/cm	$\Delta=0.003\text{mS}/\text{c}$		
		压力	1320		(0~60) MPa	$\Delta_{\text{rel}}=0.015\%$		
		速度	1324		(1400~1600) m/s	$\Delta=0.05\text{ m/s}$		
5	重力加速度式波浪浮标	波高	1303	重力加速度式波浪浮标检定规程 JJG(海洋)04-2003	(1~6) m	$\Delta=11\text{mm}$		
		波周期	0412		(2~40) s	$\Delta=0.16\text{s}$		
6	重力加速度式波浪传感器	波高	1303	重力加速度式波浪浮标检定规程 JJG(海洋)04-2003	(1~6) m	$\Delta=11\text{mm}$		
		波周期	0412		(2~40) s	$\Delta=0.16\text{s}$		
7	浮子式验潮仪(水位计)	潮位	1303	浮子式验潮仪检定规程 JJG587-1997	(0~8) m	$\Delta=3\text{mm}$		
8	声学验潮仪(水位计)	潮位	1303	声学验潮仪检定规程 JJG947-1999	(0~6.5) m	$\Delta=3\text{mm}$		
9	压力验潮仪(水位计)	潮位	1303	压力验潮仪检定规程 JJG946-1999	(0~8) m	$\Delta=3\text{mm}$		
		压力			(0.1~6) MPa	$\Delta_{\text{rel}}=0.02\%$		
10	海水 pH 测量仪	pH 值	0233	海水 pH 测量仪校准方法 Q/HBJ 03.82-2011	0~14	$\Delta=0.01$		

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Should there be any inconsistencies between Chinese and English versions of the scope of accreditation, the Chinese version shall prevail in that the English version is provided by the conformity assessment body and is for reference only.

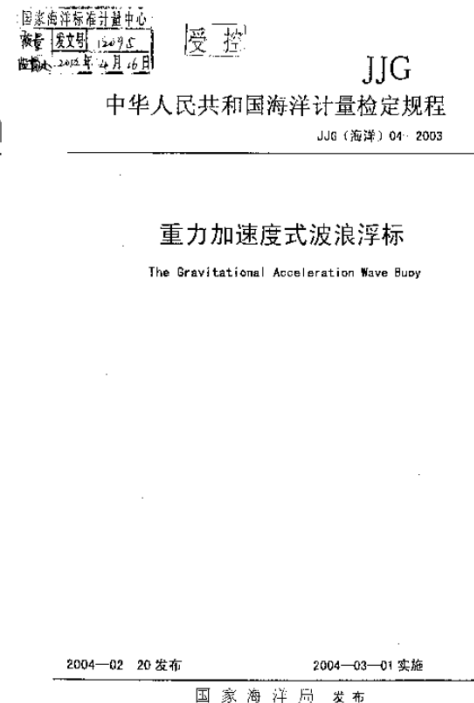
Registration No. CNAS L3365

# 5. The calibration procedure of the Gravitational Acceleration Wave buoys



## ◆ Verification regulation or technical specification:

- JJG (Ocean) 04:2003 The Gravitational Acceleration Wave Buoy;
- JJF1059 Evaluation and Expression of Uncertainty of Measurement.



***GUM: Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement***

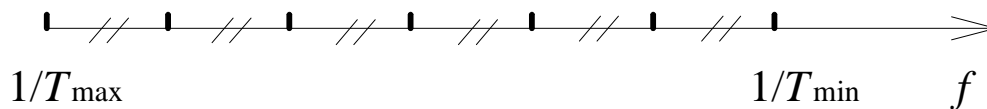


## 5.1 The setting of calibration points

- ◆ The calibration points of **wave height: 1.0m, 3.0m, 6.0m**;
- ◆ The calibration points of **wave period**: take **7** wave period values **at each calibration point of wave height** according to the principle of uniform frequency-point distribution within the period range of the buoy verified.

$$T_{0i} = \frac{6T'_{\max} \cdot T'_{\min}}{i \cdot T'_{\max} + (6-i)T'_{\min}}, \quad T'_{\min} \geq \sqrt{\frac{21\pi \cdot H_0}{g}}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} H_0=1.0 \text{ m, } T'_{\min}=2.6 \text{ s;} \\ H_0=3.0 \text{ m, } T'_{\min}=4.5 \text{ s;} \\ H_0=6.0 \text{ m, } T'_{\min}=6.4 \text{ s} \end{array} \right.$$

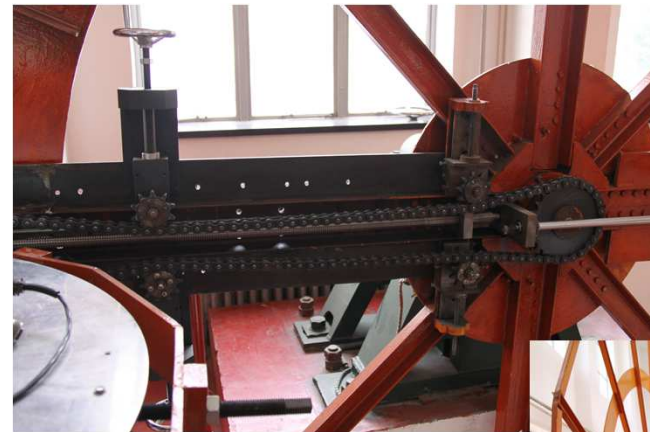


$H_0$ (m)	6.0 m						
$T_0$ (s)	20.00	14.80	11.70	9.70	8.30	7.20	6.40
$H_0$ (m)	3.0 m						
$T_0$ (s)	20.00	12.70	9.30	7.30	6.10	5.20	4.50
$H_0$ (m)	1.0 m						
$T_0$ (s)	20.00	9.50	6.20	4.60	3.70	3.00	2.60



## 5.2 The calibration steps

- 1) Determine the **mounting point** on the radial arm of the device according to the requirements for the calibration point of wave height.
- 2) Mount the wave buoy to the buoy-holder on the radial arm, and **adjust the tension of chain reasonably** to make the chain tightly engaged with the gear.



## 5.2 The calibration steps

- 3) Increase/decrease the **counterweight** to regulate the balance of the device truss.





## 5.2 The calibration steps

- 4) **Set the standard period** in the control system and rotate the truss.
- 5) Start to perform measurement when the truss rotates at a **constant velocity state**.
- 6) Record the **standard** wave height  $H_0$  and standard period  $T_0$  of the calibration point, and the corresponding measurements of wave height and wave period from the **buoy being calibrated**.
- 7) Process the data and **issue a calibration certificate**.

检测参数设置

使用说明

设定波高 (m):	1	设定周期 (s):	
实际波高 (m):		周期1:	20
读取磁致电压 (v):		周期2:	12.5
设定运行时间 (min):	12	周期3:	9.5
浮标总重量 (kg):		周期4:	8.1
获取砝码配重 (kg):		周期5:	7.2
工作模式选择		周期6:	6.4
<input checked="" type="radio"/> 自动控制		周期7:	4.6
<input type="radio"/> 手动控制		周期8:	

保存波高数据 设置完毕 取消

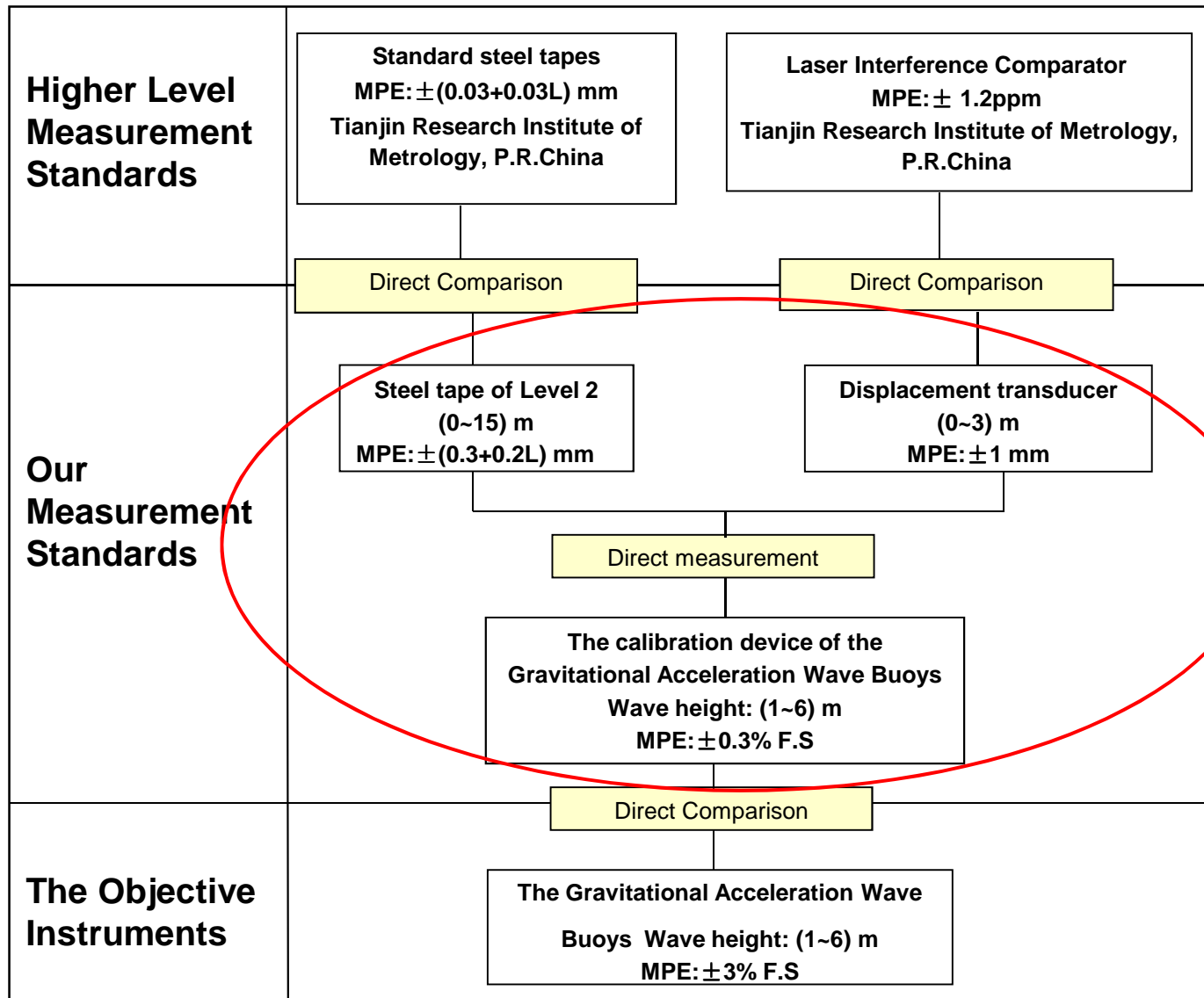
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Measuring error:

$$\begin{cases} \Delta H = H - H_0 \\ \Delta T = T - T_0 \end{cases}$$

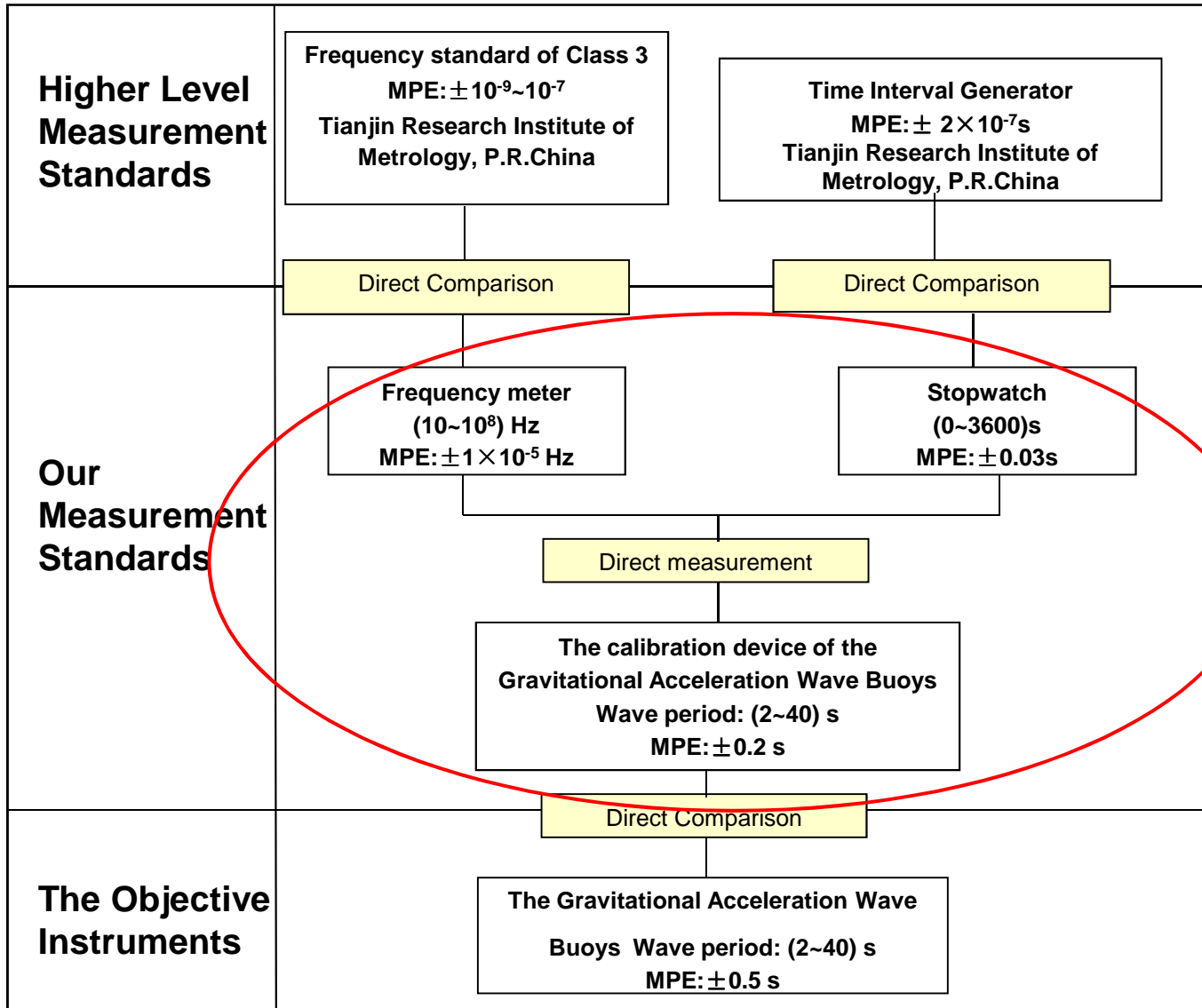
# 5.3 The measurement traceability systems

## --- wave height



# 5.3 The measurement traceability systems

--- wave period







## 5.4 Evaluation of the uncertainty in measurement

Uncertainty Source	Symbol	Standard Uncertainty (mm)
Measurement repeatability of the calibrated instrument	$u_{rep}$	5.00
Measurement error of the range from the buoy-holder to the center of the round-truss	$u_{\Delta R}$	0.85
Accuracy of the A/D conversion	$u_{A/D}$	ignored
Error of the rotation radian	$u_{\Delta\theta}$	0.64
Measurement error of the horizontal line	$u_{\Delta h_0}$	0.69

$$U = k \cdot u_c = 2 \times 5.16 \text{mm} = 11 \text{mm} (k = 2)$$



## 5.4 Evaluation of the uncertainty in measurement

### For wave period measurement:

- The uncertainty sources of the wave period measurement calibration consist of:
  - (a) Measurement repeatability of the calibrated instrument;
  - (b) Error of the interrupt impulse for time interval (period).

Uncertainty Source	Symbol	Standard Uncertainty (s)
Measurement repeatability of the calibrated instrument	$u_{t\ rep}$	0.08
Error of the interrupt impulse for time interval (period)	$u_{stime}$	ignored

$$U = k \cdot u_c = 2 \times 0.08s = 0.16s$$



## 6. The QA/QC for the calibration procedure

- ◆ The calibration is **traceable to the SI** through certified national measurement institutes. Main measuring parts of our calibration device should be calibrated/verified at regular intervals.
- ◆ It is in compliance with the **specific verification regulations** issued in China and **ISO/IEC 17025:2005**.
- ◆ The calibration device is checked by AQSIIQ **every four years**. If qualified, it would be authorized to be **used for public service as a Measurement Standard** in accordance with the Law on Metrology of the People's Republic of China.
- ◆ Only well trained **engineers with metrology** permitted to carry out the calibration.





## 7. Summary

- ◆ NCOSM is authorized to carry out metrological verification, calibration and test of the Gravitational Acceleration Wave Buoys and transducers.
- ◆ Developed by NCOSM, the wave buoy calibration device was certified as the Measurement Standards for Public Service in 2004.
- ◆ We built the measurement traceability systems of wave height and period calibration and do the QA/QC procedure.
- ◆ NCOSM acts as a technical supporter to ensure the accuracy and reliability of data in national marine observation projects in China.

Items of authorized verification/ calibration/test	Measuring range	Uncertainty/accuracy class/maximum permissible error	Verification regulation
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**Thank you for your attention !**

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