Progress in Refreshing the Tropical Atmosphere Ocean (TAO) Array

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Outline

Background Climate Principles TAO Refresh Testing and Results Subsurface Temperature and Salinity Calibration results Refresh Systems Deployed Results





Background

Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory (PMEL) built and serviced the TAO array (1984 – 2007), still provide sensors PMEL transition TAO Array to NDBC (2004 – 2009) **NDBC Refresh testing began in 2006** Laboratory sensor testing (2007) Field system testing (2006) **Comparison testing in the TAO array (2007** -2011)**Deploy Refresh for Legacy begining 2011**

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TAO System Components

- Wind Sensor
- Compass
- Air Temperature/Relative Humidity Sensor
- Sea Surface Conductivity and Temperature
- Subsurface Temperature and Temperature/Pressure Sensors
- Acoustic Release
- CPU/Datalogger
- Communications: Iridium Short Burst in place of ARGOS transmissions
- Shore-Side IT/Data System





Sensors

TAO Legacy RM Young 05103 Anemometer EG&G 64764 Compass

Rotronic MP-101 Air Temperature/Relative Humidity NX ATLAS SSC Module NX ATLAS TP Module

TAO Refresh

RM Young 05103 Anemometer **Sparton SP3003D** Compass **Rotronic MP-101A Air Temperature/Relative** Humidity Seabird SBE 37-SM CT Seabird SBE 39-IM T/TP





Climate Principles

- 1. Management of Network Change
- 2. Parallel Testing
- 3. Meta Data
- 4. Data Quality and Continuity
- 5. Integrated Environmental Assessment
- 6. Historical Significance
- 7. Complementary Data
- 8. Climate Requirements
- 9. Continuity of Purpose
- 10. Data and Meta Data Access



NRC (1999) recommended principles proposed by Karl, et al. (1995)





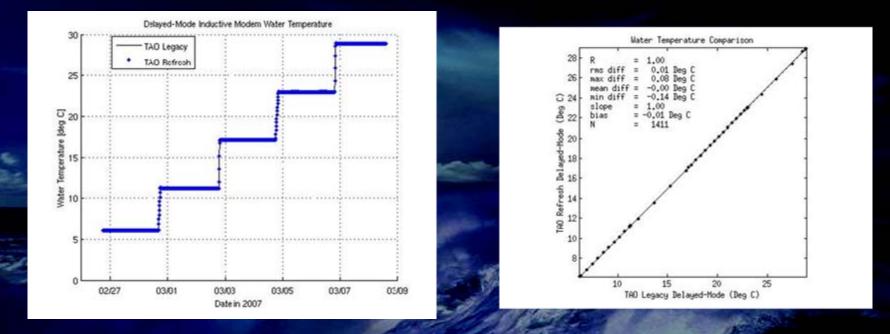
TAO Refresh Testing

- Laboratory Tests
 - Ocean sensor/transmission test
- Buoy System Tests
 - Refresh buoy at 14N 46 W near PIRATA buoy
 - Two refresh buoys near Buoy 42040 in Gulf of Mexico
 - Two refresh buoys in western Gulf of Mexico
- Field Comparisons
 - Twenty-two co-located Refresh and Legacy buoys at fifteen mooring locations
 - Deployed throughout the TAO array, but concentrated in the western half due to vandalism





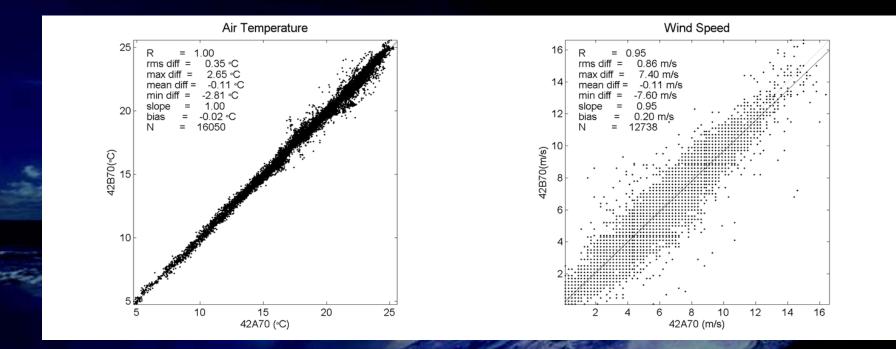
Laboratory Comparisons







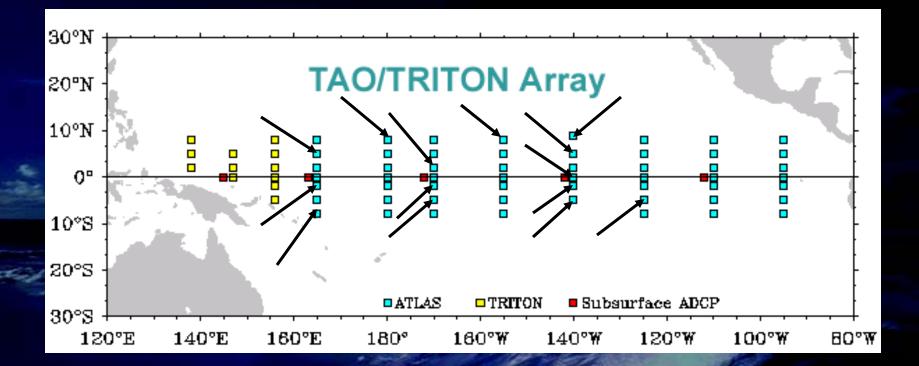
System Comparisons







Field Side-by-Side Comparisons







2S 140W Deployment a Refresh-Legacy Comparison

	Mean Linear Difference Regression		Regression Coefficient
	Contraction of the local division of the loc	(slope/intercept)	
Salinity 1	-0.043 PSU	0.882 / 4.200	0.98
Temperature 1	0.016C	0.998 / -0.011	> 0.99
40	0.021 C	0.997 / 0.065	> 0.99
60	0.027 C	0.965 / 0.830	0.97
120	-0.062 C	0.977 / 0.442	0.98
140	0.015 C	0.969 / 0.428	0.97
180	0.006 C	0.979 / 0.269	0.96
300	0.003 C	0.965 / 0.396	0.97
500	-0.005 C	0.992 / 0.070	0.96



2S 140W Deployment b Refresh-Legacy Comparison

	Mean Difference	Linear Regression (slope/intercept)	Regression Coefficient
Salinity 1	0.040 PSU	0.472 / 18.640	0.40
Temperature 1	0.028C	1.008 / -0.223	>0.99
20	0.031C	1.009 / -0.264	> 0.99
60	0.040 C	0.989 / 0.246	0.98
80	0.208 C	0.931 / 1.549	0.85
120	0.277 C	0.851 / 2.190	0.91
140	0.147 C	0.794 / 2.780	0.88
180	0.099 C	0.915 / 0.976	0.895
300	0.045 C	0.981 / 0.167	0.96
500	0.108 C	0.880 / 0.921	0.94

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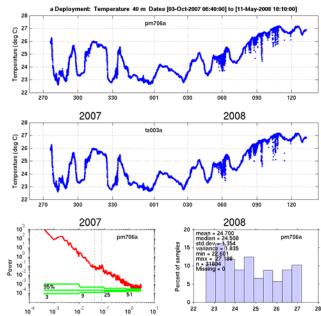
2S 140W Deployment b Refresh-Legacy Temp Comparison

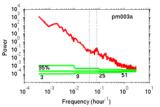
	Depth (m) Mean		Standard Deviation	Variance	
		Refresh/Legacy	Refresh/Legacy	North Contraction	
	1	24.569 / 24.599	1.030 / 0.943	0.002	
	40	24.679 / 24.700	1.357 / 1.354	0.008	
	60	24.214 / 24.241	1.194 / 1.196	0.097	
	120	16.683 / 16.621	3.012 / 3.006	0.445	
	140	14.378 / 14.393	1.687 / 1.693	0.155	
-	180	13.002 / 13.008	0.371 / 0.365	0.010	
	300	11.448 / 11.451	0.388/ 0.390	0.009	
	500	7.841 / 7.836	0.350 / 0.338	0.010	



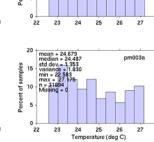


2S 140W Deployments 40 m Temperature

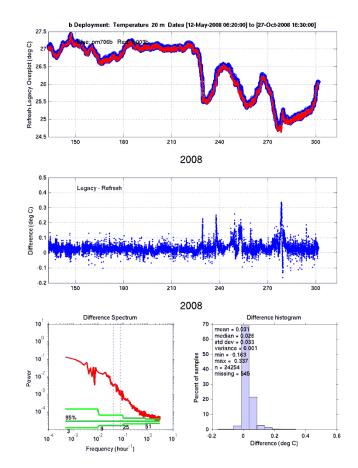




Frequency (hour⁻¹)



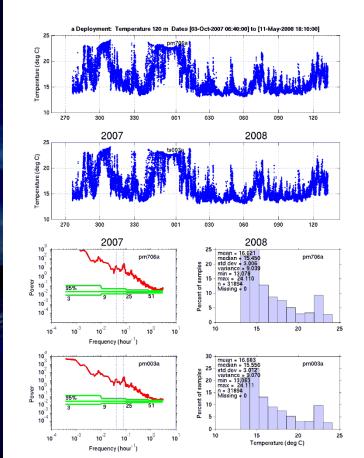
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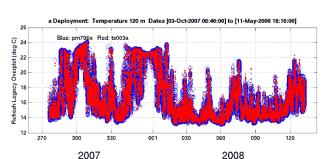


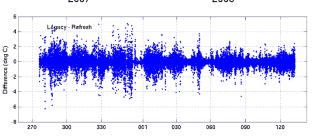


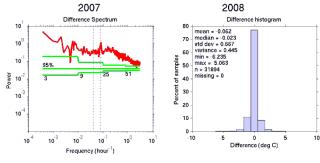


2S 140W Deployment a 120 m Temperature Excursions













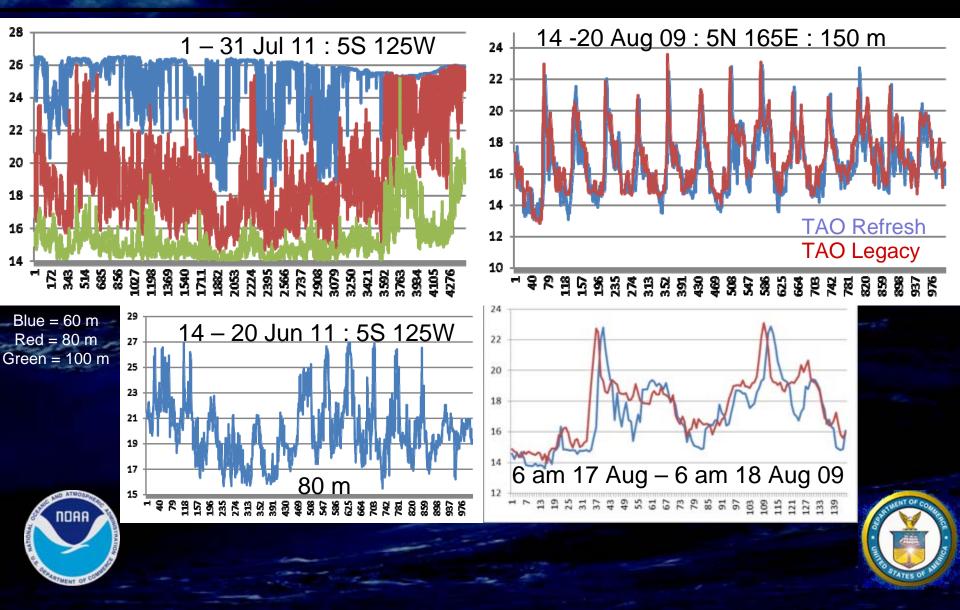
Depth Offset Error Magnitudes

	Depth	Average Depth	Legacy T	Refresh T	Delta T	Gradient T	New Delta
	1	1.014	26.452	26.423	0.029		
	20	20.285	26.385	26.346	0.039	0.003995	0.038
	60	60.861	26.269	26.229	0.040	0.002884	0.037
181 m	80	81.148	25.397	25.182	0.215	0.051609	0.150
	120	121.722	16.585	16.301	0.284	0.222025	-0.129
	140	142.009	14.212	12.063	0.149	0.11190	-0.094
	180	182.583	12.623	12.523	0.100	0.03850	-0.008
	300	304.305	11.112	11.067	0.045	0.011962	-0.011
	500	507.175	8.562	8.456	0.106	0.013055	0.005





Internal Wave Examples



Temperature and Salinity Calibration Drift Results

Parameter	Average of Abs Values	Average	Maximum	Minimum
Temperature (N=226)	0.000146	-0.000072	0.0008	-0.0009
SBE-39 (N=202)	0.000133	-0.000080	0.0008	-0.0009
SBE-37 (N=24)	0.000257	-0.000016	0.00053	-0.0008
Salinity (N=24)	0.001729	0.001646	0.0052	-0.0008



Temperature drift is °C per year Temperature accuracy limit = 0.01°C Salinity drift is psu/month Salinity accuracy limit = 0.02 psu



Refresh System Testing

- Before incorporation into the TAO array to take the place of TAO Legacy buoys
- Refresh data were transmitted over the GTS under a different header than the Legacy data
- This allowed users to alter code to be able to calculate a daily average value, as averages are not included in the real-time data stream.
- Led to a smooth transition, when the Refresh system was deployed





Refresh Buoy Deployments

Lat/Lon	WMO ID	Deployment	Payload	Lat/Lon	WMO ID	Deployment	Payload
2S165E	52002	2-3-11	dm019a	8N170W	51308	13-5-12	dm038a
5S125W	51018	12-8-11	dm023a	2N170W	51305	15-5-12	dm026b
8S155W	51302	13-10-11	dm025a	001700W	51010	15-5-12	dm039a
5N165E	52003	10-11-11	dm027a	2S170W	51306	18-5-12	dm040a
8S165E	52007	16-11-11	dm029a	2N 180	52310	22-5-12	dm041a
2S180	52312	24-11-11	dm030a	00 180	52311	22-5-12	dm031b
8S95W	32305	16-2-12	dm032a	8S 180	52316	26-5-12	dm042a
2N125W	51016	31-3-12	dm033a	8S 170W	51310	5-6-12	dm043a
8S125W	51308	5-4-12	dm034a	5S 155W	51019	10-6-12	dm044a
5S140W	51004	9-4-12	dm035a	00 155W	51023	12-6-12	dm045a
5N140W	51007	15-4-12	dm036a	5N 155W	51020	14-6-12	dm046a
9N140W	51006	17-4-12	dm037a	8N 155W	41301	15-6-12	dm047a





Results

- Refresh systems are replacing Legacy systems in the TAO Array
 - Twenty-four locations are Refresh buoys as of Sep 2012
- Climate principles governed the TAO Refresh Effort
 - Managing network change, parallel testing, data quality and data continuity
- TAO Refresh system was tested

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- Comparison data supplied by Legacy System
- Twenty-two Refresh systems have been deployed and eighteen tested against Legacy systems in the TAO Array
 - Both daily-averaged and 10-minute high resolution data compared
- TAO Refresh data were transmitted through the GTS as development data for testing at Modeling Centers

Iridium communications continue to exceed 98% Plan to complete Refresh of the TAO array in 2015



Refresh Benefits

Commercial Off-The-Shelf (COTS) components

- SeaBird-39 and -37 systems use same "sensors" as Legacy
- Electronics/Processing have been upgraded, standardized
- PMEL no long has to provide systems
- Automated Modular Processing System (AMPS)
 - Used in other NDBC buoy systems
 - Stores all sensor data (including sub-surface) on-board
 - Iridium satellite communications
 - Hourly data transmission
 - High resolution (10-minute) data available in near-real-time
 - If transmits are complete, no need to download sensor data
 - Currently, data may not be ready for upload to database for months after retrieval of moorings, due to cruise length, packing, transport, processing, and acquisition of calibration files





Thank You

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