

Wave measurements from drifters PP-WMD

Report to DBCP-XXVII



JCOMM Technical Workshop on Wave Measurements from Buoys, 2008

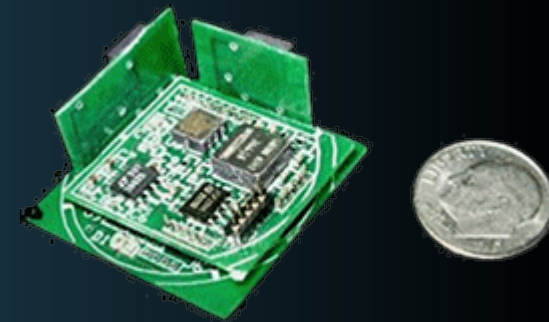
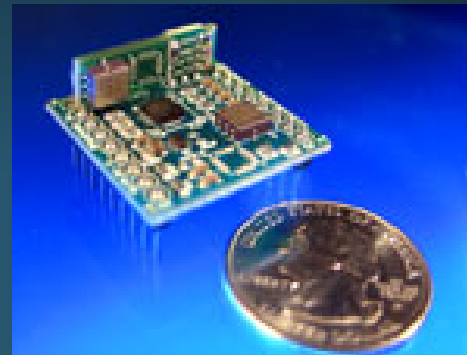
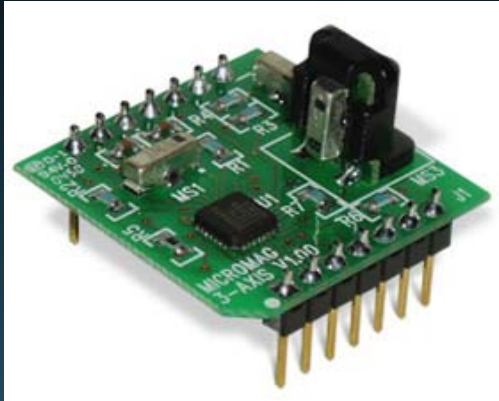


- Deep ocean wave measurements needed for
 - Validation of models
 - Validation of satellite observations
 - Process studies (e.g. for hurricanes and other extreme events)
- An undrogued drifter is a good wave follower and might carry an attitude sensor, e.g. GPS, pitch-roll package
- Presentation of 'First 5' as minimum reporting standard
 - Energy spectrum + first four spectral moments
 - See http://www.act-us.info/download/workshop_reports/ACT_WR07-03_Wave_Sensor.pdf
- Need for careful evaluation of wave drifters
- Proposal for DBCP Pilot Projects

Wave measurements – the ‘Big 3’

- Three time series needed
 - in x, y and z or their derivatives
- No buoy is a perfect wave follower
- Need to compensate for buoy transfer function

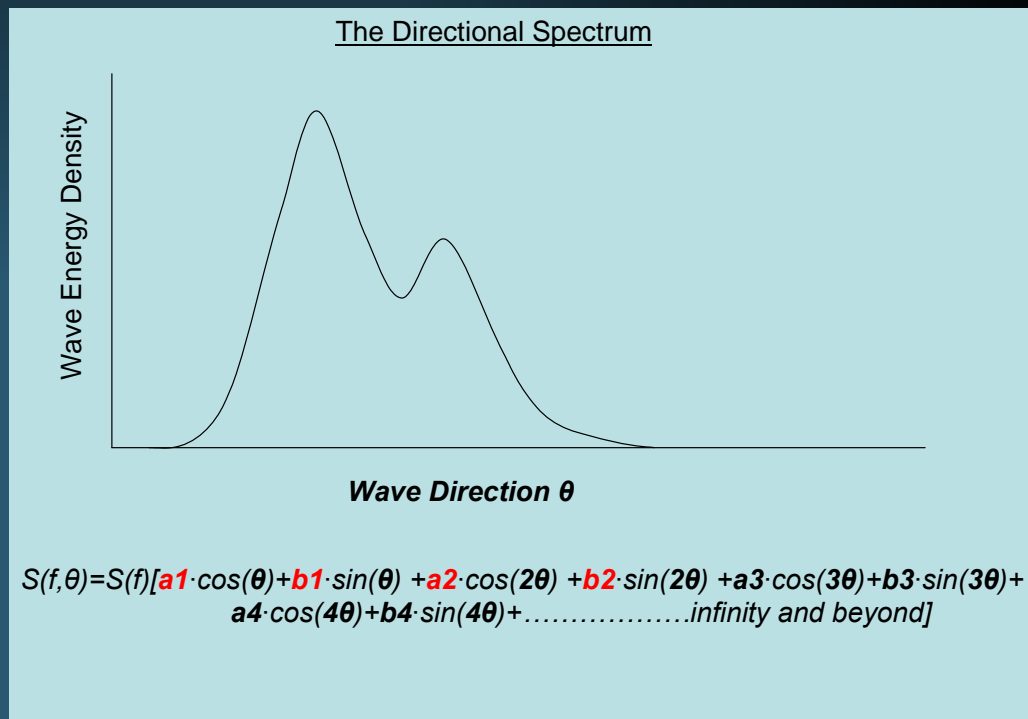
Low cost technologies to measure the Big 3



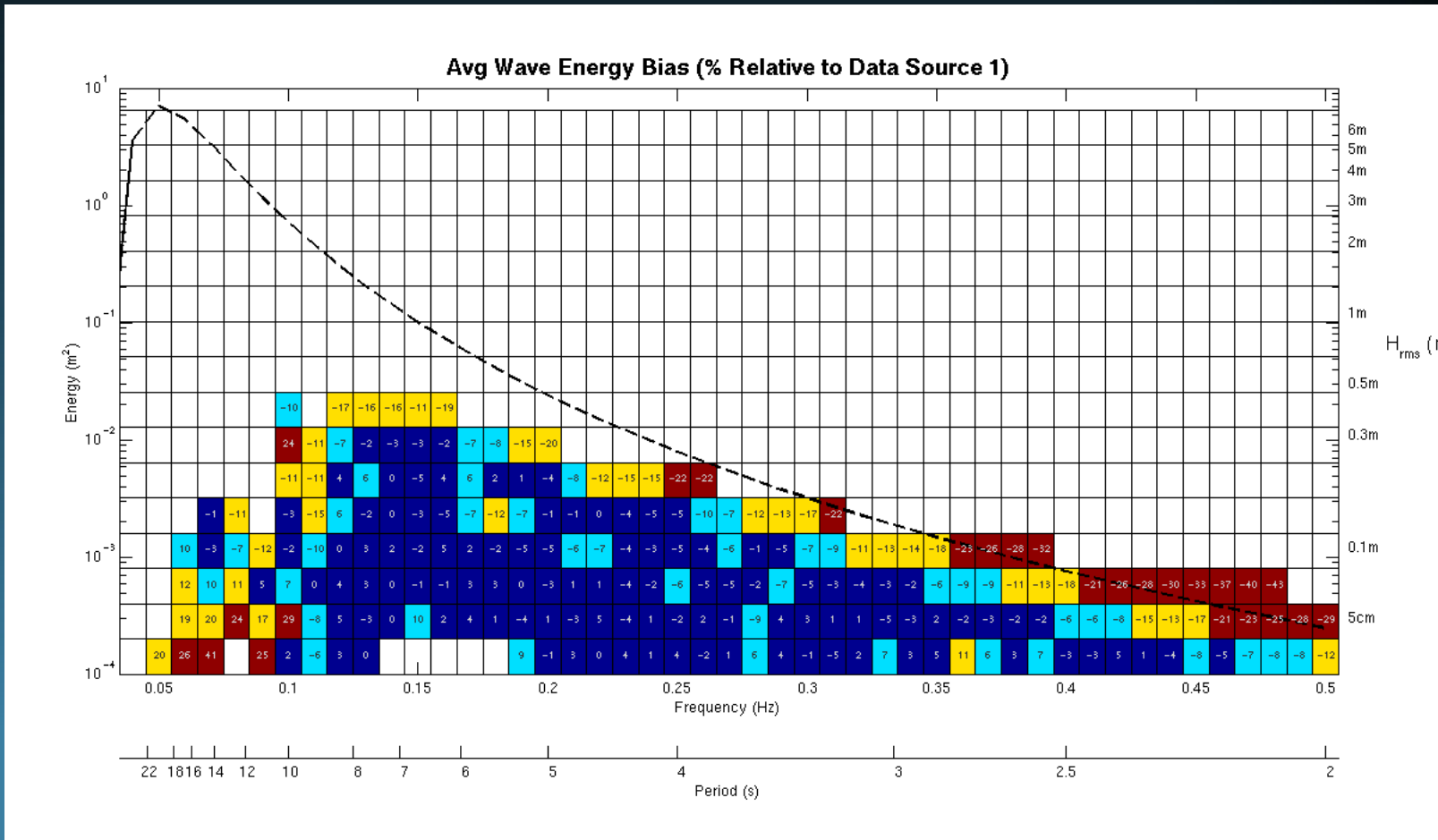
- Not always low cost!
- Energy hungry
 - Sensor itself
 - In situ processing
 - Communications

What data do we need to report?

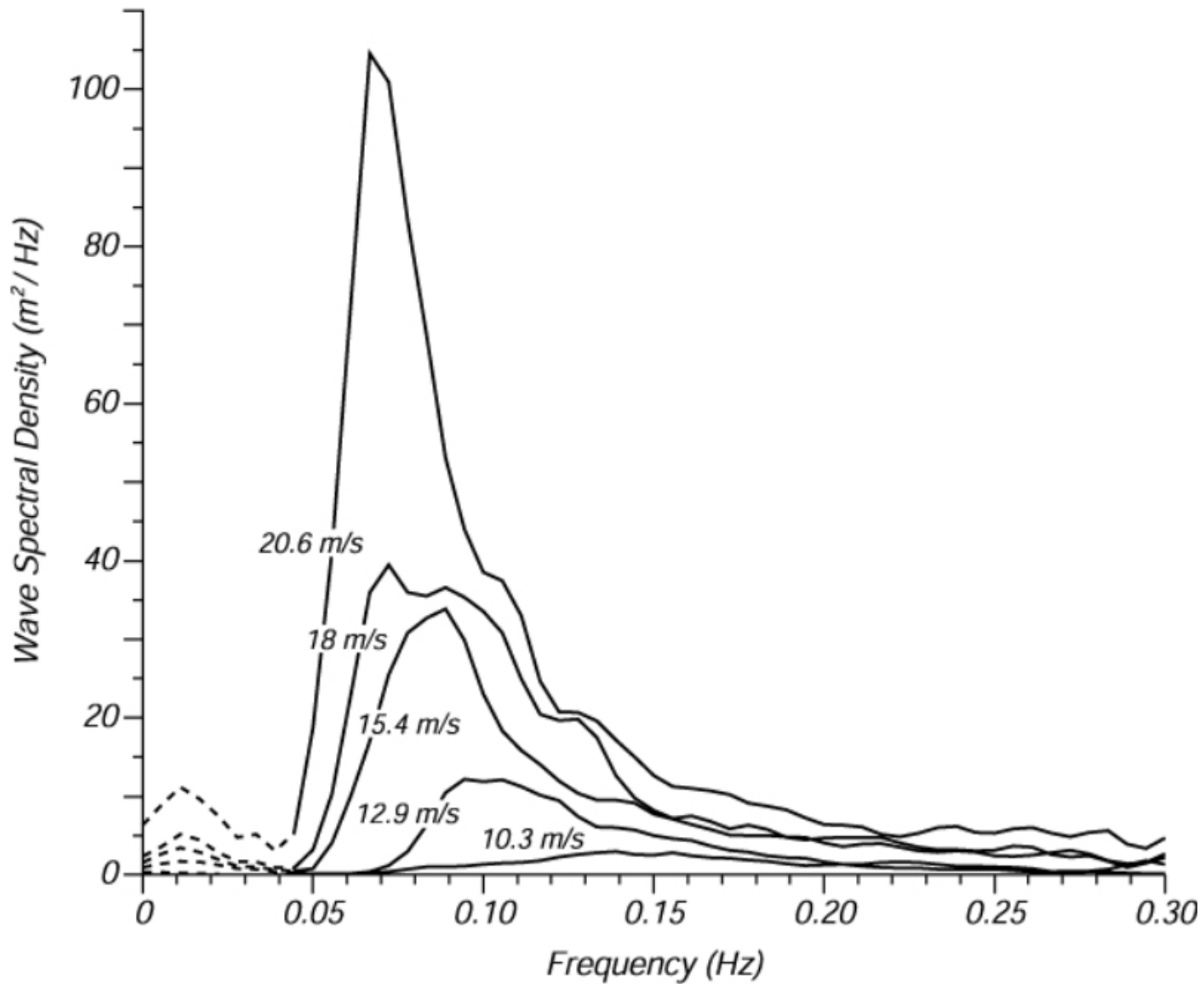
- ‘First 5’
 - Power spectrum: coefficients as a function of frequency band ($S(f)$)
 - Directional spectrum: first two pairs of coefficients of spectral moments (a_1, b_1, a_2, b_2)
- Work by O’Reilly (Scripps), Jensen (USACE) and at NDBC
 - Development of IOOS



Need for careful intercomparison



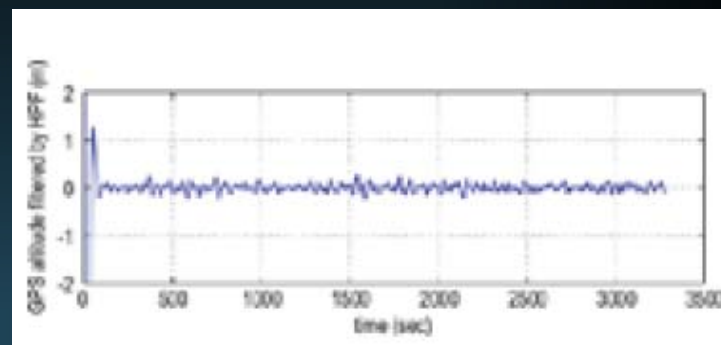
Surface Wave Spectra



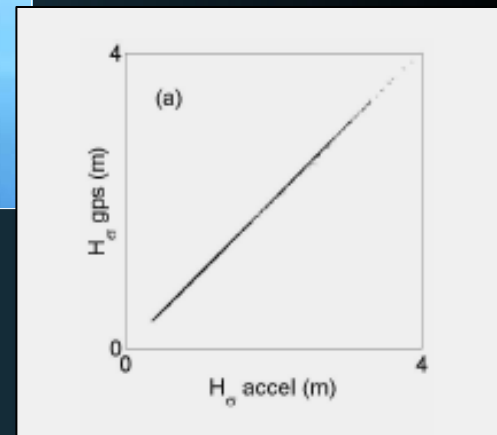
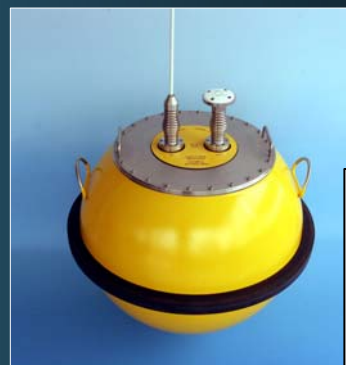
Sources of User Equivalent Range Errors (UERE)		
Source	Effect	Time constant
Ionospheric effects	± 5 m	10 min
Ephemeris errors	± 2.5 m	1 hour
Satellite clock errors	± 2 m	5 min
Multipath distortion	± 1 m	100 sec
Tropospheric effects	± 0.5 m	10 min
Numerical errors	± 1 m	White noise

Power spectrum of most errors lies well below ocean wave power spectrum

- JMA/JAXA prototype wave buoy
 - GPS World, May 2005
 - HP filter to separate out wave signal
 - Claimed accuracy of a few cm
 - US Patent 6847326



- Datawell wave buoy DWR-G
 - Sea Technology, Dec 2003
 - Probably similar technique



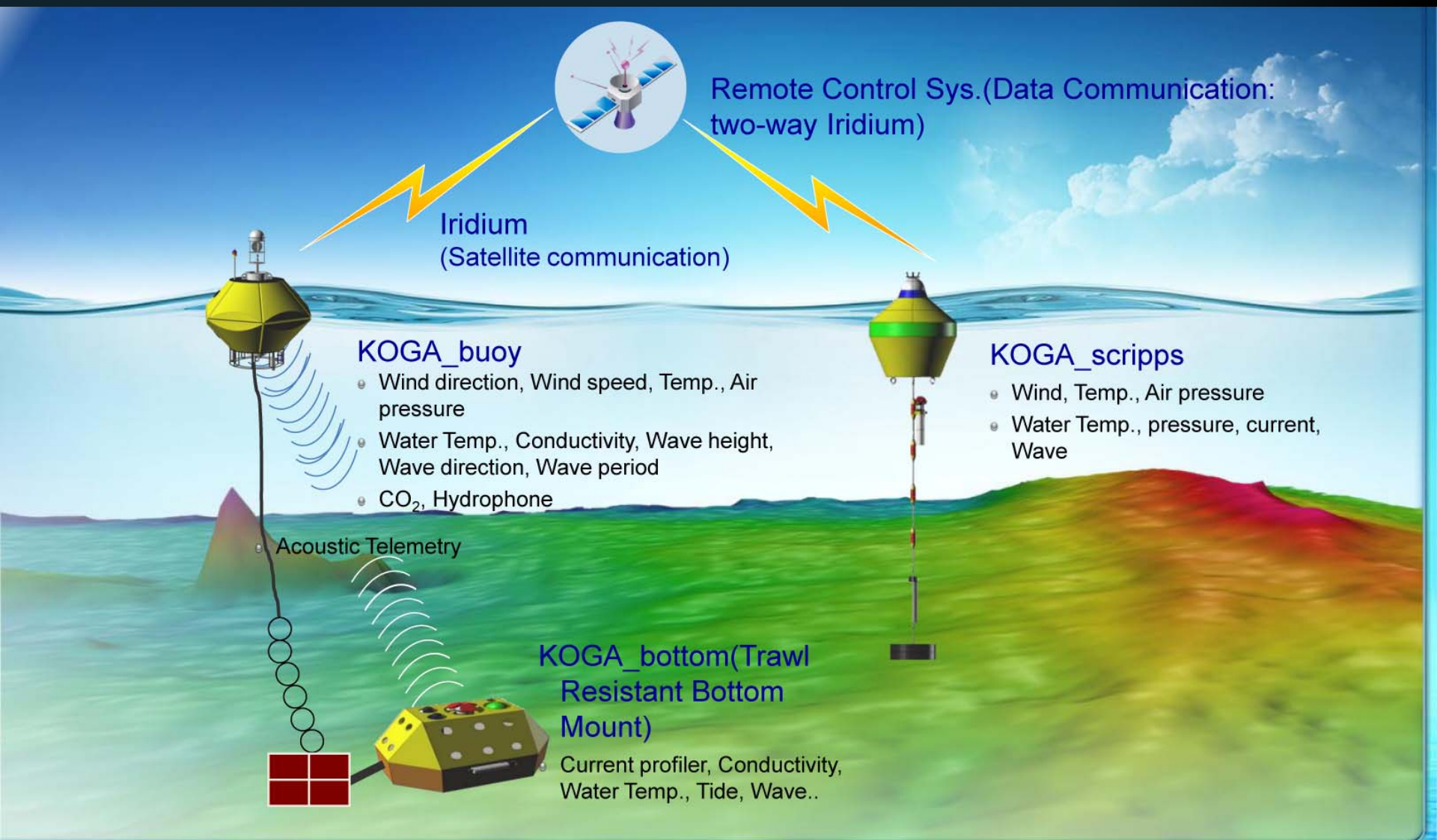
Continental Control Design, Inc.

- Cell Phone GPS receiver 3D orbital velocities
 - Microcontroller does the spectral analysis
 - Iridium SBD modem ships data globally
 - Hull is polycarbonate ice cream ball

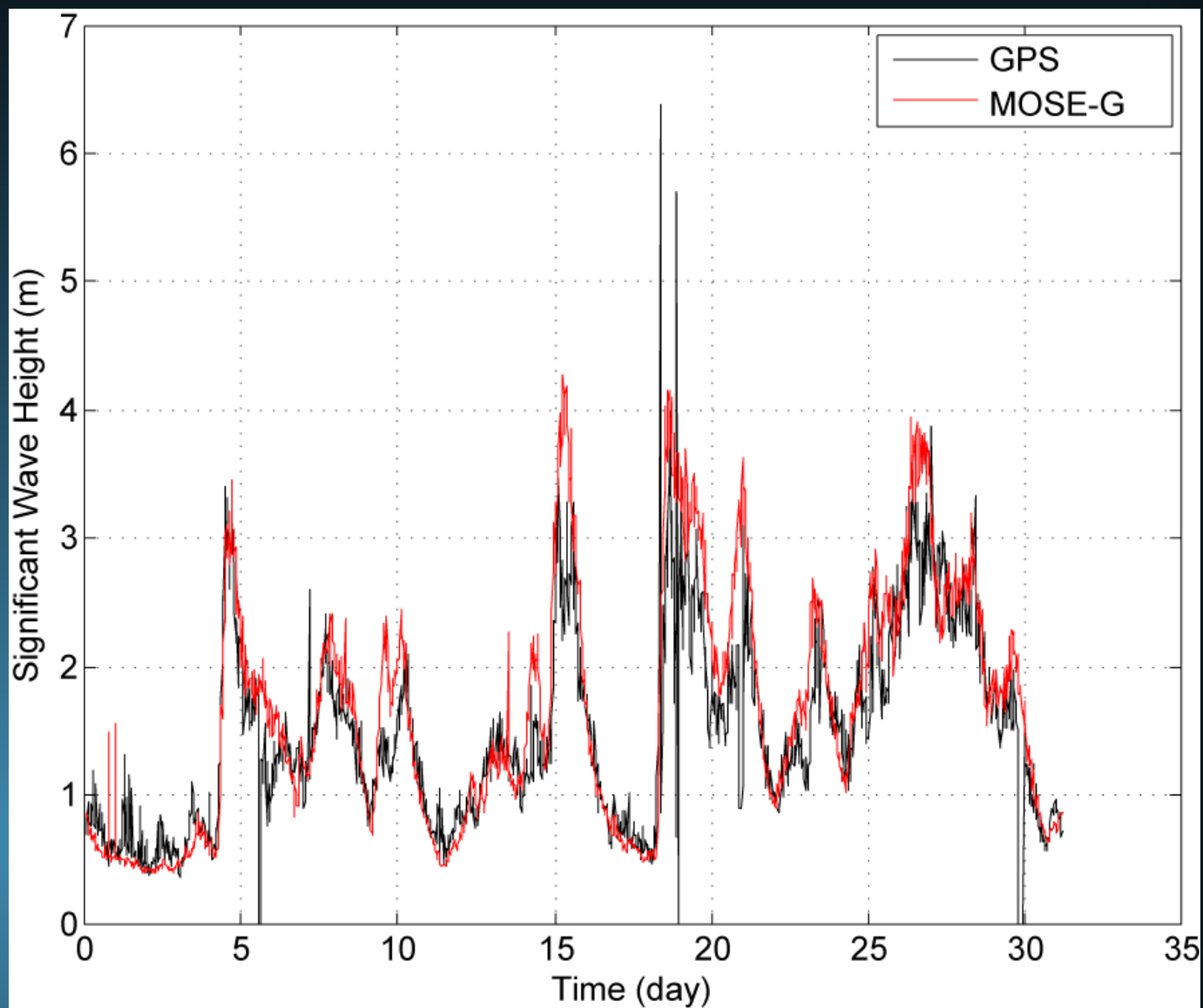


Courtesy Peter Niiler *et al*

KOGA buoy (5 m) - Datawell MOSE-G KOGA Scripps (0.75 m) - GPS



Significant wave height ($4\times\sigma$)



- Objectives
 - Evaluate feasibility of wave measurement from drifters
 - Explore in particular use of GPS as the cost-effective means of yielding 2-dimensional wave spectra
 - Prove the technology by measurements and intercomparison with existing trusted wave measurement technologies
 - Deploy up to 50 wave measurement drifters within the framework of the pilot project
 - Establish confidence in user community in the validity of wave measurements from drifters
- Approved by DBCP XXIV
 - Up to 3 years
 - Up to \$30k 'seedcorn' funding



Steering Committee Membership

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- Request Panel to continue with PP-WMD
- Revise PP membership
- Move operational focus to Scripps
- Test GPS sensors on PP-WET platforms
- Investigate ways of characterising sensor inside SVP