Review of Investigations in 2010-2011 to Progress Drifter Technology

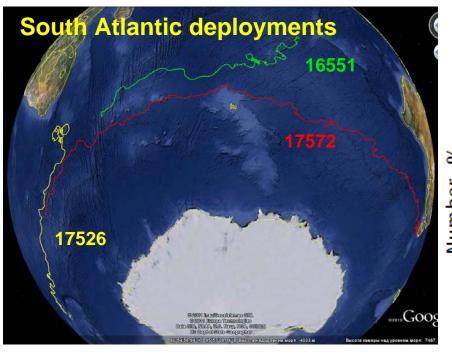
(All data were fixed on 15 Sep 2011)

Lunev E., Motyzhev S., Tolstosheev A.

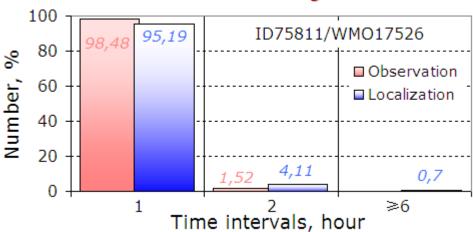
Marine Hydrophysical Institute NASU / Marlin-Yug Ltd,

Evaluation of the Iridium PP drifters, deployed by SAWS in South Atlantic

Information about the buoys							Status of sensors			
Owner	WMO	GPS	Deployment Days Theor				SST	SLP	Drog	
	17572 SAWS 17526	No	15 Dec 2009	639	900	no	+	+	124	
SAWS		Hourly	25 Jan 2010	598	750	+	+	+	562	
	16551	fixes	13 Apr 2010	520	750	+	+	+	122	



Continuity of hourly samples and GPS fixes under any weather



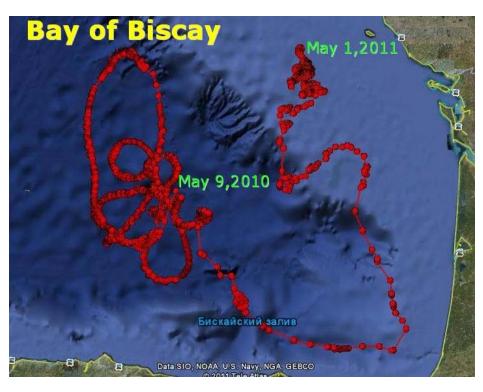
Evaluation of Iridium SVP-BTC80 temperature-profiling drifter (1 year in the Bay of Biscay)

Information about the buoy					Status of sensors							
Owner	WMO	GPS	Depl.	Recov.	Days	Theo	GPS	SST	SLP	Tz (16)	Drog	HP
Met-Fr	62510	hourly	1 May 10	9 May 11	357	420	+	+	+	+	+	8 th month

The buoy was recovered to study the problem with HP sensor

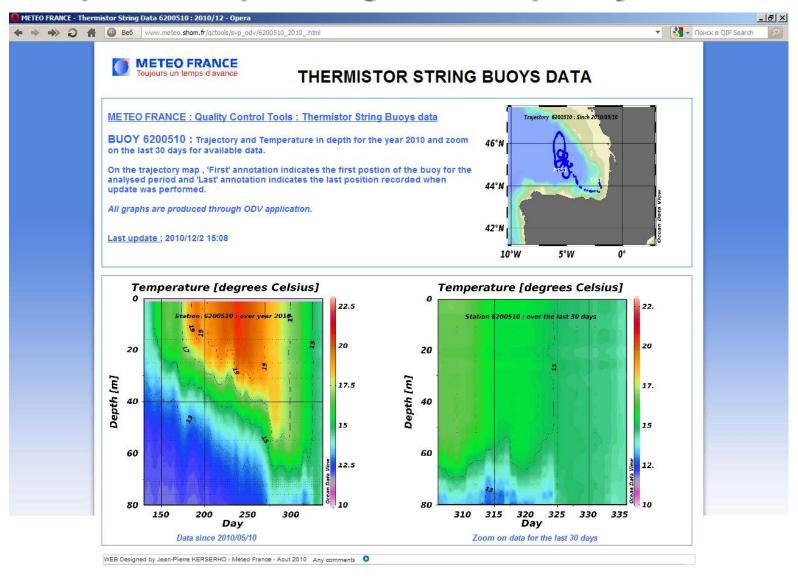
Full trajectory

After recovery





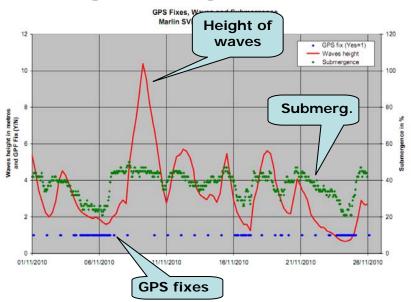
Evaluation of Iridium SVP-BTC80 temperature-profiling drifter: quality control



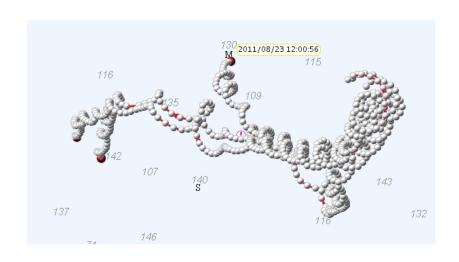
GPS capabilities under different waves conditions

	_				_	Wave infl. on GPS fixes		
Owner	Buoy	WMO	Link	C Depl. Are		Duty cycle GPS	Continuous GPS	
SAWS	SVP-B	62510	Iridium	9 May 10	South Ocean	Any		
Met-Fr	SVP-BTC	62510	Iridium	9 May 10	Bay of Biscay	3-m height	6-m height	
Sweden	SVP-B mini	no	Argos-2	10 Aug 11	Baltic Sea	2-m height	4-m height	

Iridium SVP-BTC/RTC/GPS Bay of Biscay, Dec 2010



Argos-2 SVP-B/RTC/GPS mini Baltic Sea, Aug 2011

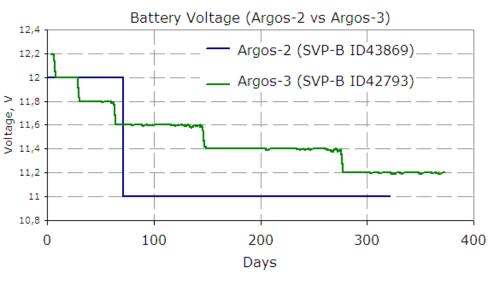


Graph from Pierre Blouch

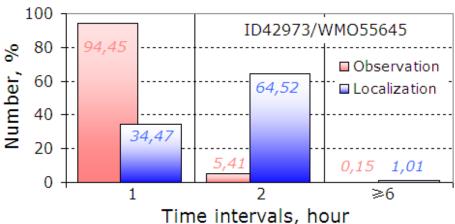
Evaluation of the Argos-3 PP SVP-B mini drifters in the Tasman Sea

	Information about the buoys								Status of sensors		
Owner	ID	WMO	Depl.	Stop	Days	Theor.	SST	*SLP	Drog		
	41803	55962	30 Sep 10		350		+	+	149		
CLS Argos	41882	55963	1 Oct 10	beached re-depl	288		+	+	3		
==== NZ MO	42957	55961	31 Oct 10		318	700	+	+	144		
	42961	55644	2 Sep 10		377		+	+	185		
	42973	55645	2 Sep 10		377		+	+	326		

The AP spikes took place after loss of drogue

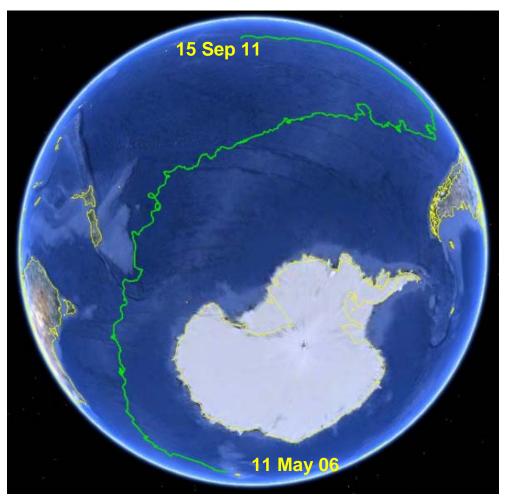


Continuity of hourly samples and Doppler fixes under any weather



Capabilities of Argos-2 drifters for tracking their trajectories

SVP-B drifter 1953-day track



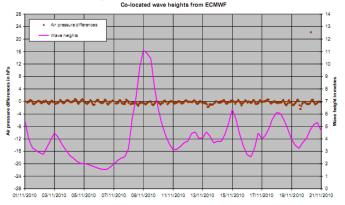
Duration of tracking						
Owner	ID	WMO	Depl.	Days		
	67381	56531	11.05.06	1953		
AUBOM	67379	56532	06.12.06	1744		
	34127	56547	19.02.08	1304		

Quality of AP samples for 41-cm SVP-B standard drifter

Info	Information about AP long-living SVP-B drifters							
Owner	ID	WMO	Depl.	Stop	Days	AP		
Met-Fr	49678	62505	15 Jun 08	18 Aug 11	1159	+		
	84146	56939	25 Dec 08		1025	+		
AUBOM	84147	56943	4 Jan 09	15 Aug 11	953	+		
	84152	56941	13 Jan 09	19 Aug 11	948	+		

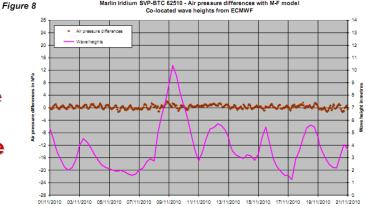
Graphs from Pierre Blouch

WM062505 without drogue

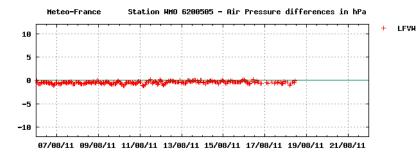


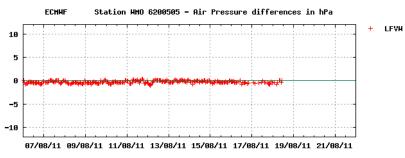
Marlin Iridium SVP-BTC 62510 - Air pressure differences with M-F mode Co-located wave heights from ECMWF

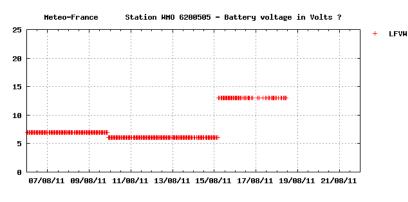
WM062510 with drogue and temperature chain



AP quality for WMO62505 on 1159 day

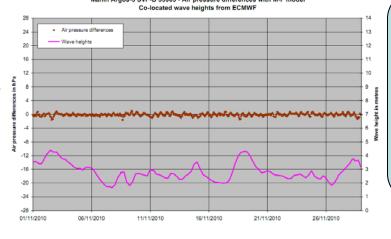




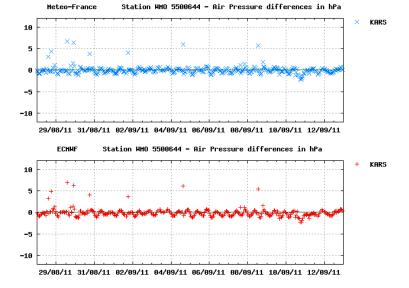


Quality of AP samples for 35-cm SVP-B mini drifter in the Tasman Sea

AP quality for buoy with drogue or when calm water without drogue **Graph from Pierre Blouch**

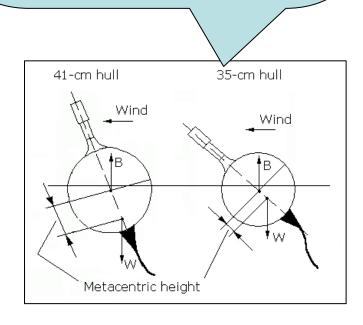


AP quality for buoy without drogue when harsh weather conditions



Reasons for AP wrong data

- Larger inclination from vertical line because of smaller metacentric height.
- Direct influence of wind on AP sensor.
- 3. The de-spiking algorithm cannot help



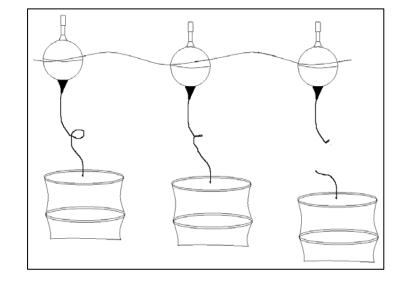
Keeping of the drogue attached

Tether inside hose



SVP-BTC drifter recovered after 1-year operation in the Bay of Biscay

Reason to get the drogue lost Loop at tether

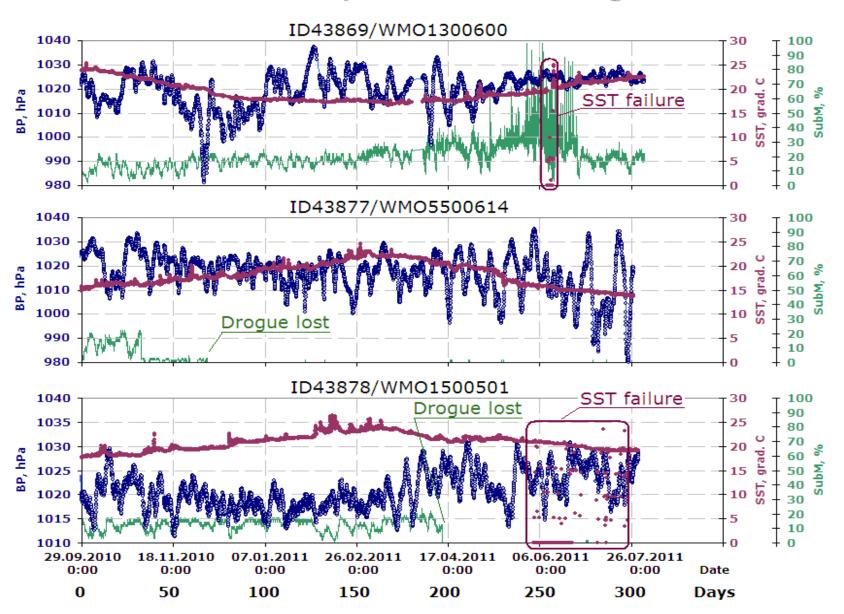


Drogue as a whole



NOAA test. 5 Argos-2 SVP-B/RTC drifters (Marlin-Yug)

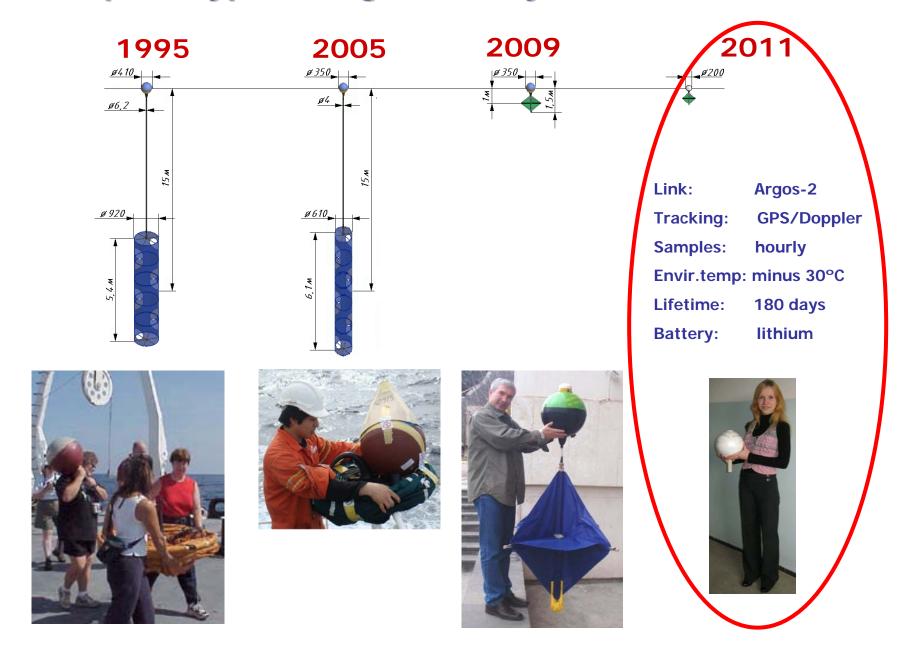
Date: 28-Sep-2010 to 15-Aug-2011



NOAA test. 5 Argos-2 SVP-B/RTC drifters (Marlin-Yug) Date: 28-Sep-2010 to 15-Aug-2011

ID/ WMO	AP	SST	Drogue	Probable cause of failure
43868/ —	D	eployment failu	no automatic switch	
43869/ 1300600	ok	failure after 255 days	ok	SST: sensor connection failure
43870/ —	D	eployment failu	no automatic switch	
43877/ 5500614	ok	ok	lost after 33 (70?) days	looping on a rope
43878/ 1500501	ok	failure after 246 days	lost after 199 days	 SST: sensor connection failure; Drogue: looping on a rope

New prototype of Argos-2 buoy with 20-cm hull



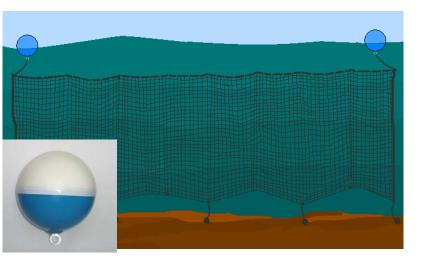
The variants to use Argos-2 buoy with 20-cm hull

Drifter for shallow water



Drifting fishing nets





ARGUM OPB ICE MANAGA ID52496

Air deployment





Tracking of icebergs, ice-floes with animals, oil spills



Transfer of Argos-2 drifter technology

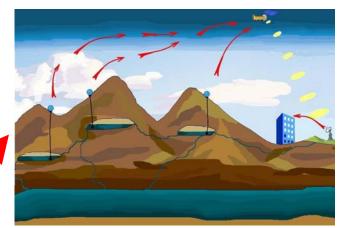
Module of hydrostatic pressure



Water Level
Gauge for
regions
difficult of
access

WLG-100

Water level inside mountains



Monitoring of flooding





Water level in the wells



The problems fixed and ways to be eliminated

Buoy	The problem	Reason	Way to remove	
SVP-B mini	AP spiking without drogue	Large inclination from vertical, when wind influence	Additional study	
SVP-BTC80	Failure of hydrostatic pressure sensor after some time	Biology overgrowing of the hole to sensor	Another design of the head for sensor	
	Failure of SST sensor after some time	Internal connector	Another kind of connector	
SVP, SVP-B	Deployment of drifter without activation	Absence of automatic switch	Another design of the switch Thanks Julie Fletcher for her assistance	

Conclusion

- 1. Iridium SVP-B/GPS drifter with 41-cm hull provides continuous set of hourly samples and GPS fixes for 2-year interval at least under harsh weather conditions of the South Ocean.
- 2. Iridium SVP-BTC80/GPS temperature-profiling drifter has 1-year lifetime. The buoy keeps continuity of samples as well as GPS fixes when 12-m and 6-m wave heights take place correspondently.
- 3. Argos-2 SVP-B/GPS mini drifter can ensure continuity of samples under harsh weather conditions and GPS fixes when wave height is up to 4 m.
- 4. Argos-3 buoys provide continuous set of hourly samples and longer lifetime in contrast with Argos-2 buoys, when same battery blocks are used.
- 5. SVP-B drifters with reliable AP samples under any weather conditions, as well as with longer lifetime can be used in the difficult of access South Ocean.
- 6. SVP-B mini drifters with shortened lifetime can be used in low latitudes, where there is probability to keep density of the net by means of ships of opportunity.
- 7. The main reason to get the Holey Sock lost is the loops on rope. Keeping of tether strained during submergence of drogue decreases probability of its fast loss. Better result should be, if tether is inserted inside rubber hose.
- 8. The parachute system, developed for dropping the buoys with 20-cm hull, increases areas of this tool use to study surface water and ice movement.

