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Integration of marine meteorological and other appropriate oceanographic observations into the WMO Integrated Global Observing Systems (WIGOS Pilot Project for JCOMM)

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WMO OMM

## WMO Integrated Global Observing Systems (WIGOS)

Promoted by WMO Cg XV (2007)

- Comprehensive, multi-disciplinary, coordinated, and sustainable system of observing systems
- Contributes to GEOSS

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- Serving all WMO Programmes and co-sponsored Programmes
- Ensuring interoperability between sub-systems and data availability
- Ensuring data quality standards
- Facilitate archiving and technological innovations

#### WIGOS is Expected Result 4 of WMO strategic plan

# **Broad objectives of WIGOS**

- Address following domains:
  - Atmospheric
  - Oceanic
  - Terrestrial, including hydrological
- Ensure broader governance frameworks
  - Inter-agency co-sponsorship of systems
- Address requirements through Rolling Review
- Increase interoperability between various systems
  - Standardization of data produced
  - Data discovery and exchange
  - Complementarity space-based & in-situ components
- Ownership of partner organizations respected

# **Derived WIGOS benefits**

- Improved services
- Increased consistency/coherence
- Improved Quality
- Improved Access to observations
- More efficient use of resources
- Better preparedness to incorporate new observing systems and to interface with non-WMO systems

## WIGOS activities

#### • Pilot Projects

- I: Global Atmosphere Watch (GAW)
- II: Hydrological observations
- III: AMDAR (aircraft obs.)
- IV: Instruments and Methods of Observation (cross-cutting)
  - V: Marine Meteorological and other appropriate Oceanic Observations
- Demonstration Projects in all six WMO Regions
  - Kenya and Namibia; Korea; Brazil; USA; Australia; Russian Federation, Morocco
- Working Group on WIGOS-WIS (established by EC LIX, 2007)

## WIGOS Pilot Project for JCOMM

- Integrating marine and other appropriate oceanographic observations into WIGOS
- 3 levels of integration:
  - Best practices (instrument level)
  - Interoperability with WIS (obs. data level)
  - Quality Management (products level)



### Scope

- Guidance from EC WG WIGOS-WIS, and Sub-Group
- Joint Steering Group
- Coordination with WMO programmes (MMOP, IMOP, WWW, WIS) and Technical Commissions (CBS, CIMO)
- Coordination within JCOMM
  - Observations Programme Area (OPA)
  - Data Management Programme Area (DMPA)
  - Services Programme Area (SPA)
- Coordination with IOC and IODE
  - IOC has ownership

### Approach

#### Cooperation with the ocean community is key

- Easier to exchange data via the WIS
- Connection between Ocean Data Portal (ODP) and WIS for historical and recent data
- Integrate new sources of data (Argo, OceanSITES, GHRSST, XBT, Ocean carbon, sea level stations, satellite data...)
- Specific data systems yet to be developed by the ocean community

### Deliverables

- Documenting & integrating best practices and standards
  - Consistent and better quality data in models
- Interoperability of marine data systems with WIS
  - Multi-disciplinary approach
  - Documented and standardized data
- Quality Management
  - Cost effective QMS for better, more timely data and products minimizing duplication (compliant with QMF)

### Present situation in terms of data distribution

- IOC data policy and WMO Res. 40 to follow
  - Most of the data on GTS
  - Difficult for ocean centres to access GTS data
  - Some delayed mode data available
- Some parallel data distribution systems in place
  - e.g. Argo, Tropical moorings, GOSUD, OceanSITES, GHRSST
  - These systems provide for better quality data
  - Ocean data collection often funded by research
- Ocean community developed E2E technology
  - NODC, Obninsk proposed as WIS DCPC
  - Ocean Data Portal being developed by IODE in 2008
- Other interoperability initiatives
  - e.g. SeaDataNET, DMAC

WMO OMM WMO Information System (WIS)

#### WMO Information System (WIS)

- •Multi disciplinary
- •Real time and delayed mode
- •Push & Pull (DAR)



## **IODE** Ocean Data Portal



## JCOMM Pilot Project for WIGOS

- JCOMM/IODE Standards forum, Ostend, January 2008
  - Defined & Proposed a Standards process
    http://www.oceandatastandards.org/
- Planning meeting for the WIGOS PP for JCOMM, Ostend, 29 March 2008
- Joint Steering Group for the IODE Ocean Data Portal and the WIGOS Pilot Project for JCOMM, Geneva, Switzerland, 18-19 September 2008

#### Joint Steering Group (membership)

- CIMO expert (co-Chair):
- IODE expert (co-Chair):
- JCOMM OCG Chair:
- JCOMM DMCG Chair:
- ETDMP Chair:
- IOOS, DMAC (USA):
- NODC (USA):
- WIS expert(s):
- MCSS & GCCs:

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#### Joint Steering Group for the IODE Ocean Data Portal and the WIGOS PP for JCOMM

• Produced:

OMM

- Project Plan
- Implementation Plan
- Recommended:
  - Developing Business Plan
  - Enhancing cooperation with CIMO & HMEI
  - Updating WMO Guide No. 8
  - Establishing regional marine instrument centres
  - Integrated approach for instrument intercomparisons
- Identified 13 key data-sets to be connected to WIS
- Proposed approach to Quality Management

# Potential Partners/Participants

- World Ocean Atlas
- World Ocean Database
- SeaDataNET
- Argo Data System
- Surface currents from HF radars
- Sea level data
- VOS Delayed mode data (GCCs)
- Marine Climatology, ICOADS
- XBT Data
- GHRSST
- Virtual Constellation of SVW
- Instrument/Platform Metadata (e.g. META-T, ODAS)
- RNODC for Drifting Buoys

### Resources

- Implementation costs met by Members
- Project management:
  - 3/4 meetings of the Steering Team until 2011
    - Experts visiting data centres (making the case, explaining requirements, assisting in implementation)
  - Consultancy

### WIGOS and the DBCP

- Instrument Best Practices
  - Integrate existing DBCP Best Practices
    - WMO No. 8
    - JCOMM Catalogue of Best Practices
  - Develop
    - Calibration procedures
    - Deployment instructions
  - Rationalize Instrument Intercomparisons
  - NDBC offered to implement regional marine instrument centre
    - Develop links with HMEI
      - Association of Hydro-Meteorological Equipment Industry
- Interoperability with WIS
  - Data disseminated on GTS feed into WIS
  - RNODC/DB investigating providing interoperability
- Quality Management

WMO OMM Need to document procedures

### Benefits

#### For data users

- Better access to multi-disciplinary data (ocean, climate, hydrology)
- Access to more, and better data of known quality obtained through consistent, coherent, and traceable instrumentation meeting agreed upon standards
- Contribution to enhancing the development of operational oceanography nationally or worldwide (e.g. ocean mesoscale forecasting)

#### • For NMHSs

- Better access to ocean data for operational and research applications
- Access to quality information from buoys
- Building a truly multi-disciplinary WIS
- For All

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- Better products and services that serve the end users better (weather forecasts, marine services, marine climatology, climate monitoring and prediction)
- Enhanced cooperation between meteorological and oceanographic communities

# Thank you!