

The Restrained ADOS-V: A Lightweight, Self-Deploying Coastal Mooring

By

L.R. Centurioni, P.P. Niiler

and

C. McCall

Scripps Institution of Oceanography, La Jolla,
CA, USA

lcenturioni@ucsd.edu



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Outline

- Description of the Restrained Autonomous Drifting Ocean Station with Velocity measurements capability (R-ADOS-V);
- Example of applications (ONR sponsored acoustic experiment in the southern East China Sea);
- Conclusions.

The R-ADOS-V: rationale

The R-ADOS-V is designed to fulfill the need for:

- 1) Un-expensive shallow water moorings capable of measuring temperature and velocity profiles;
- 2) Real-time temperature and velocity data delivery;
- 3) Easy deployment (i.e. “throwing a box from a VOS”)

THE EVOLUTION OF THE SURFACE DRIFTER

ADOS

- SST, SSP, V (horizontal), Wind, T (subsurface)
- Operational mode: yes

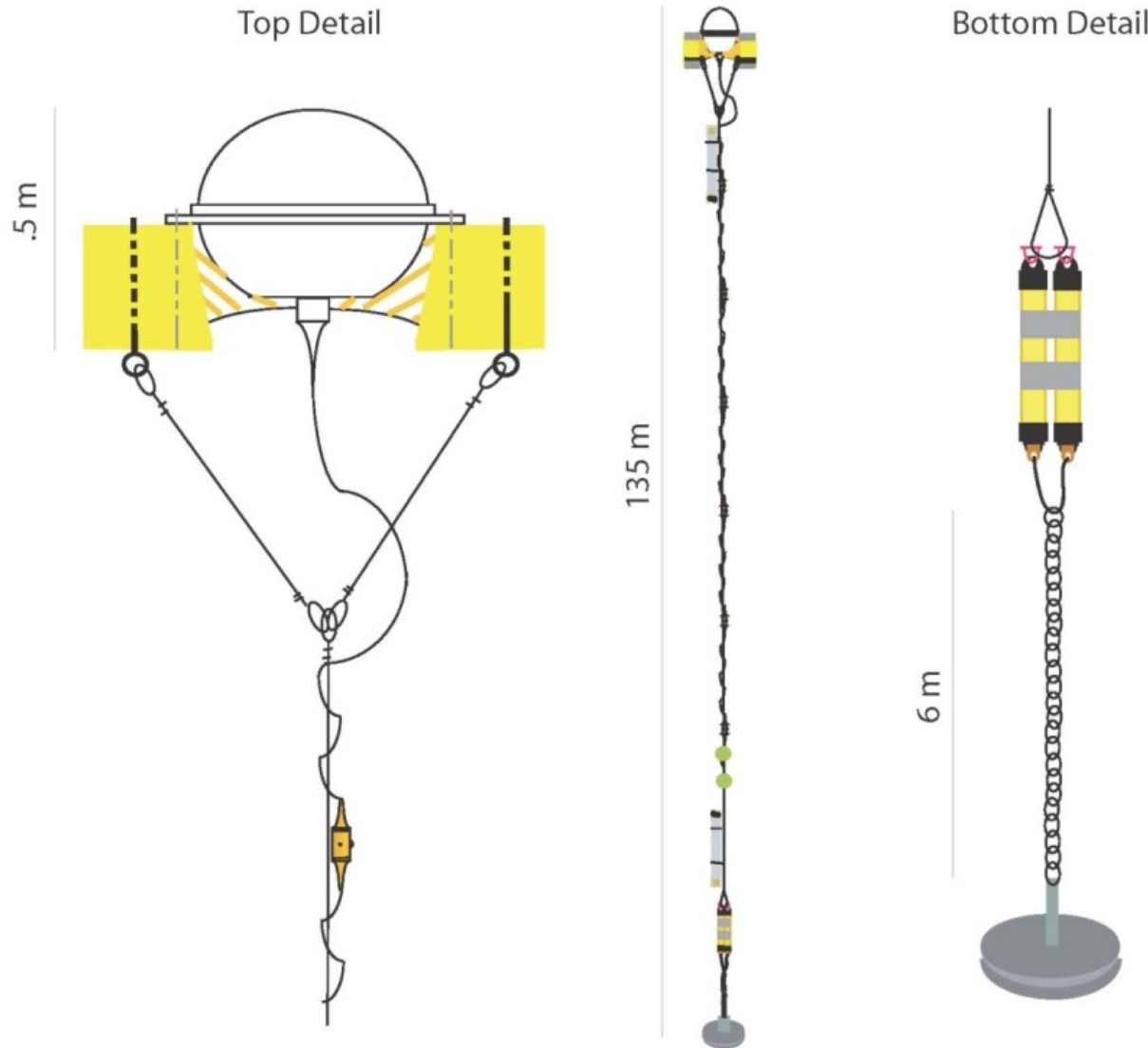
ADOS-V

- SST, V (3D, subsurface), T (subsurface)
- Operational mode: no

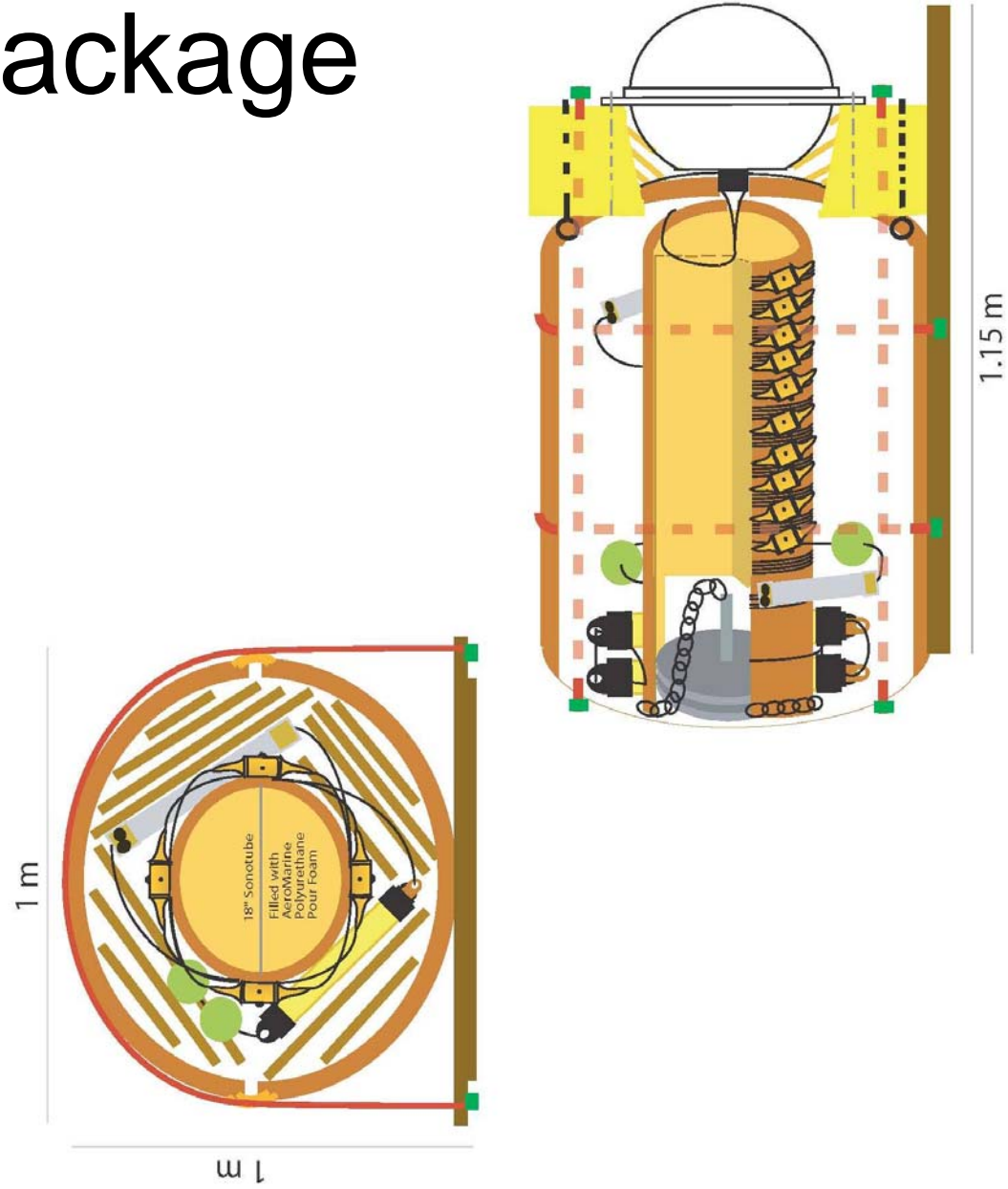
R-ADOS-V

- SST, V (3D, subsurface), T (subsurface)
- Operational mode: no

R-ADOS-V schematic



R-ADOS-V: deployment package



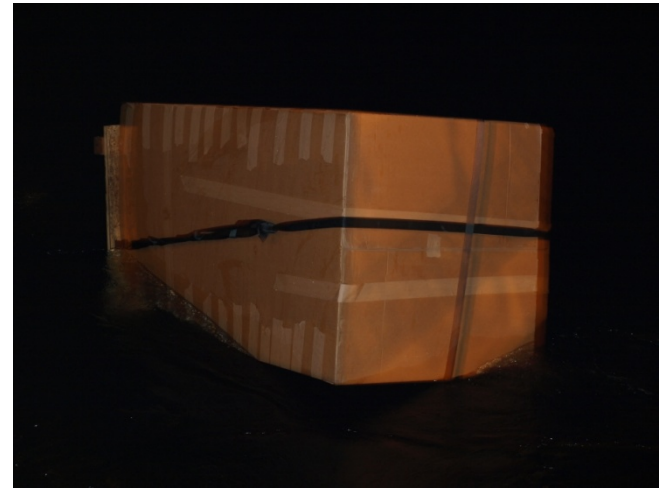
R-ADOS-V: deployment package



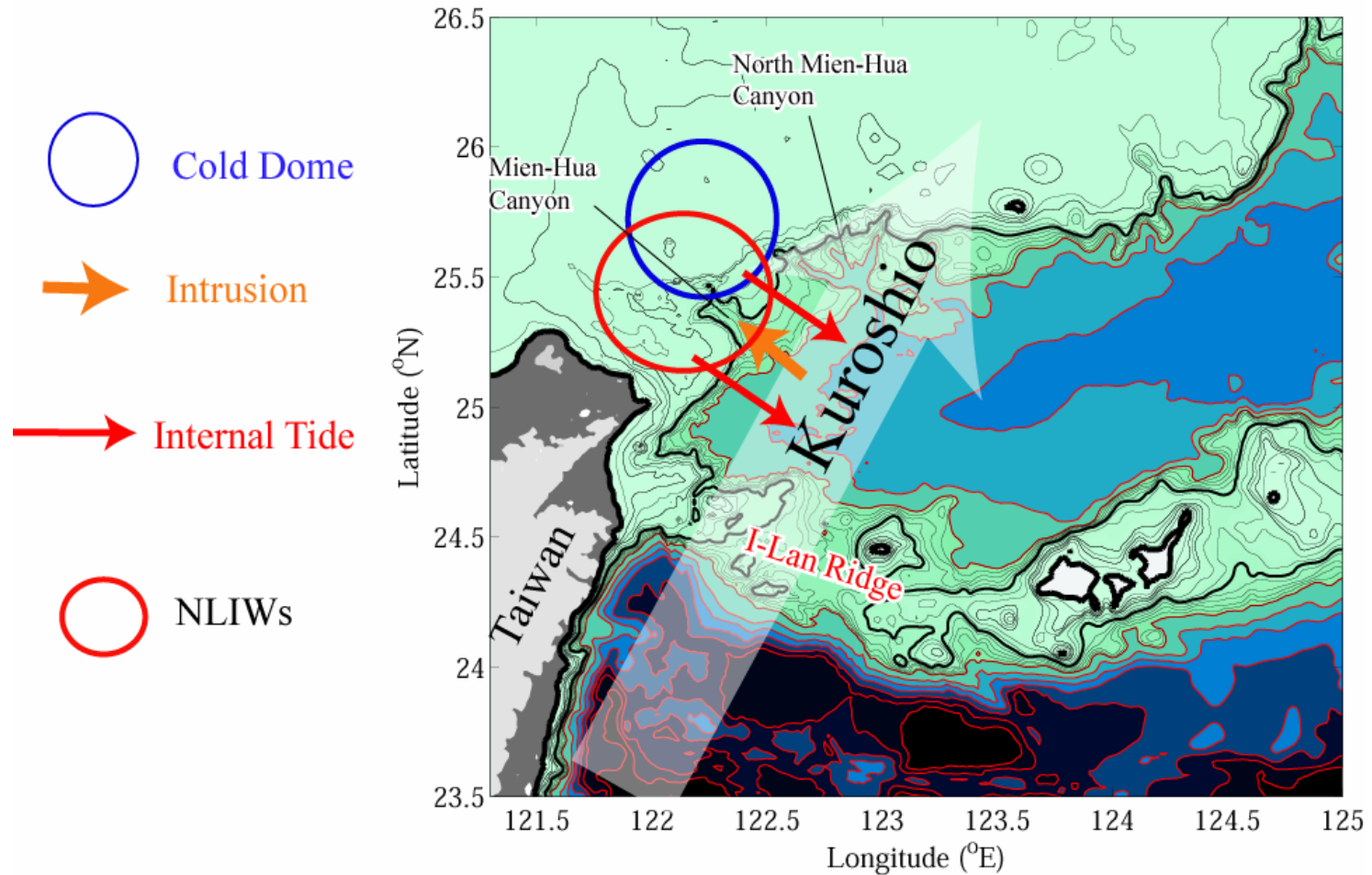
R-ADOS-V: main specs

- Overall length: 135 m;
- Target depth: 120 m;
- Comms: Iridium modem;
- Dual GPS;
- Controller: clearsat by Clearwater inc.
- Endurance: 30 days;
- Thermistor coupling: inductive;
- ADCP: Nortek Aquadopp profiler;
- Internal logging: Persistor CF2 data logger;
- Acoustic releases: ORE shallow water;
- Bottom weight: 100 Kgs;
- Max current withstanding: 1.5 m/s

R-ADOS-V: deployment

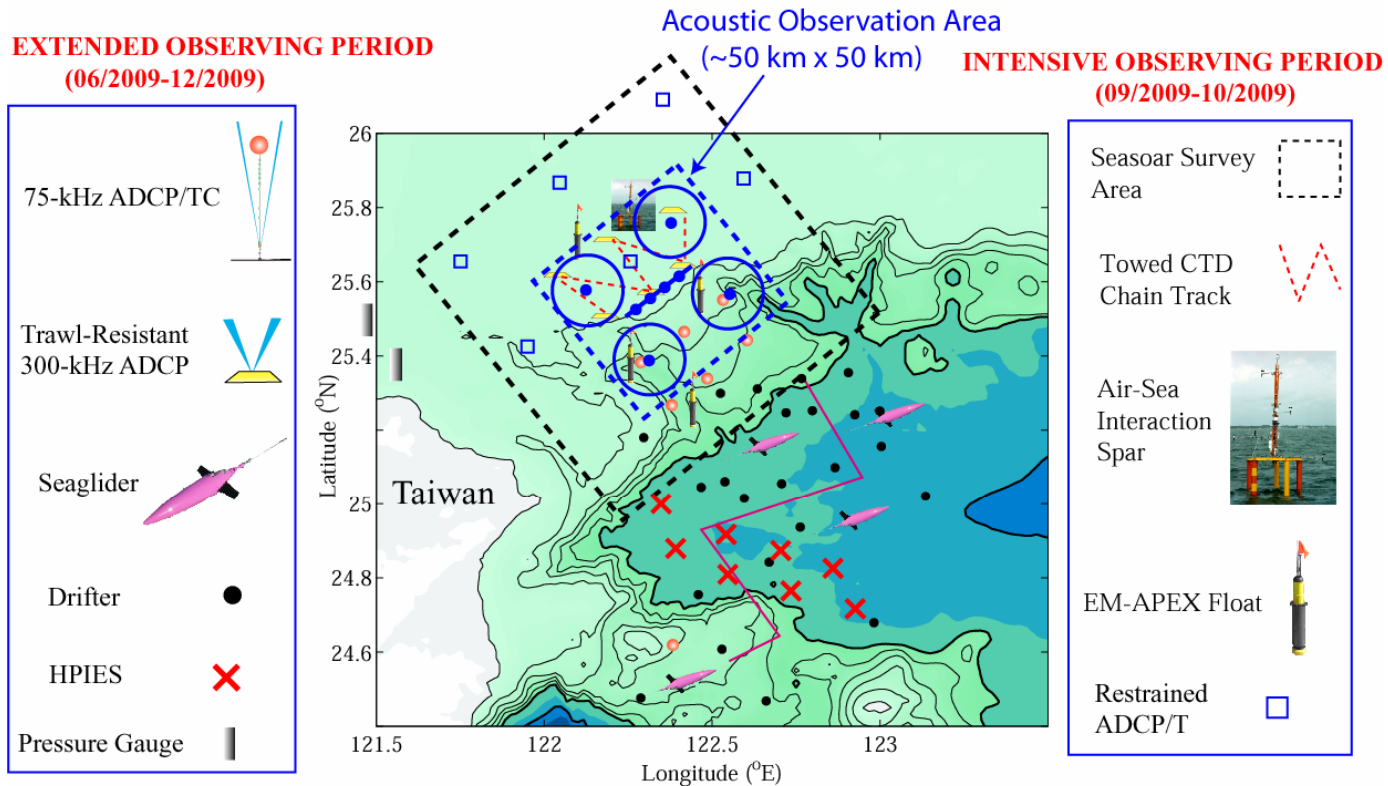


Description of the Experiment (1)



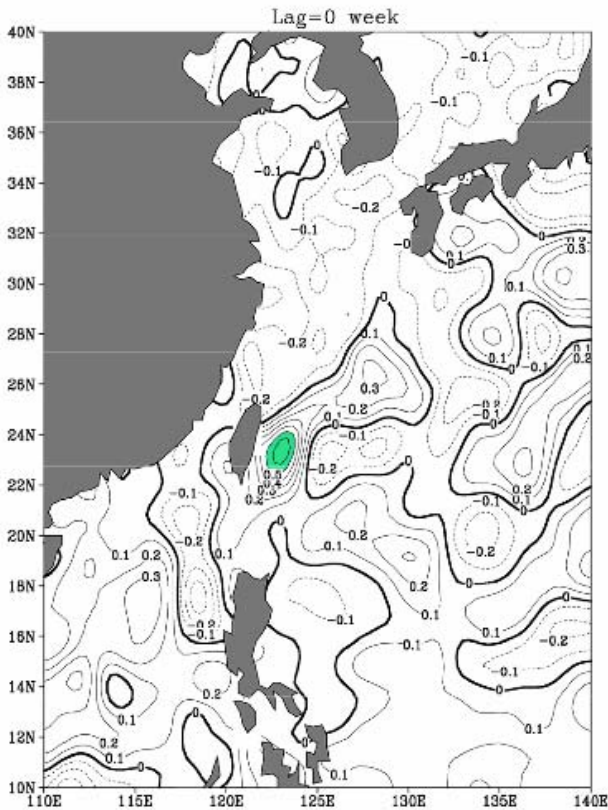
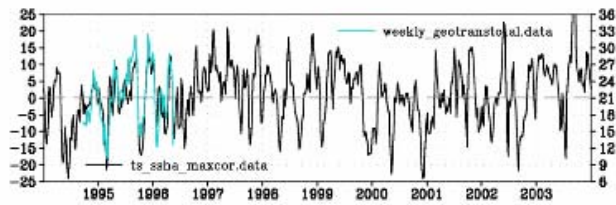
Description of Experiment (2)

Integrated Acoustic and PO Observational Plan

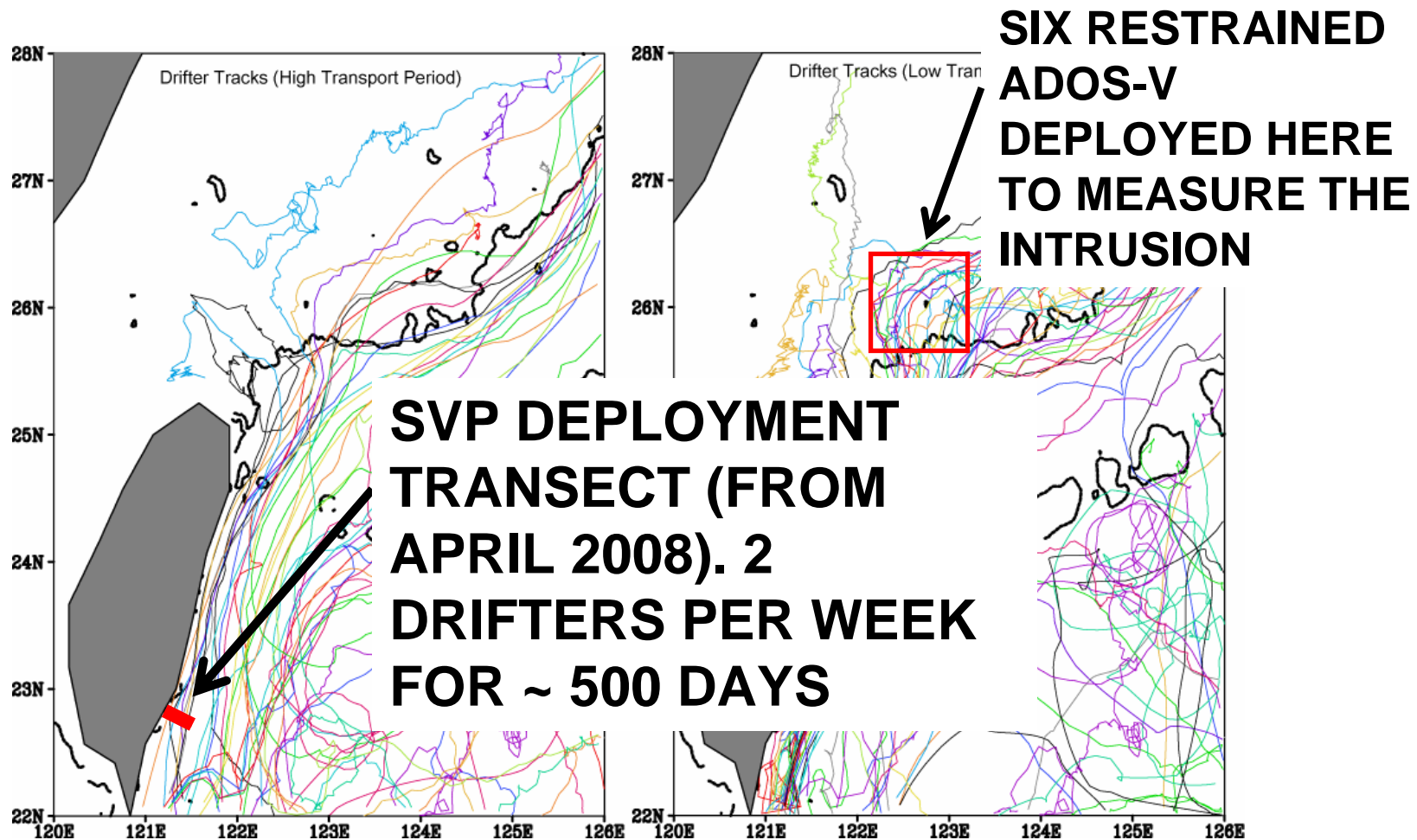


Acoustic Observation Assets

- OMAS Source Track (D=20km) w/ sonobuoys in each circle
- WHOI Single Hydrophone Receiver Unit (SHRU) w/ thermistor string
- WHOI Bottom Mounted Horizontal Array; NTU Vertical Line Array
- Locations of Fixed/Towed Acoustic Sources (TBD)



Upper panel shows observed Kuroshio transport in East Taiwan Channel (green line, right scale) and weekly average AVISO sea level anomaly (black line, left scale) at green “spot” on lower panel that shows the correlation coefficient between AVISO sea level anomaly in western Pacific and Kuroshio time variable transport.



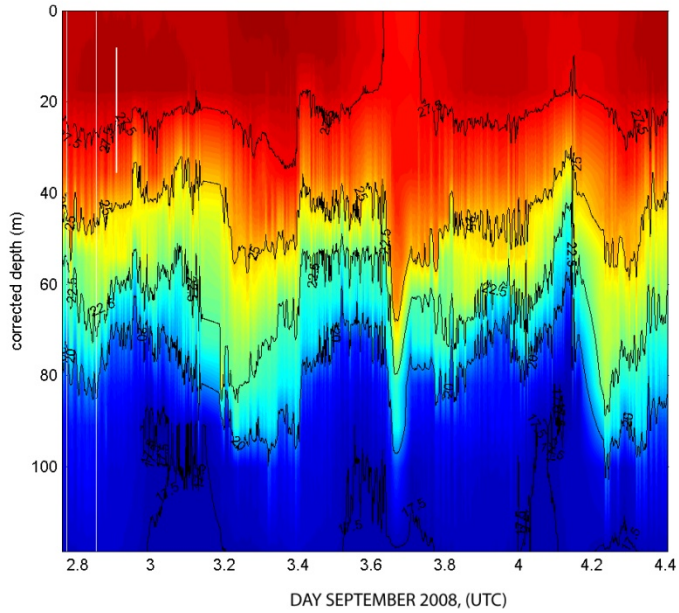
Drifter tracks during high Kuroshio transport (left panel) and low Kuroshio transport (right panel).

Pilot Experiment 1: svp drifters

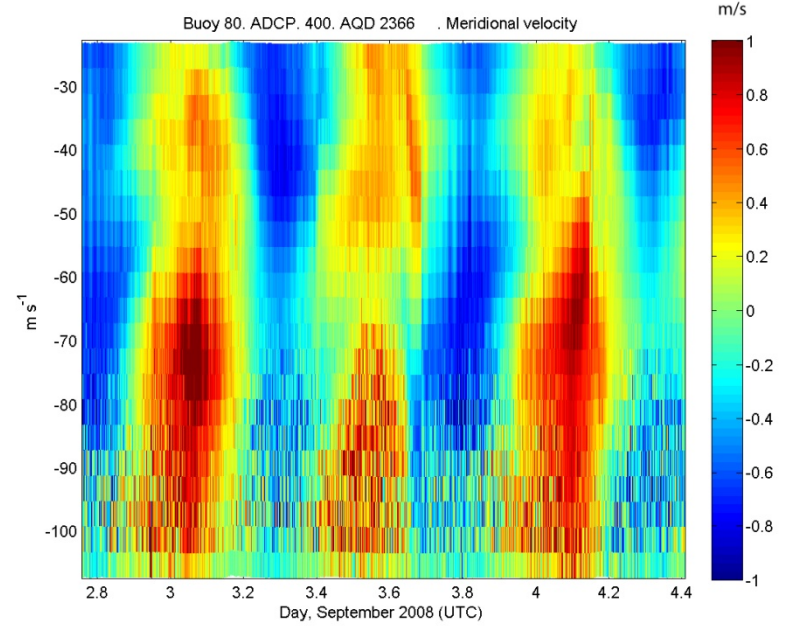
- From yoo-yin

Pilot Experiment: R-ADOS-V data

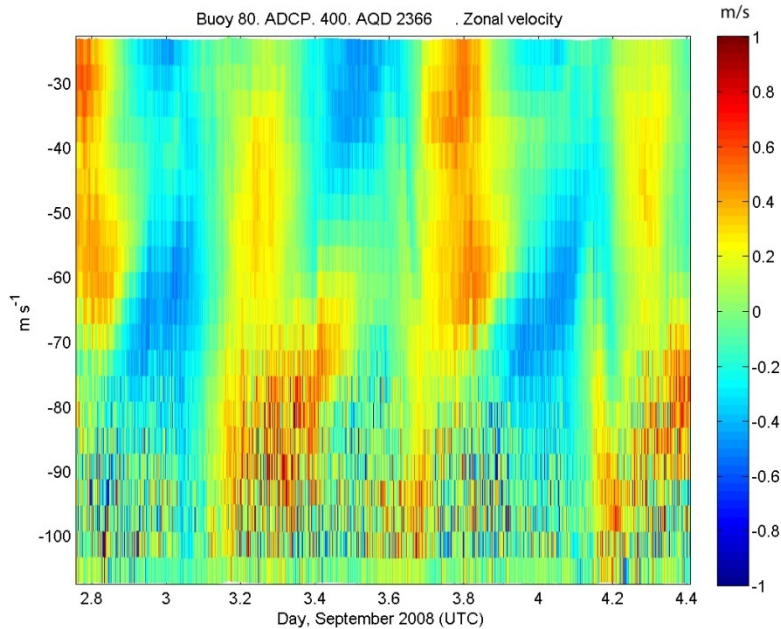
TEMPERATURE, CHAIN 80, QPE PILOT CRUISE



Buoy 80. ADCP. 400. AQD 2366 . Meridional velocity



Buoy 80. ADCP. 400. AQD 2366 . Zonal velocity



R-ADOS-V: improvements

- Implement real time data transmission;
- Eliminate ADCP battery pack (by placing batteries in the surface buoy);
- Add magnetic switch to turn on the R-ADOS-V upon deployment;

conclusions

- R-ADOS-V is a low-cost, self-deploying restrained drifters that can replace a shallow water coastal mooring when research vessels/skilled crew are not available and cost is a concern;
- First successful trial for scientific applications was performed in September 2008;
- R-ADOS-V has several applications, such as observations of coherent structures when spatio-temporal resolution is needed.