



# Project GlobWave

---

MARCDAT-III Workshop  
5<sup>th</sup> May, 2011

Geoff Busswell, Logica

[www.globwave.info](http://www.globwave.info)





## Satellite Products

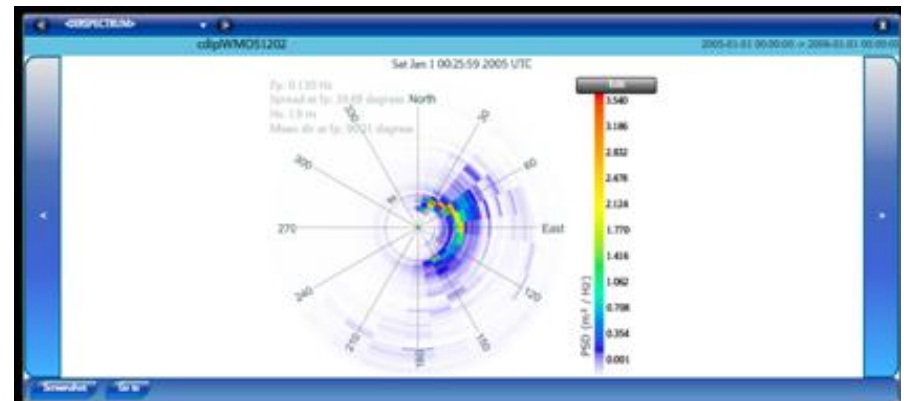
- All satellite products available in a “common” L2P format
  - NetCDF-3
  - Meta-data standard is CF-1.4 compliant

### Altimeter

ERS-1, ERS-2, ENVISAT,  
TOPEX/POSEIDON, Jason-1,  
Jason-2, GEOSAT, GFO

### SAR

ERS-1, ERS-2, ENVISAT



- 25 Years of consistently calibrated multi-mission satellite wave data!!
- NRT data available within 1-4 hours of observation from space
- Support of further data streams when available; Cryosat-2, Altika

... and it's free!!



## Physical Parameters

### **Common to SAR & Altimetry:**

- Backscatter Coefficient (Sigma0)
- Altimeter/SAR Wind Speed
- Quality Flags
- Rejection Flags

### **SAR Specific:**

- Swell Significant Wave Height
- Dominant wavelength (per spectral partition)
- Mean direction (per spectral partition)
- Standard Errors for the above

### **Altimeter Specific:**

- Significant Wave Height (SWH)
- SWH Standard Error

### **Ancillary data:**

- Model Wind Speeds
- Bathymetry
- Distance to Coast
- Sea Surface Temperature
- Surface Air Temperature
- Surface Air Pressure



## Data Dissemination

How do I get it you ask!

- Email [fpaf@ifremer.fr](mailto:fpaf@ifremer.fr) with the subject “GlobWave Data Access”
- You will be issued with a username and password
- Then just visit the ftp site or browse data files via your web browser

File organisation:

- Data files organised in a clear directory structure by mission, year, month, day
- Currently working on a merged Altimeter product as a result of user requests

Browsing the meta-data:

- Panoply
- HDFView



## Online Tool for Satellite vs In Situ Matchup Database

A satellite vs. *in situ* matchup database has been constructed using:

- The full archive of GlobWave satellite data
- An set of *in situ* data sources from:

- POSEIDON
- Puertos del Estado
- NODC
- UKMO
- CDIP

- Query tool will allow searches of matchups based on geo-location and time windows.

Available July 2011



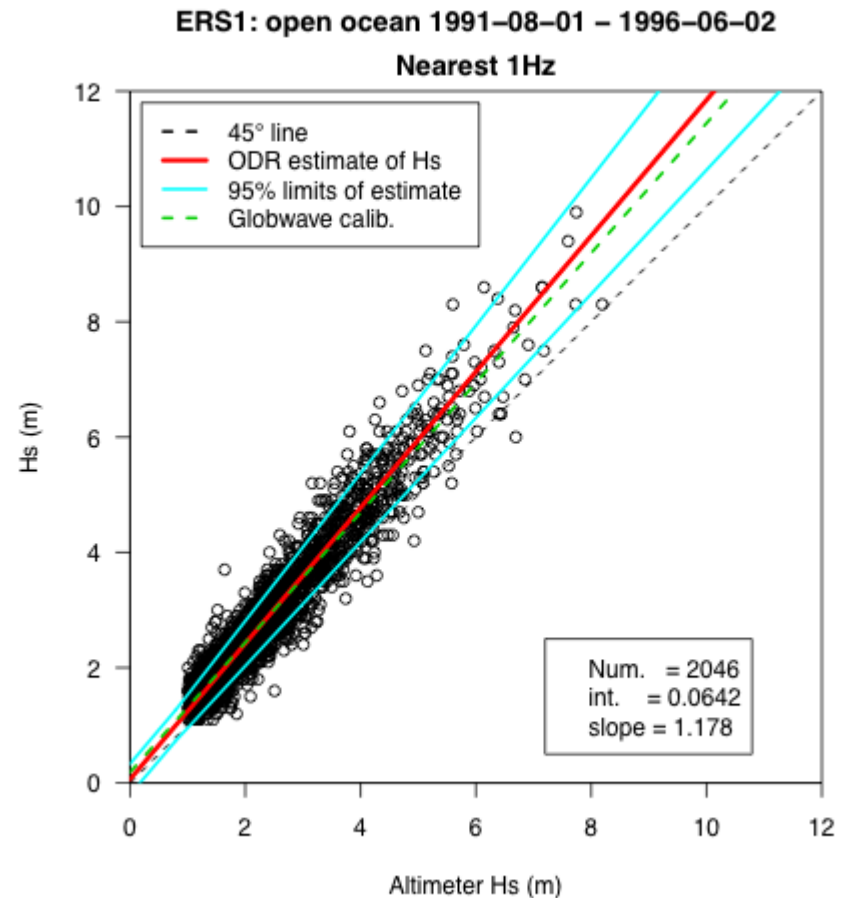


## Error Characterisation Analysis: Accuracy of Satellite Data

### ERS-1 vs NODC SWH (1991-1996)

Derivation of:

- Calibration equation
- Standard error
- 95% confidence limits





## Error Characterisation Analysis: Accuracy of Satellite Data

- Based on comparisons with NODC buoy data

Altimeter	Formula ( $H_s > 1\text{m}$ )	SE ( $H_s \leq 1\text{m}$ )	SE ( $H_s = 4\text{m}$ )	SE ( $H_s = 8\text{m}$ )
ERS-1	$0.094 + H_s * 0.052$	0.146	0.303	0.511
ERS-2	$0.080 + H_s * 0.059$	0.139	0.317	0.554
Envisat	$0.004 + H_s * 0.076$	0.080	0.306	0.608
GFO	$0.022 + H_s * 0.058$	0.080	0.253	0.484
TOPEX A	$0.043 + H_s * 0.057$	0.101	0.272	0.501
TOPEX B	$0.039 + H_s * 0.055$	0.094	0.259	0.480
Jason-1	$0.055 + H_s * 0.052$	0.107	0.263	0.471
Jason-2	$0.058 + H_s * 0.052$	0.110	0.264	0.470

- Derived errors inserted back into satellite data
- Users given complete transparency on data accuracy



## Error Characterisation Analysis: Accuracy of Buoy Networks

- Buoy network comparisons with Envisat

Buoy Network	Formula ( $H_s > 1\text{m}$ )	SE ( $H_s \leq 1\text{m}$ )	SE ( $H_s = 4\text{m}$ )	SE ( $H_s = 8\text{m}$ )
NODC	$0.004 + H_s * 0.076$	0.080	0.308	0.612
UKMet	$0.059 + H_s * 0.054$	0.113	0.273	0.487
OPPE	$0.089 + H_s * 0.087$	0.176	0.438	0.787
CDIP	$0.195 + H_s * 0.064$	0.259	0.451	0.706

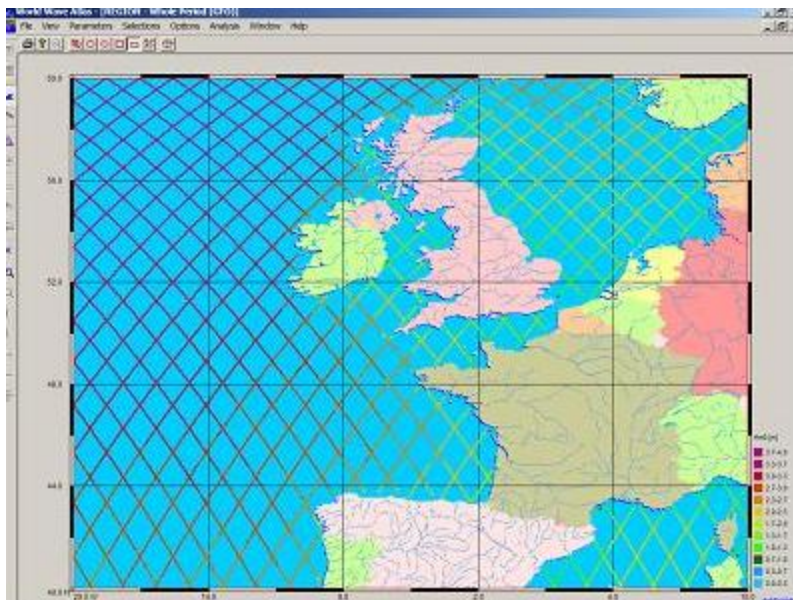


## Data Sub-setting

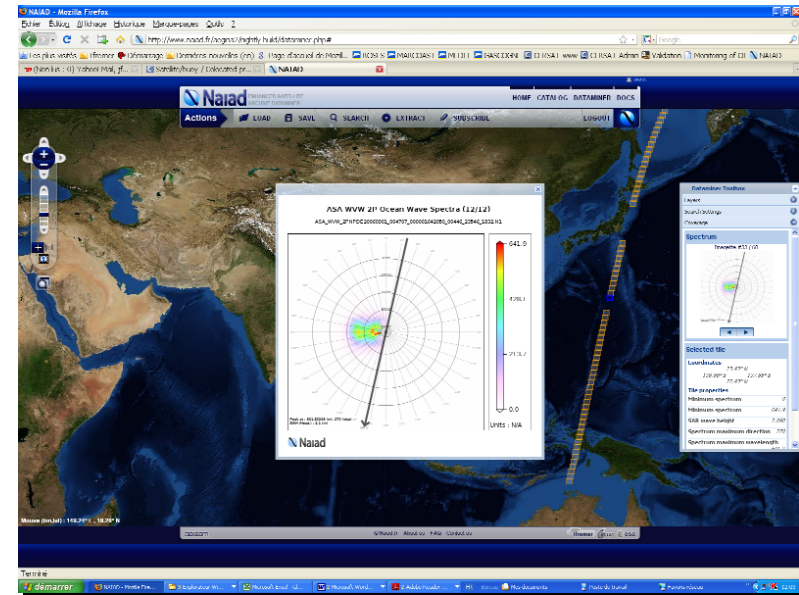
3<sup>rd</sup> Party Tools already exist:

Allows query and extraction:

- Specified geo-location and time windows
- Physical Parameters
- Acquisition Type



World Wave Atlas – developed by Fugro Oceanor



NAIAD – developed by Ifremer

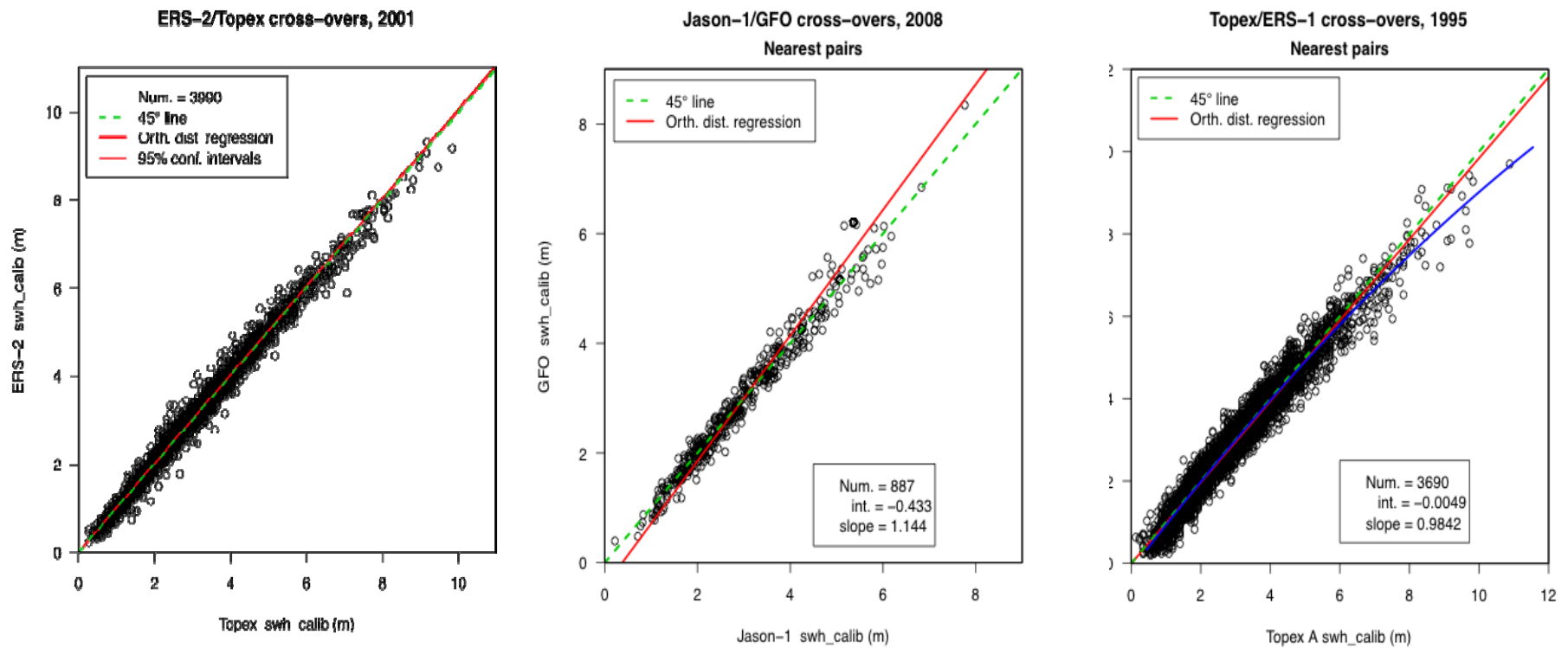
Users able to visualize:

- Physical Parameters
- Data Volumes
- Satellite Tracks



# Satellite vs Satellite Matchup Database

- Database of satellite crossovers has been produced and analysed



# Global Wave Statistics

Goal is to compare measured quantities from different satellites over different regions

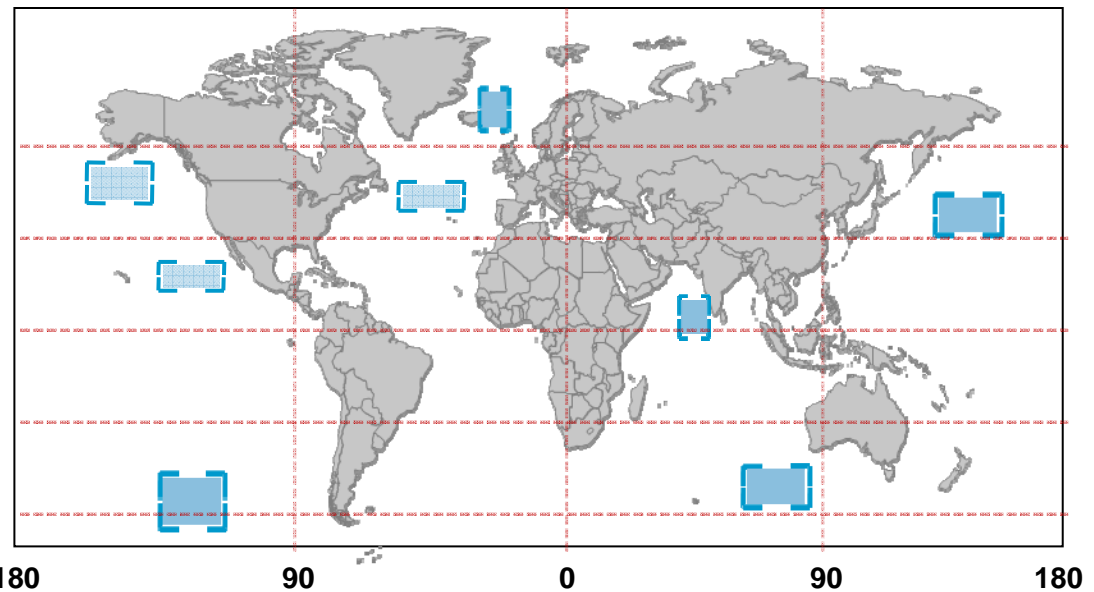
The following physical quantities have been compared:

## Altimeter

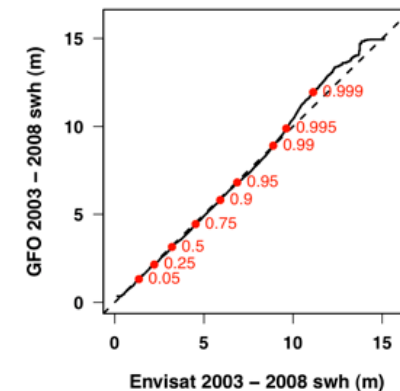
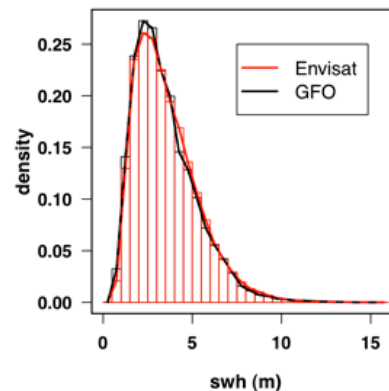
- Significant wave height

## SAR

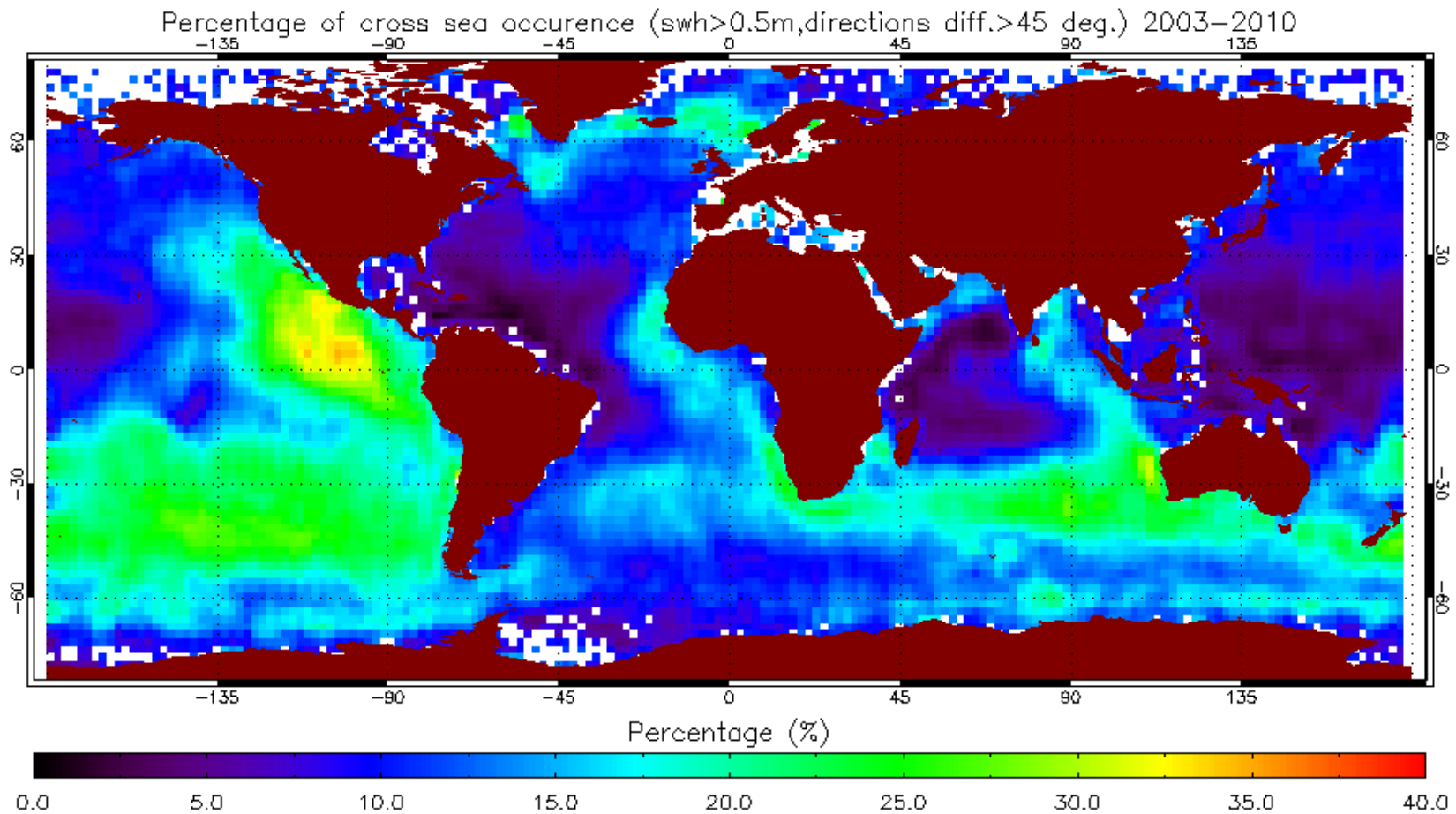
- Swell wave height
- Dominant swell direction
- Dominant swell wavelength



North Atlantic Region



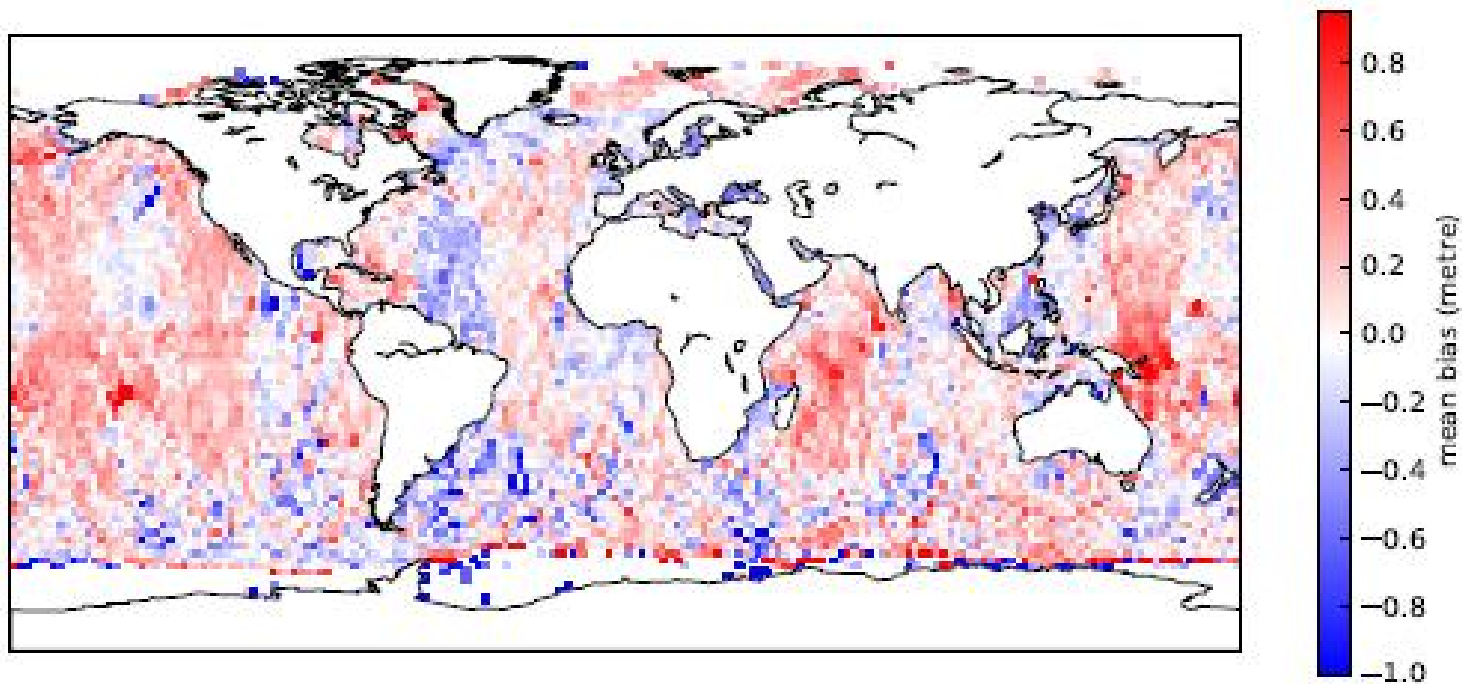
## SAR Cross Seas Analysis



- Of key interest to maritime users

## Pilot Spatial Extension to the Wave Forecast Verification Scheme

- Allow inter-comparison of satellite and model data
- Ingesting model data on a monthly basis from participating organisations
- Providing (configurable) offline reports on a monthly basis illustrating the previous months inter-comparisons





## GlobWave User Meeting

- National Maritime College of Ireland (NMCI) in Cork.
- 5-6 October 2011
- Invitation for abstracts imminent!!





## Feedback

- We have made every effort to make our satellite wave data:
  - Easy to locate
  - Easy to retrieve
  - Easy to use
- Our goal is to massively increase the number of users of satellite wave data...
- Please do use our data and let us know how you have used it
- We are at your disposal to assist – contact [geoff.busswell@logica.com](mailto:geoff.busswell@logica.com) with any issues/questions.

[www.globwave.info](http://www.globwave.info)