

Technical Aspects of the Canadian Wave Measuring Program

JCOMM Technical Workshop on Wave Measurements from
Buoys – New York, U.S.A
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Mark Blaseckie – Technical Field Services
AXYS Technologies Inc. – Sidney, BC, CANADA

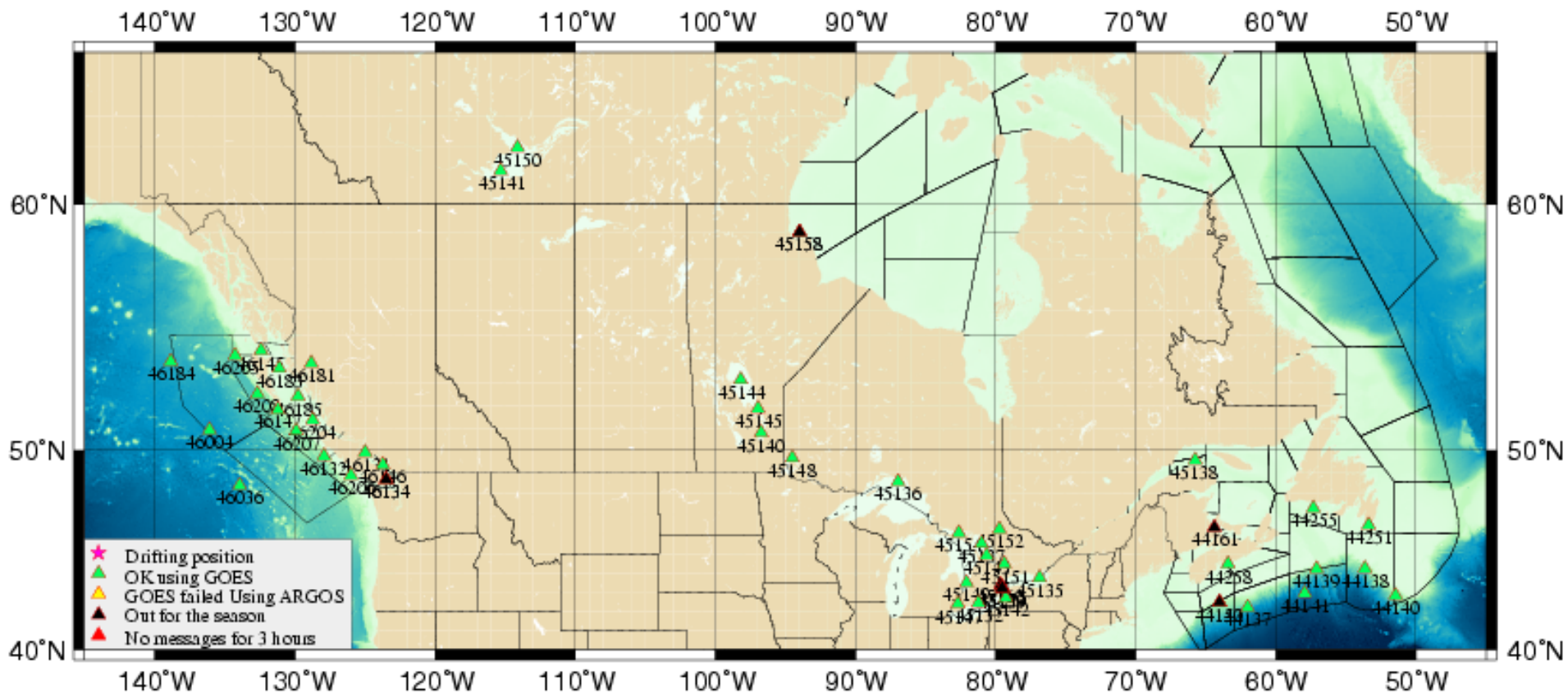


Canadian Buoy Network

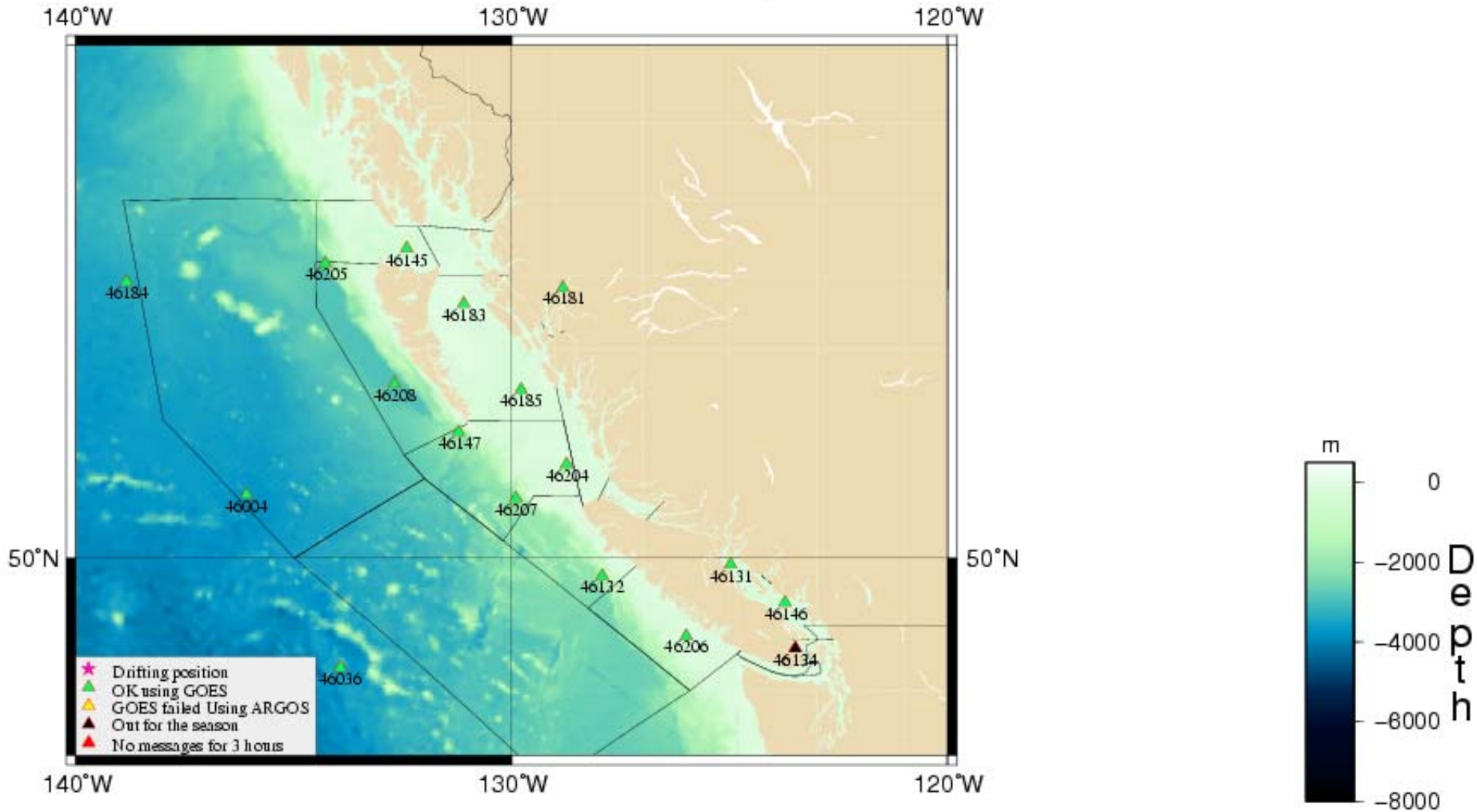
- Locations of Environment Canada Buoys
- Platform Types
- Mooring Types
- Sampling
- Processing



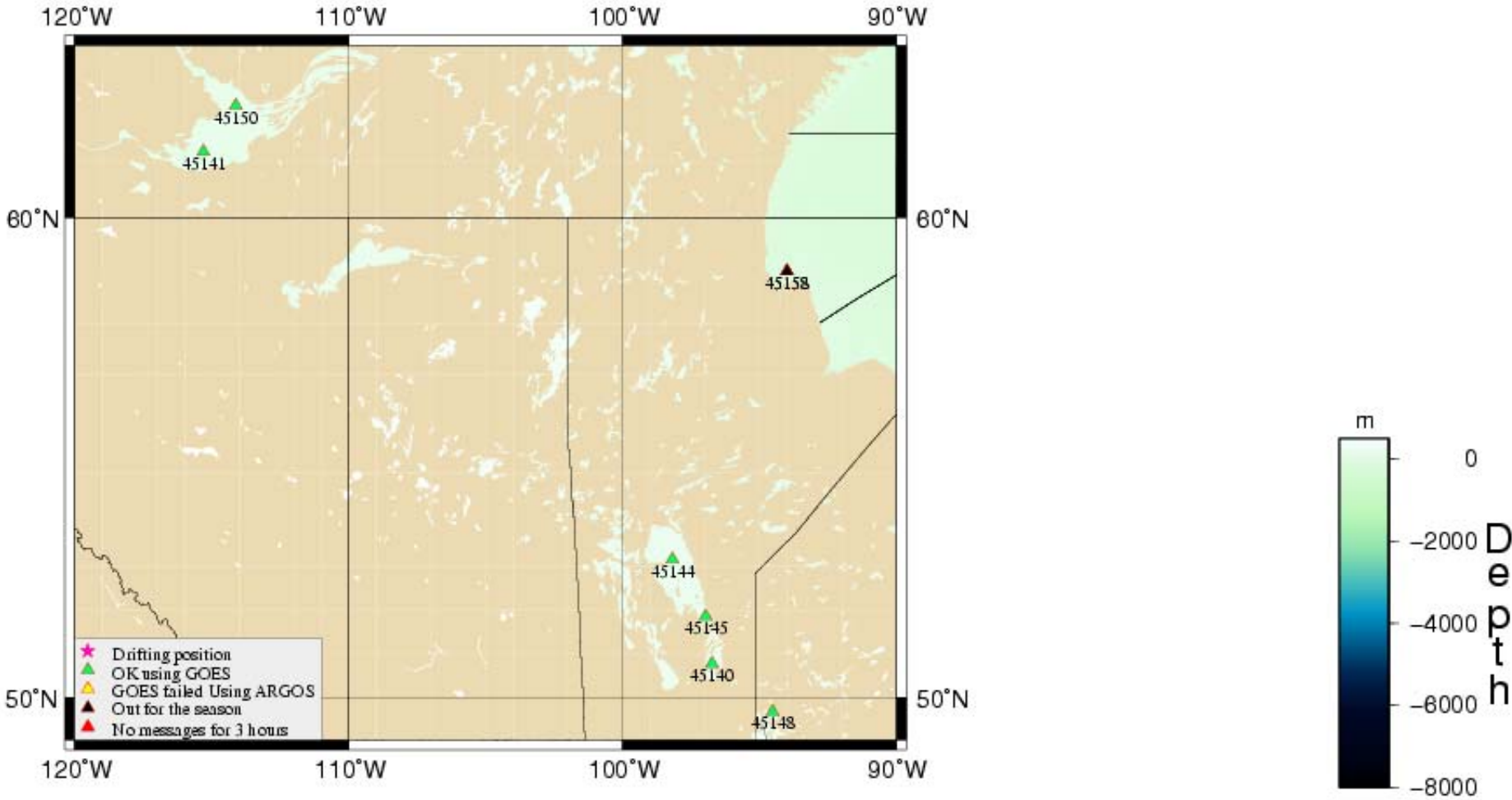
Canadian Moored Buoys



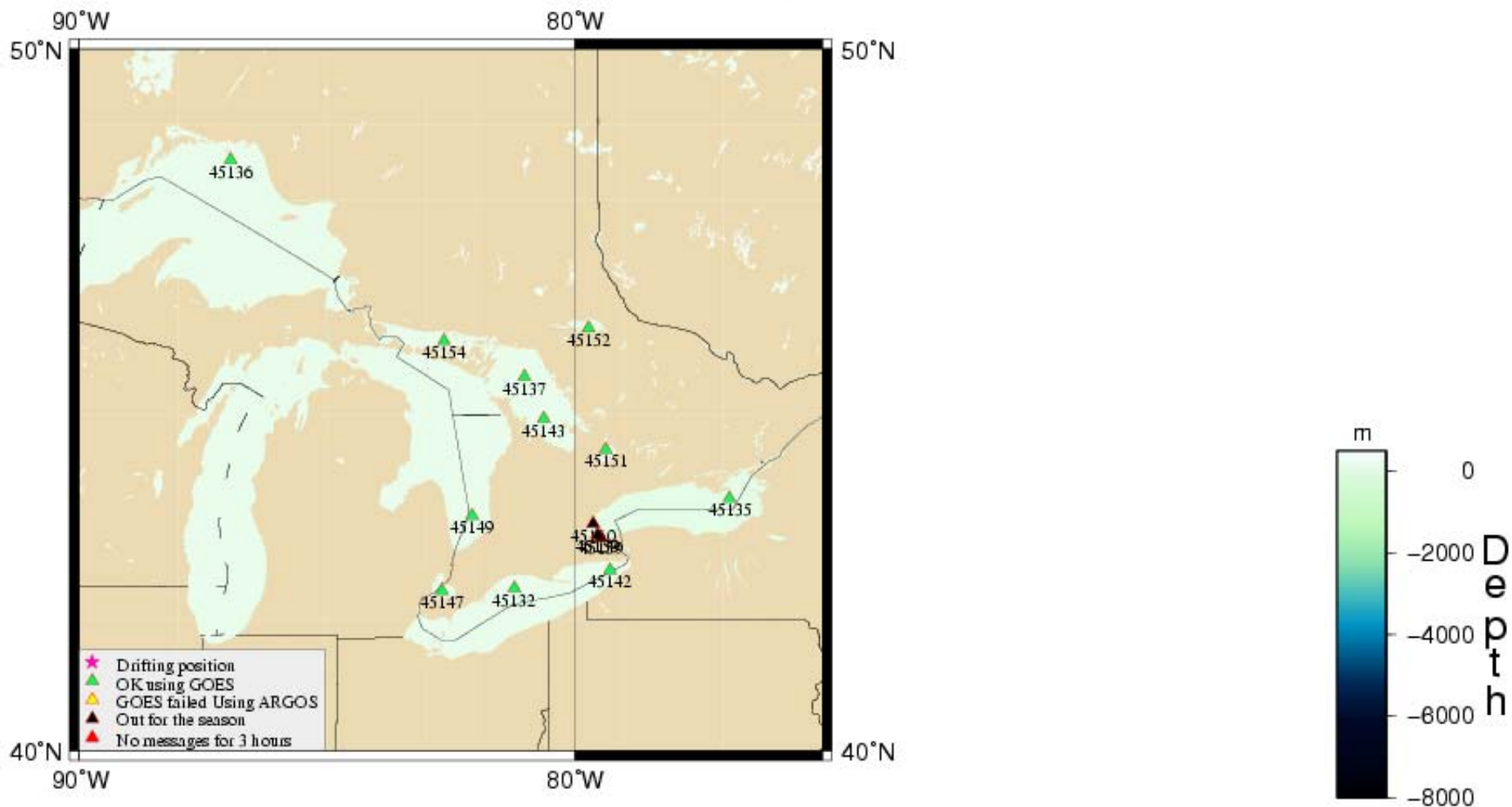
Pacific Moored Buoys



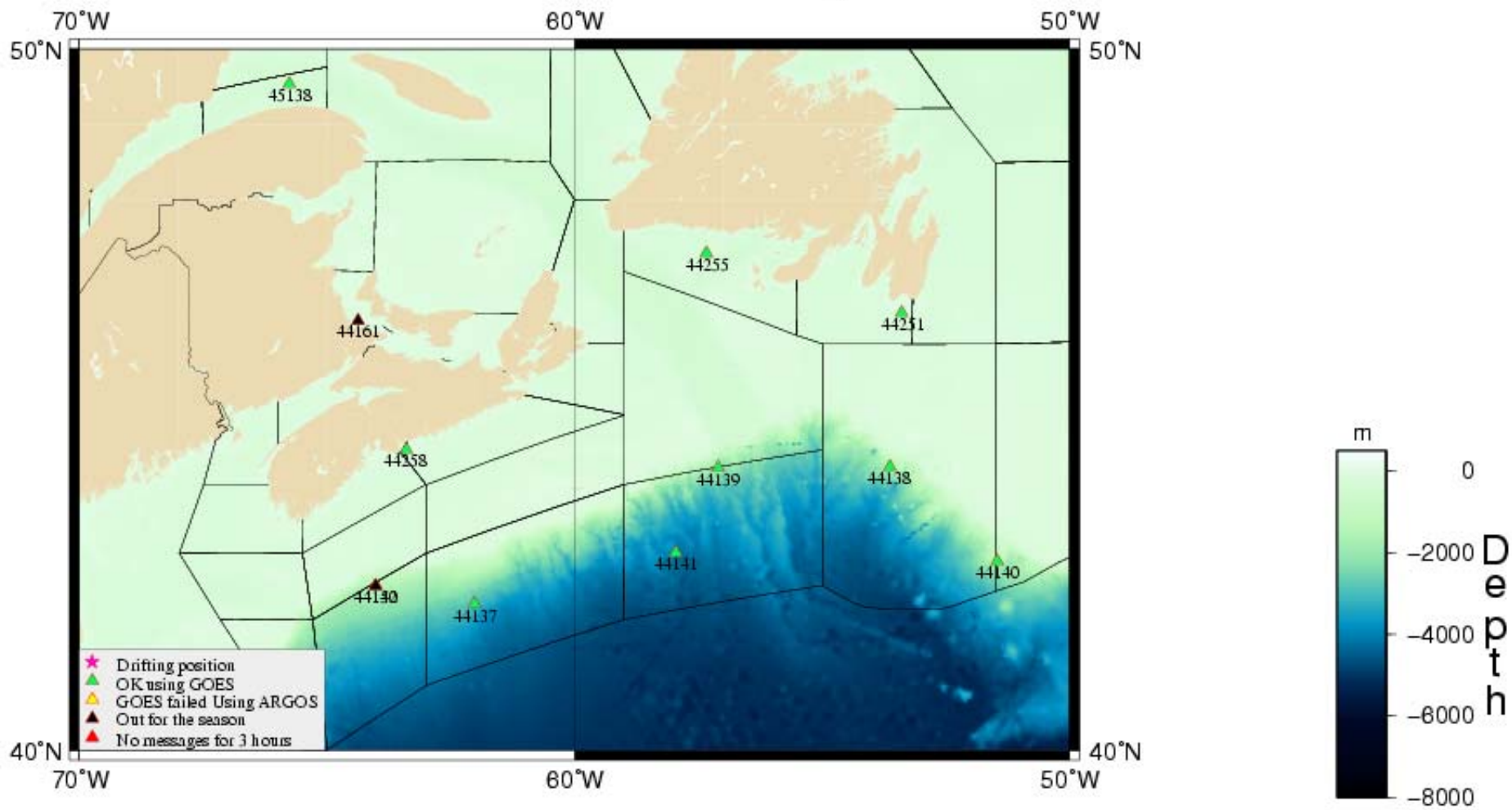
Prairies and the North Moored Buoys



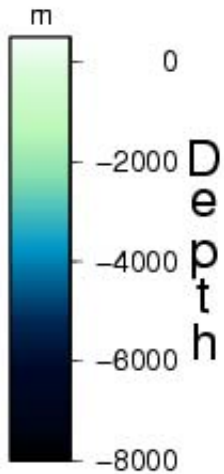
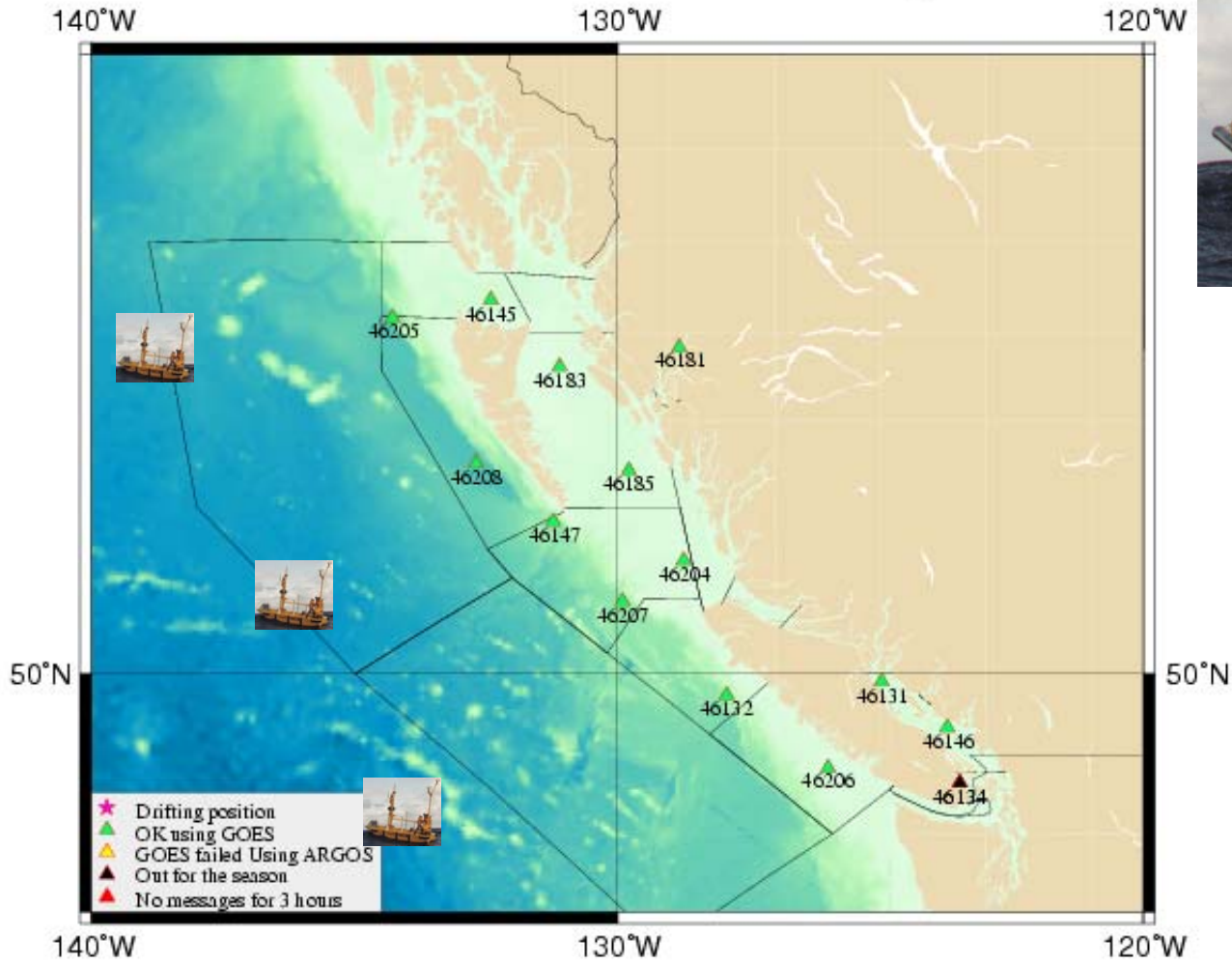
Great Lakes Moored Buoys



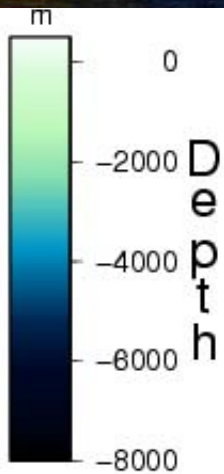
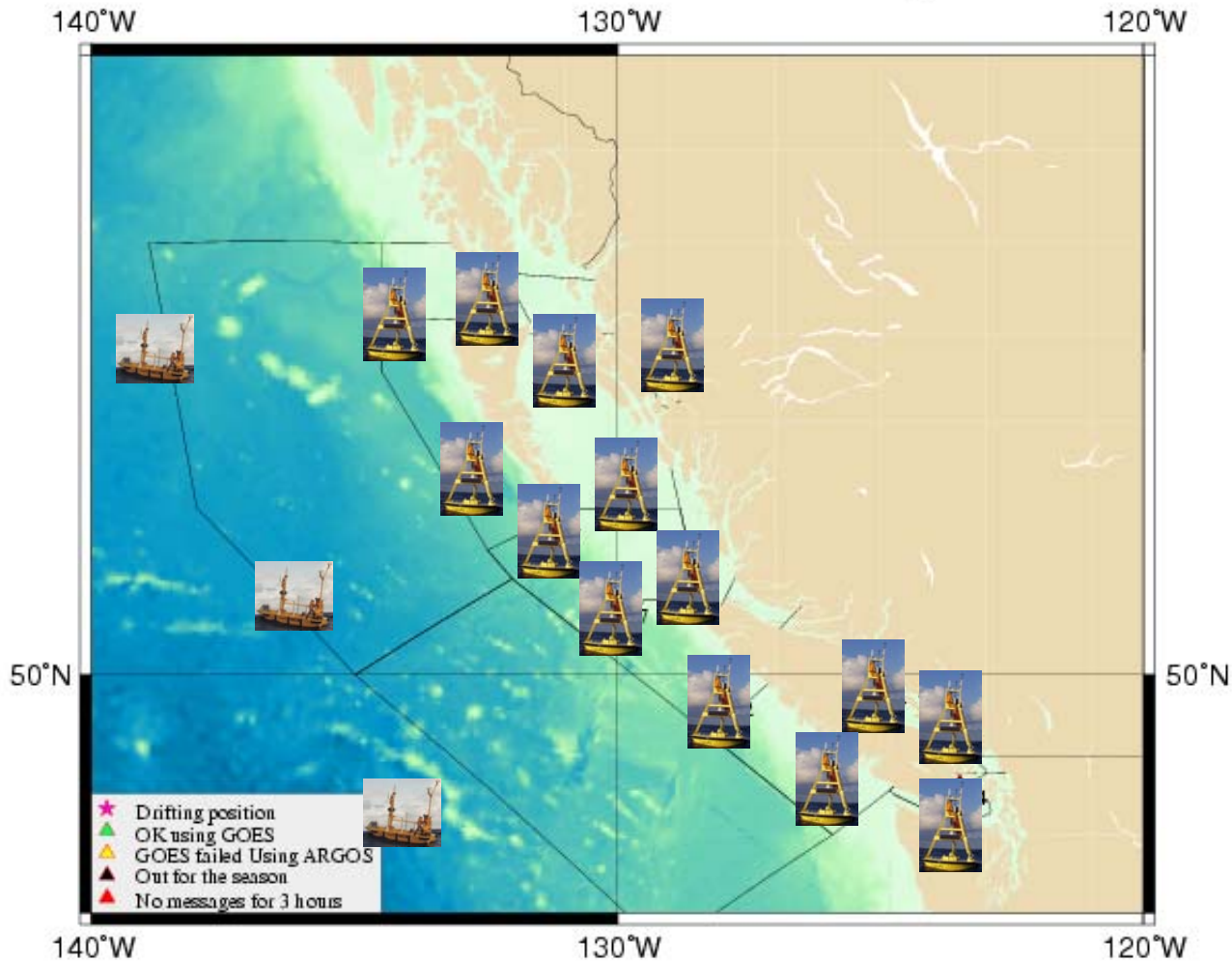
Atlantic Moored Buoys



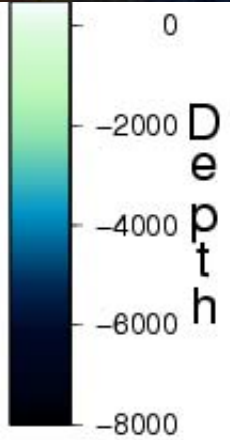
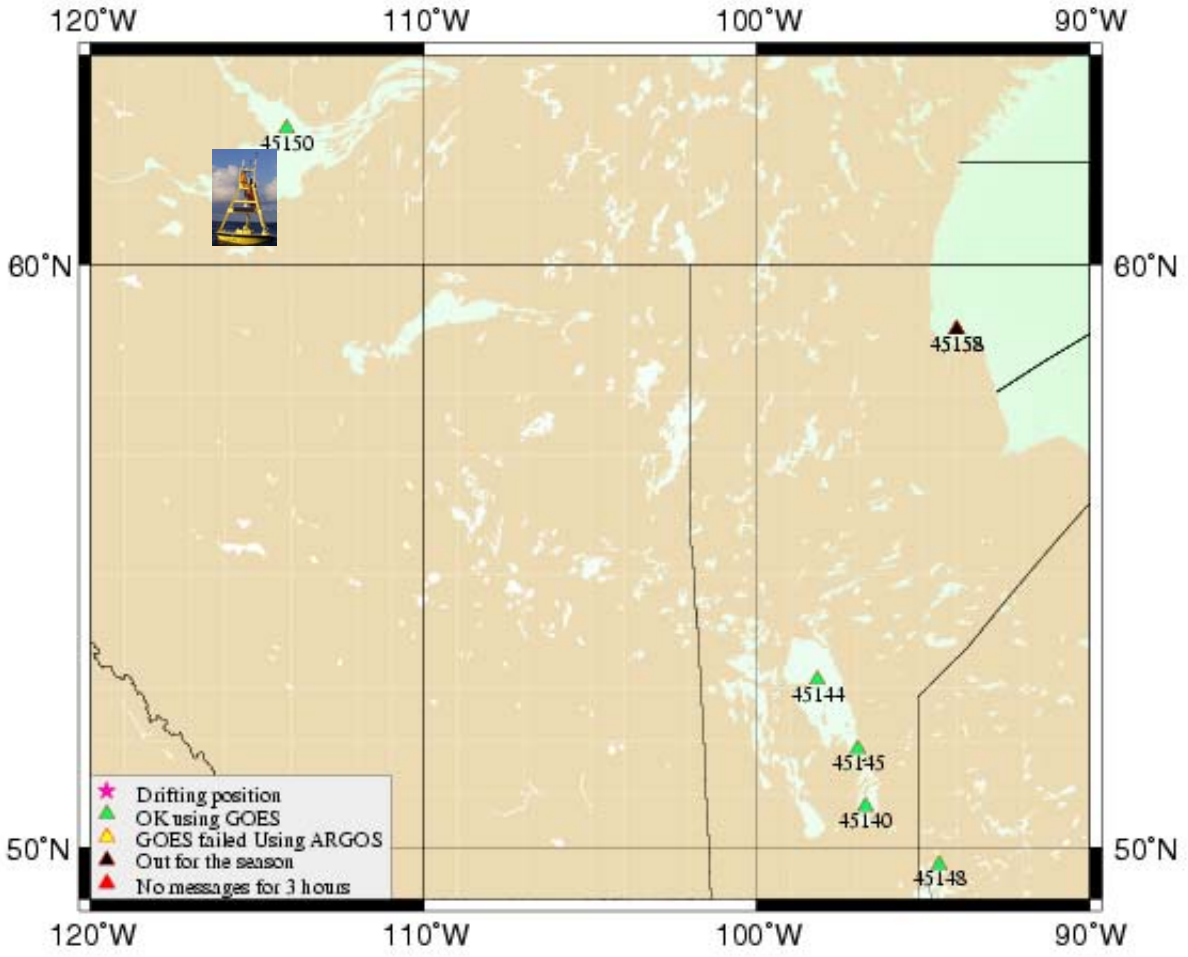
Pacific Moored Buoys



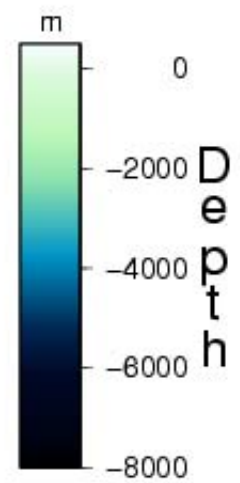
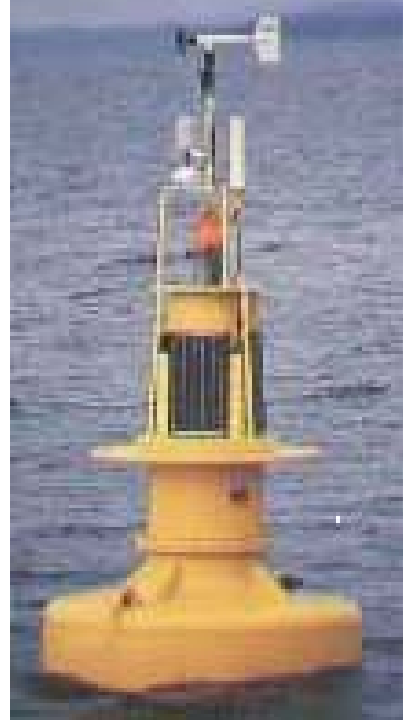
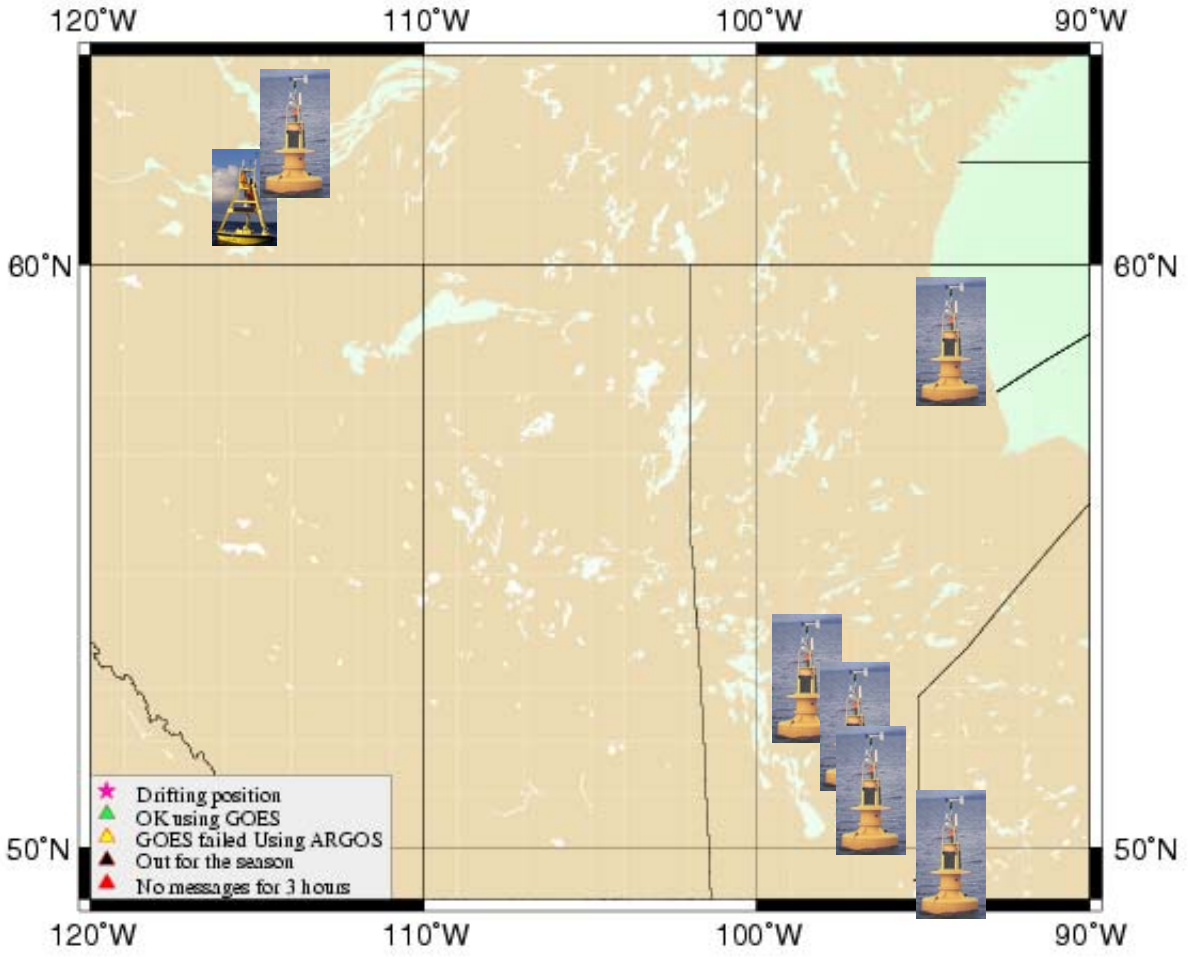
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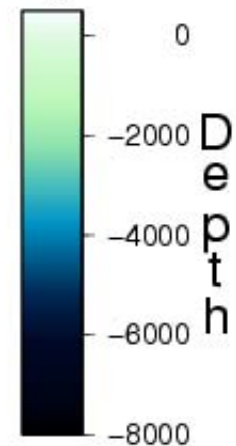
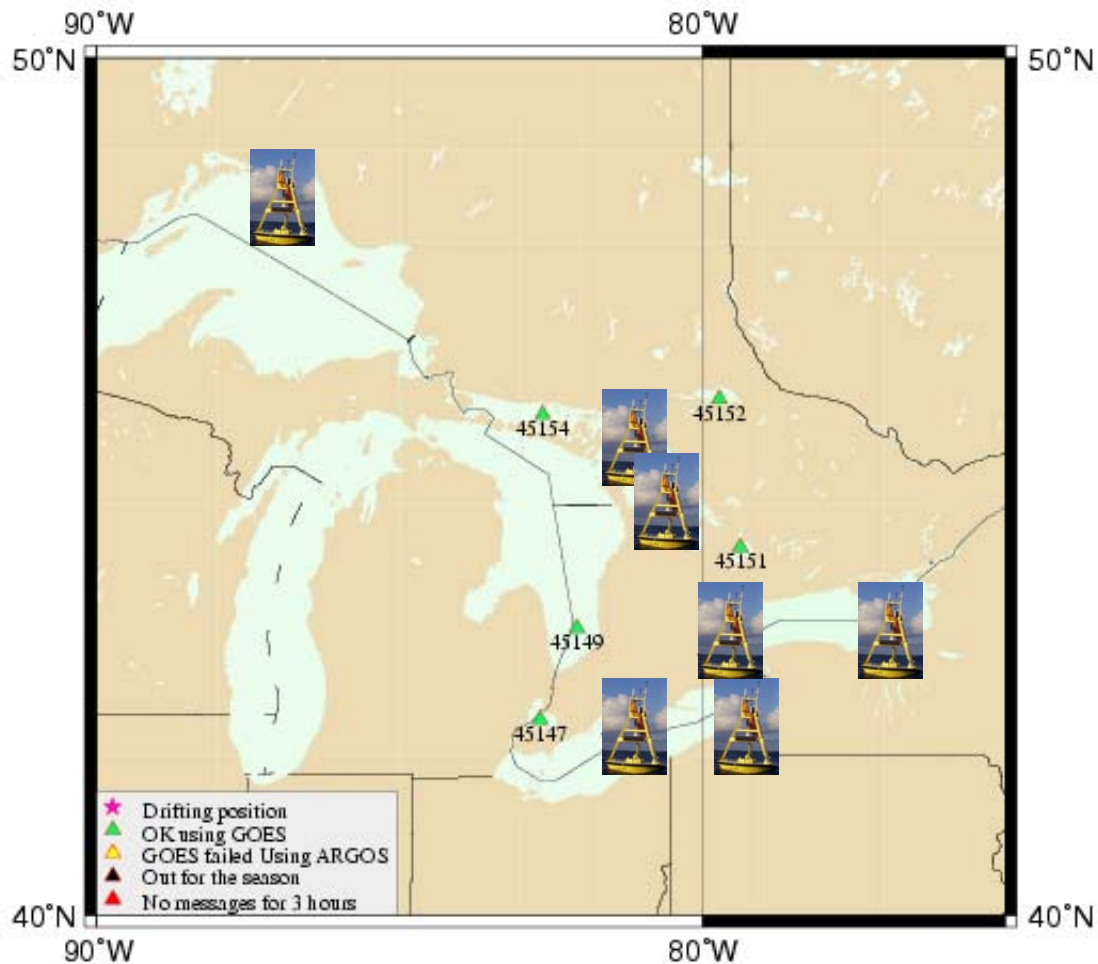
Prairies and the North Moored Buoys



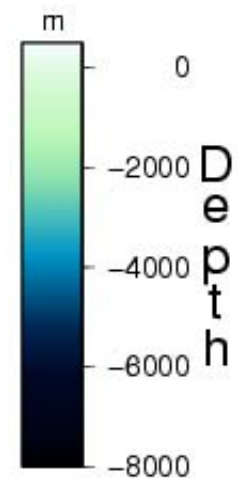
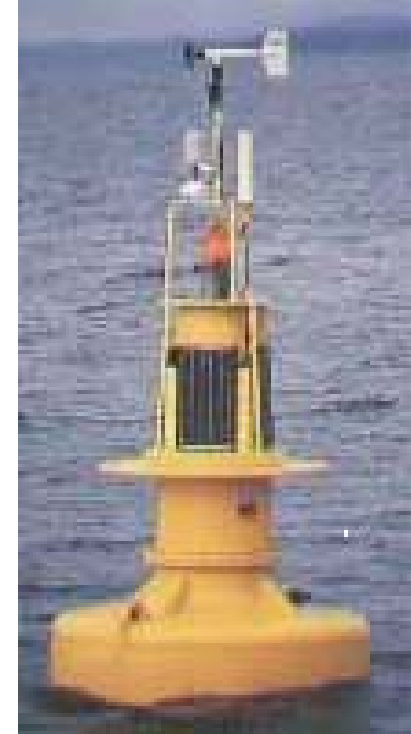
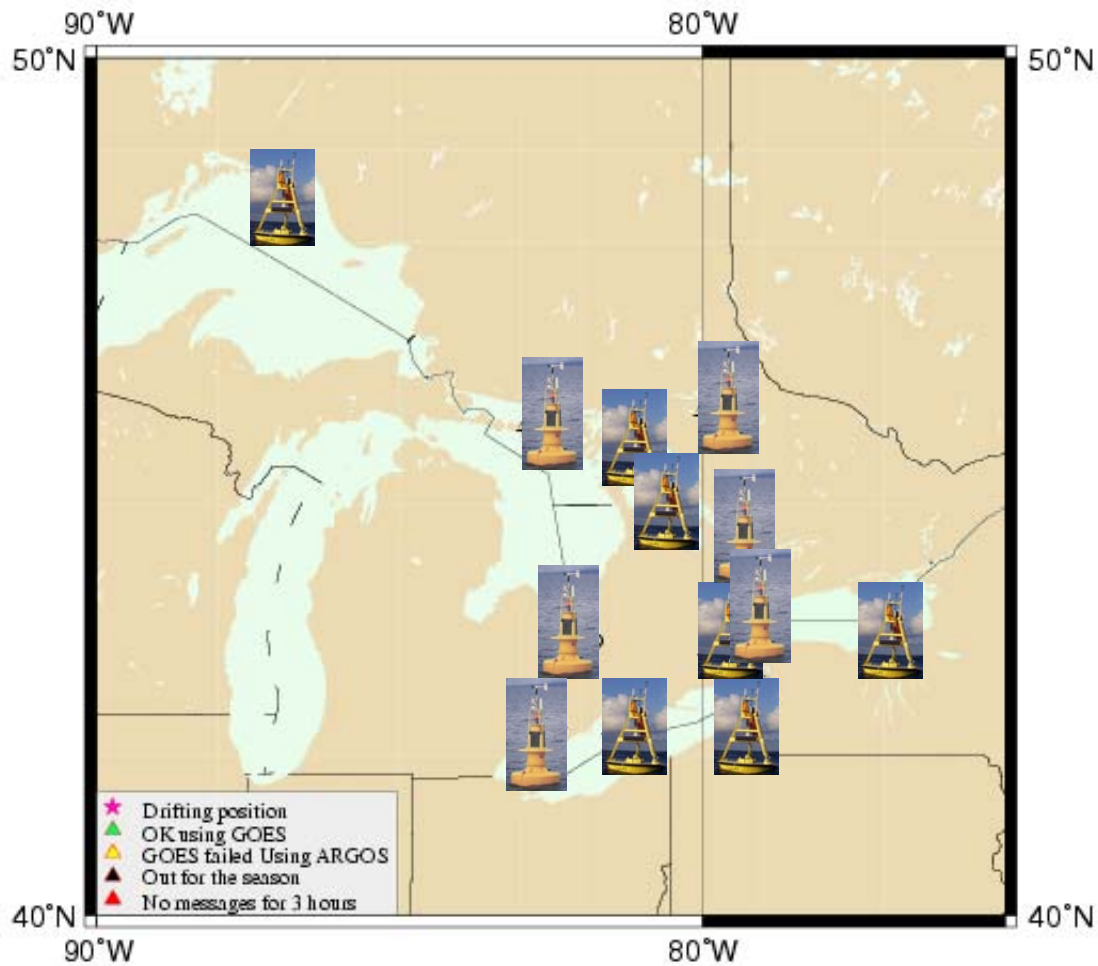
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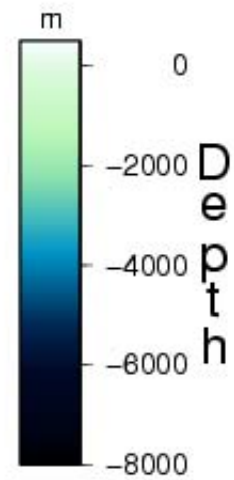
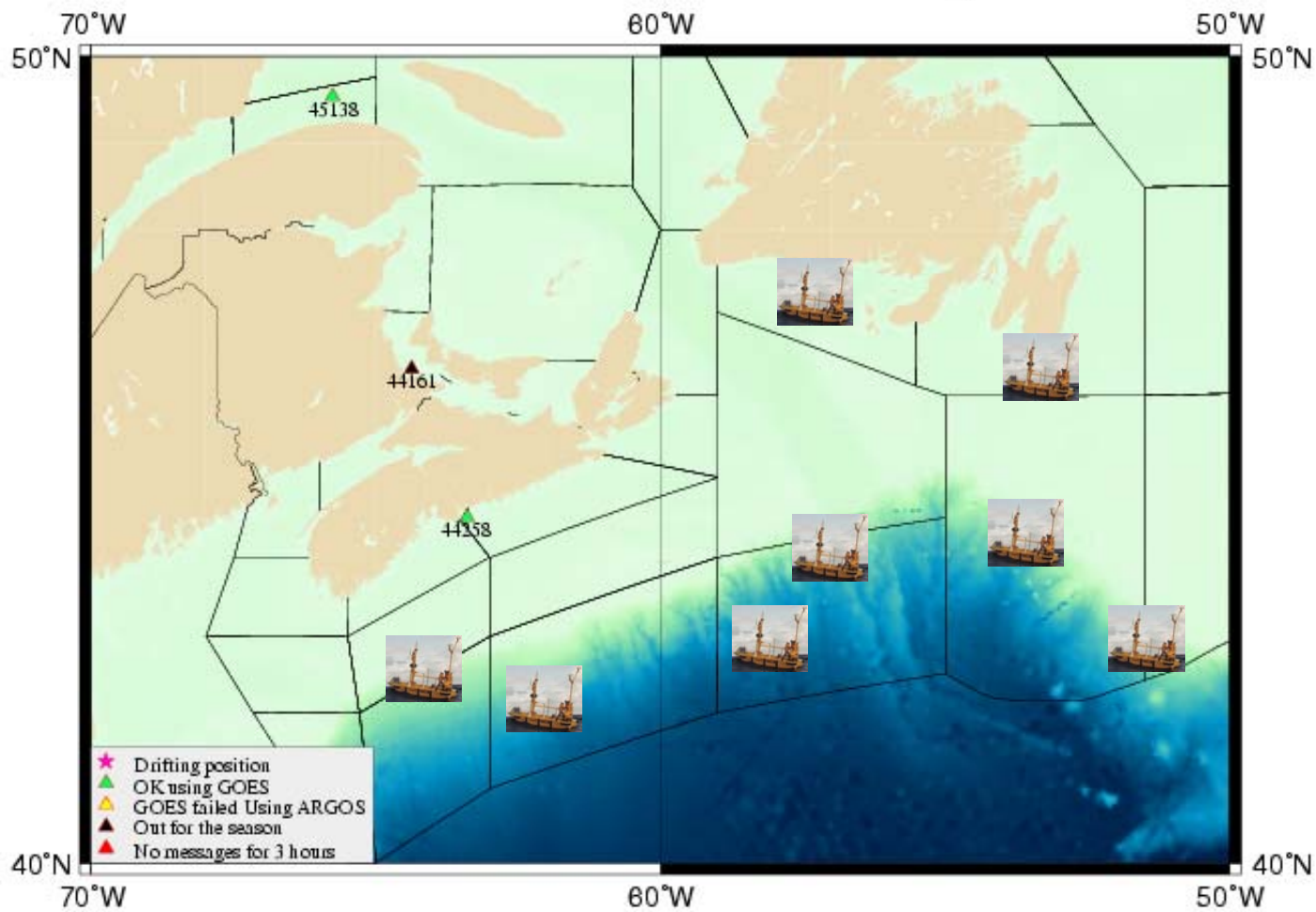
Great Lakes Moored Buoys



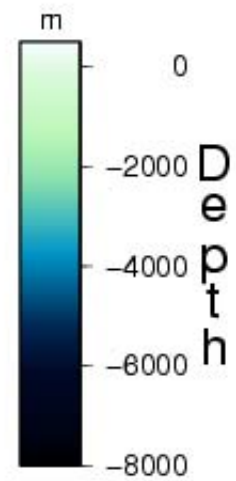
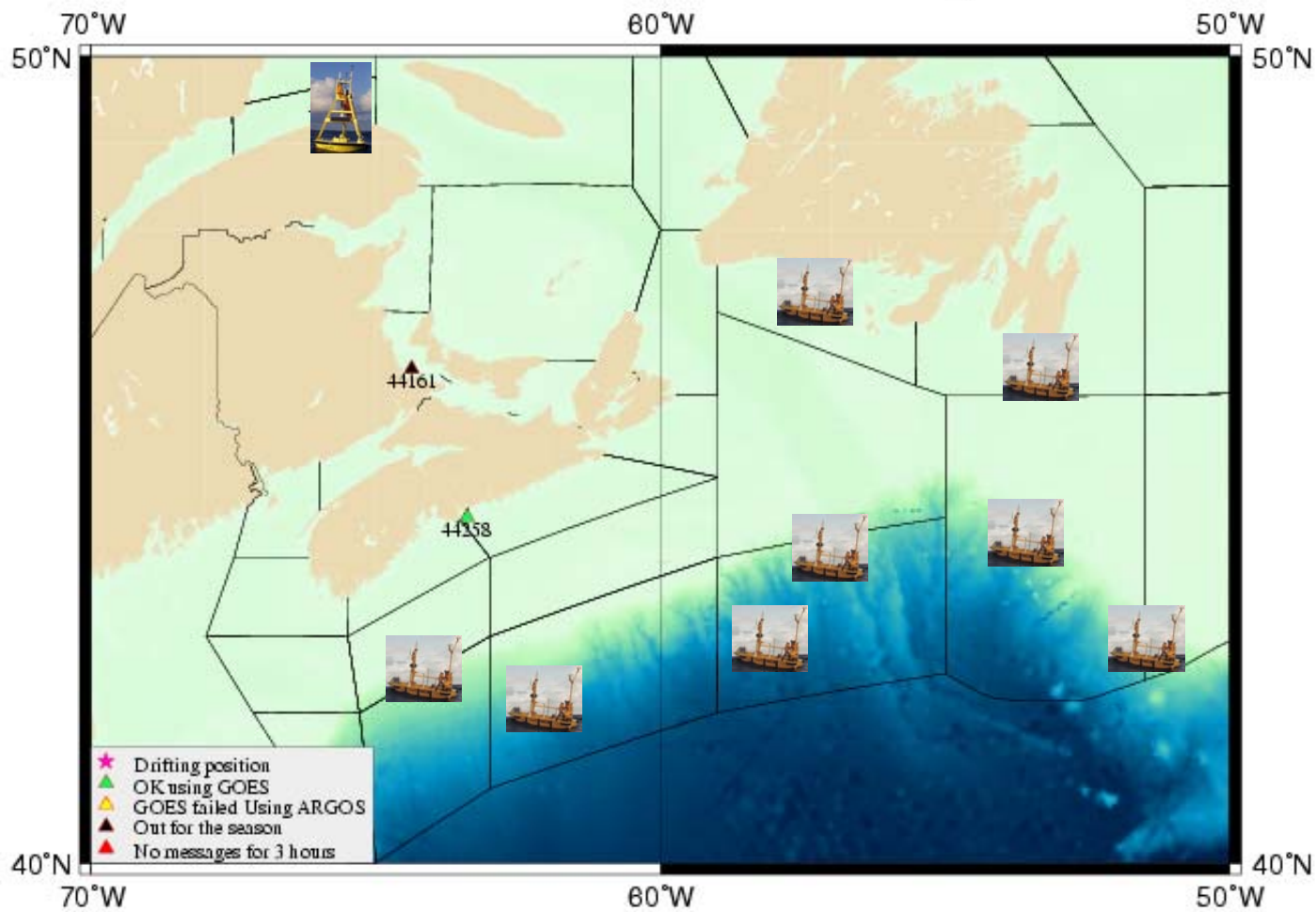
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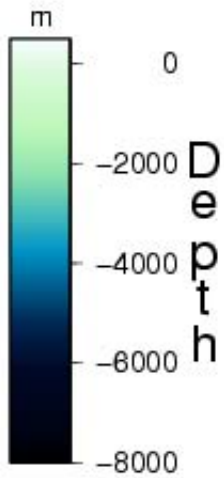
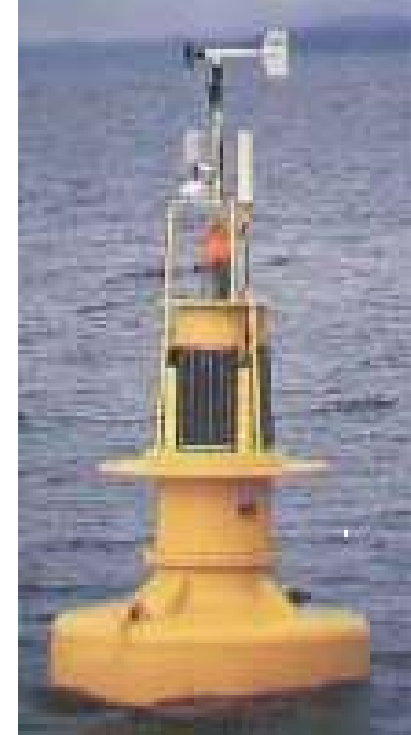
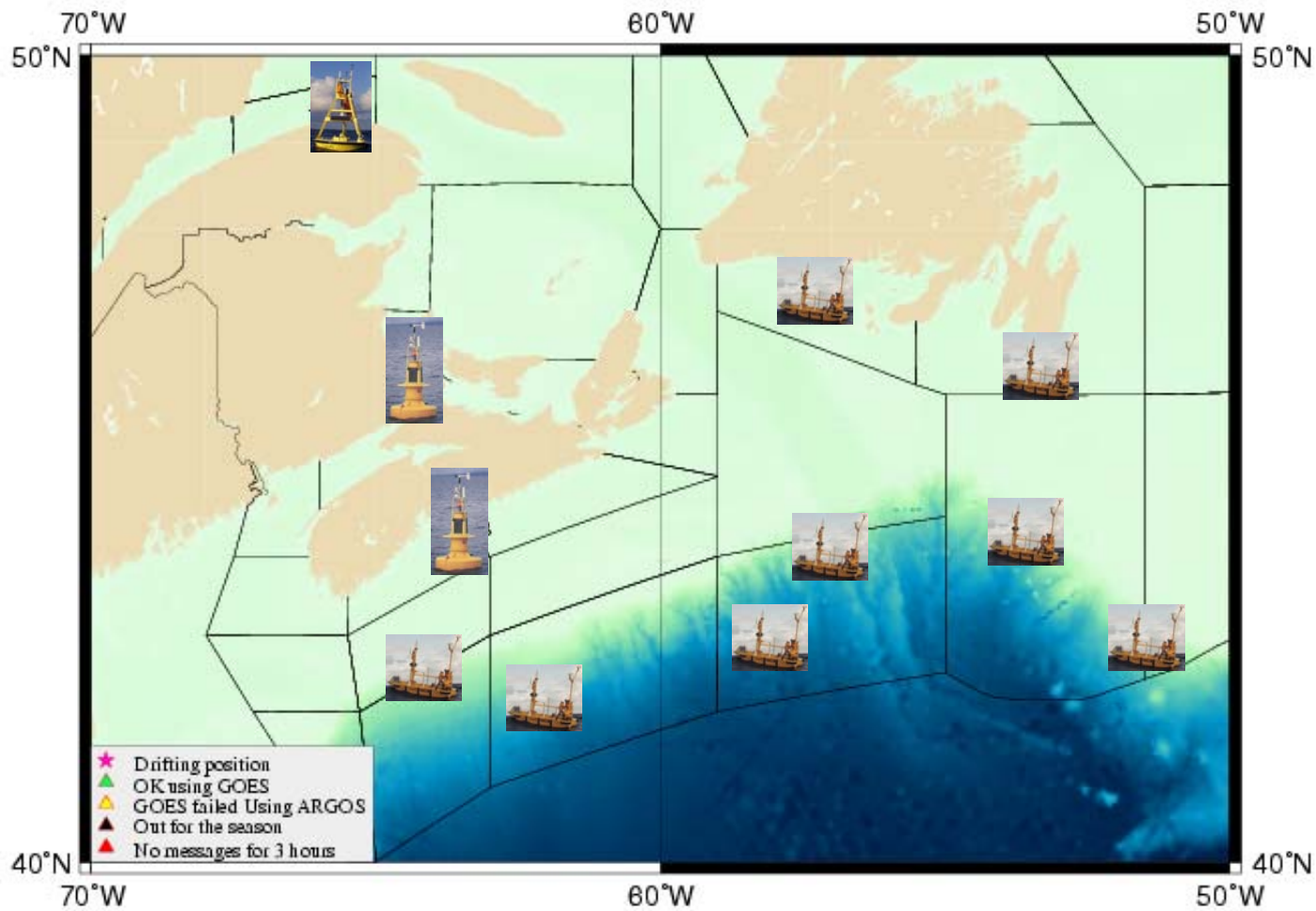
Atlantic Moored Buoys



Atlantic Moored Buoys



Atlantic Moored Buoys



Watchman 100 Payload

- Components are similar on all buoys
- Layout differs with platform



Wave Sensors

- Strapped Down Accelerometer
 - Most Platforms
- TRIAXYS Direction Wave Sensor
 - Currently installed in two systems



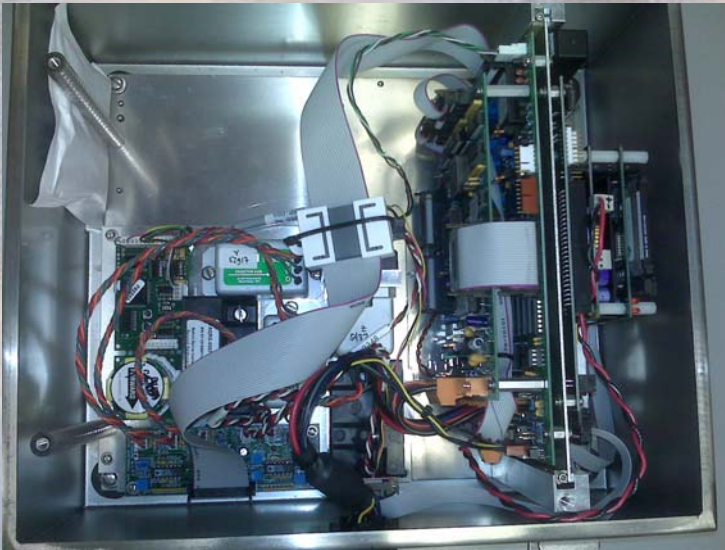
Strapped Down Accelerometer

- Jewell LCF-200-2G
- Accelerometer Interface PCB converts acceleration to displacement
- $\pm 15\text{m}$



TRIAXYS Direction Wave Sensor

- 3 Accelerometers
- 3 Rate Gyros
- Fluxgate Heading Sensor



TRIAXYS Direction Wave Sensor



Heave

Range:

± 20 m

Accuracy:

better than 2%

Resolution:

1 cm

Period:

1.4 - 33 s

Wave Dir

Range:

0 - 3600

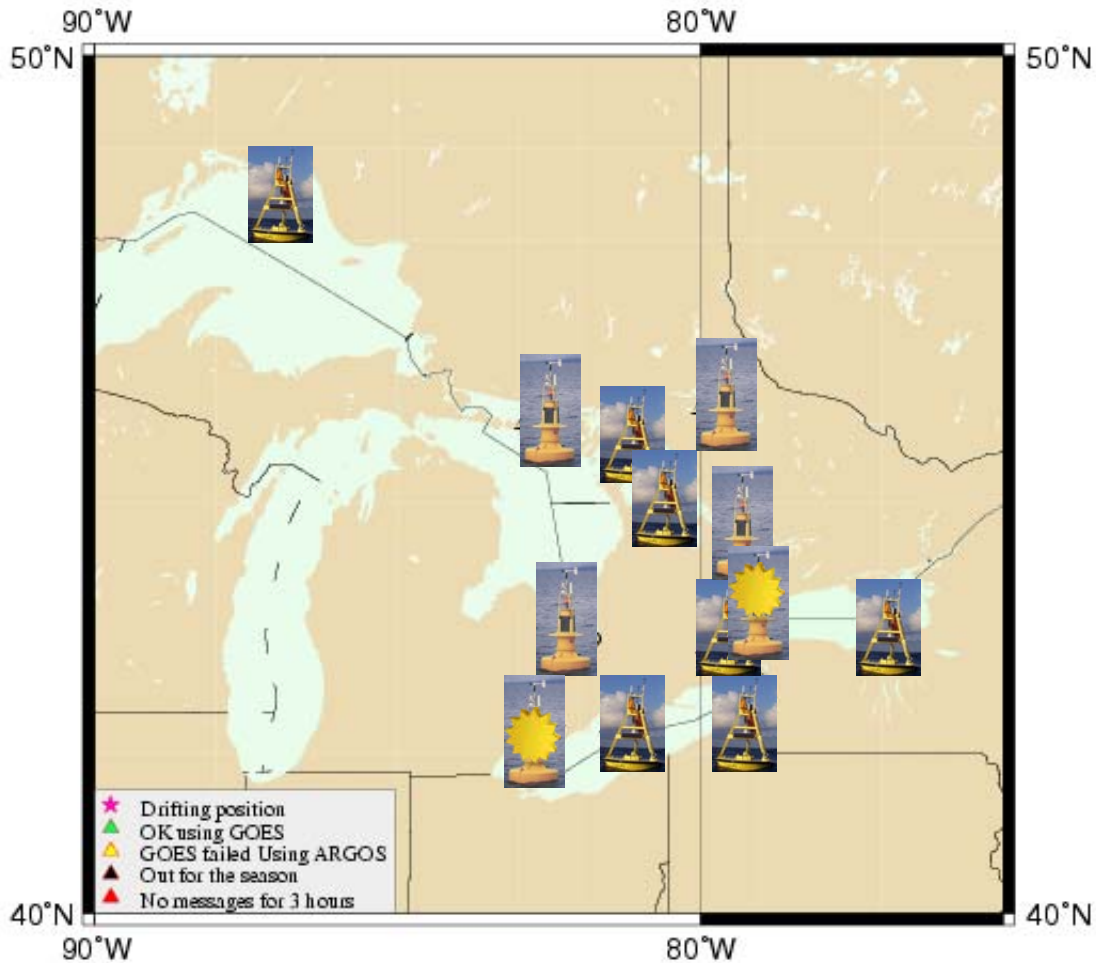
Accuracy:

$\pm 1^\circ$

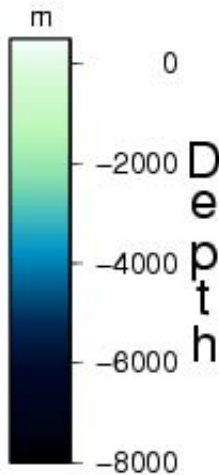
Period:

1.6 to 30 s

Great Lakes Moored Buoys

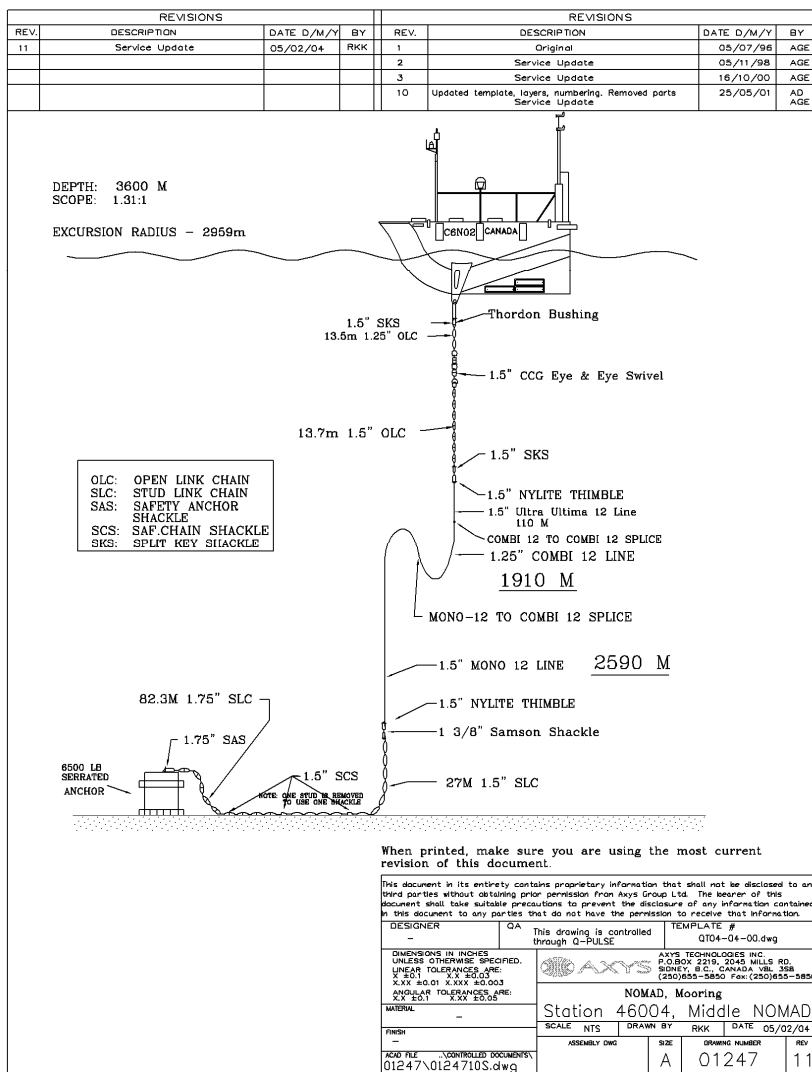


- One Operational platform with a TRIAXYS sensor
- One platform with a TRIAXYS sensor logging data in addition to a Strapped Down Sensor



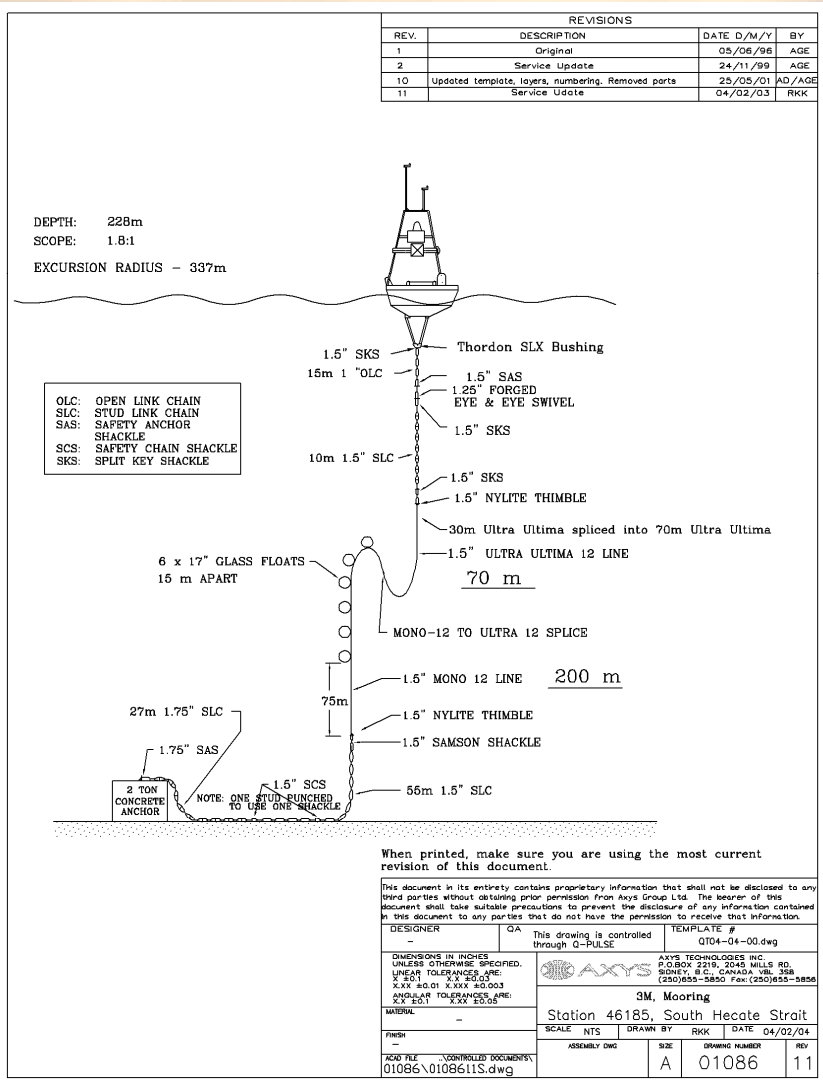
Deep Sea Mooring

- Typically 3500 m
- 2500m floating line
- 2000m sinking line



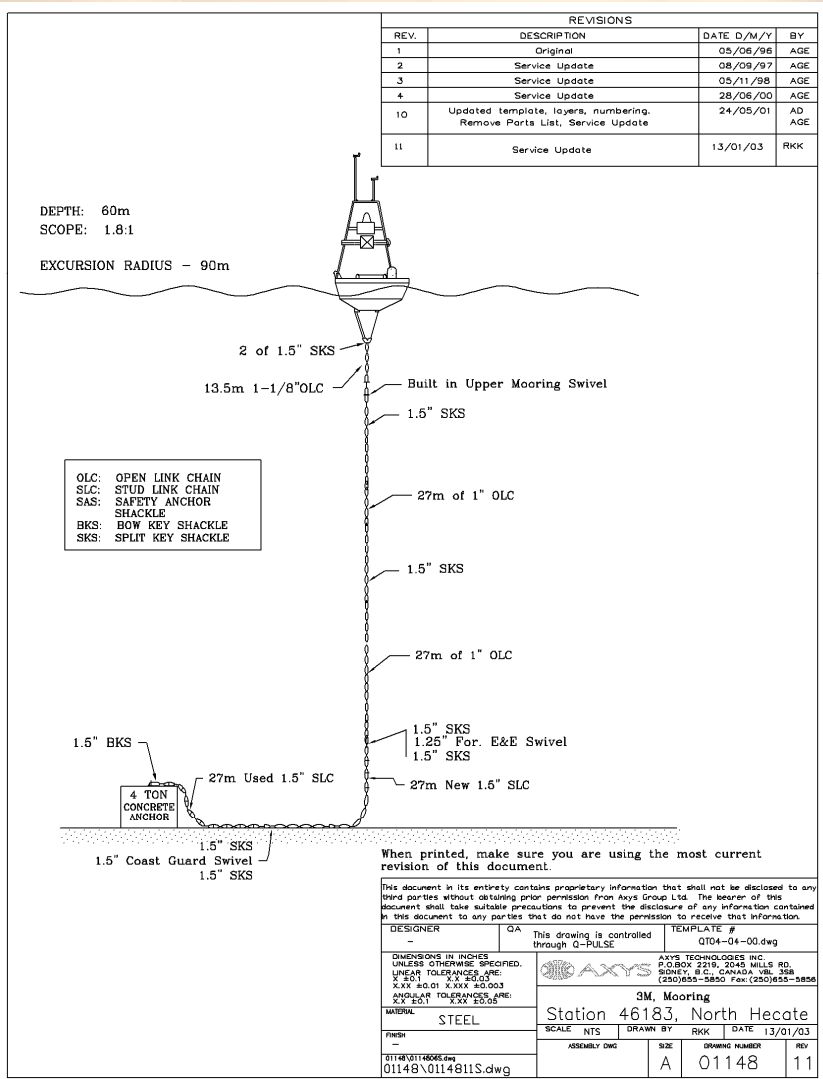
Coastal Deep Mooring

- Typically 200 m
- 200m floating line with extra floatation
- 100m sinking line



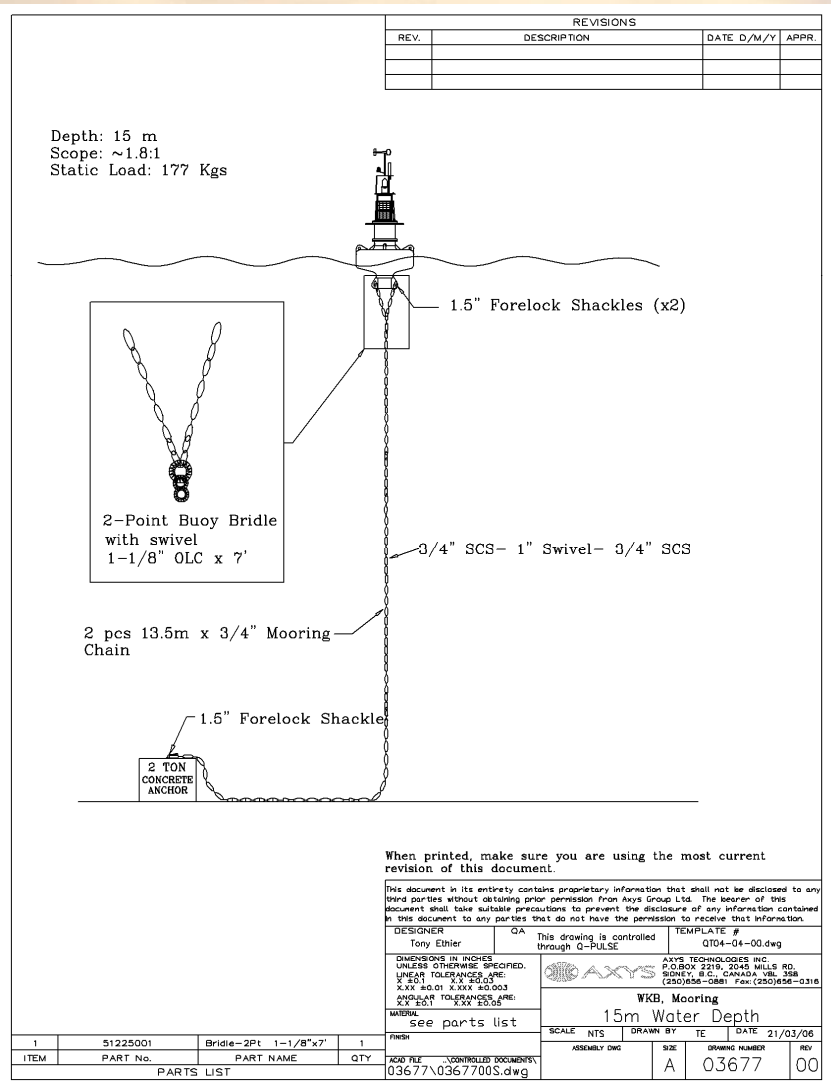
All Chain Mooring

- Less than ~100 m



Shallow WatchKeeper Mooring

- Shallow water presents special problems
- Trade off stability for wave following



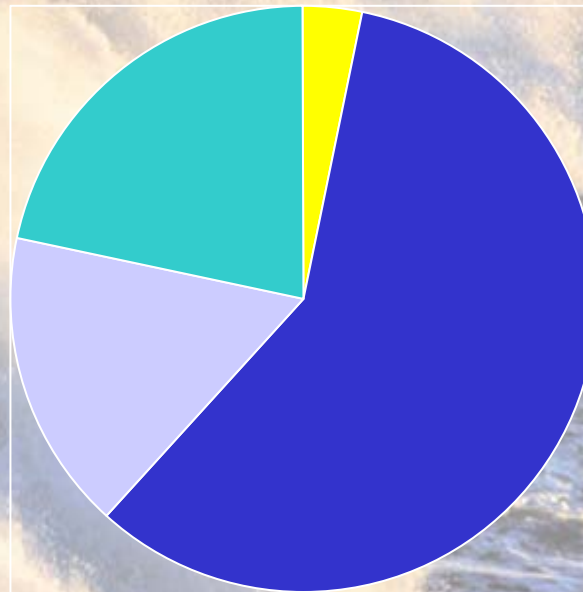
Sampling Scheme

- Different for two Wave Sensors since
 - Watchman samples and processes
Strapped Down Sensor
 - TRIAXYS is a smart sensor



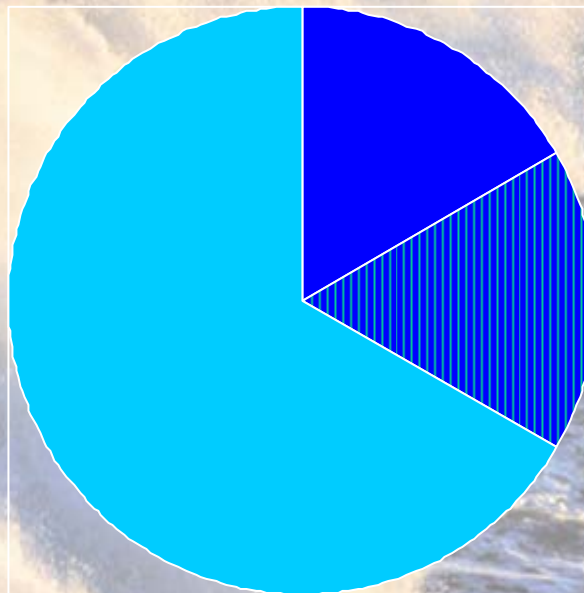
“Strapped Down” Data Acquisition Cycle

- 2 minute Wave Warm-up
- 35 minute Wave Sampling
- 10 minute Met Sampling
- 13 minute Sleep



“TRIAXYS” Data Acquisition Cycle

- 10 minute Wave
- 10 minute Wave & Met Sampling
- 40 minute Sleep



Watchman Wave Processing

- 8 * 256 one second samples taken
- Mean of the valid raw data is removed
- 10% cosine taper is applied
- FFT Calculated on the block
- Spectrum is Calculated
- Spectrum is corrected for the cosine taper
- Spectrum between 2 and 30 seconds is corrected for the transfer function of the heave sensor
- Band Averaging is done to reduce the number of spectral bands
- Hs and Tp are calculated (LFC is applied to shallow buoys)
- Results of the 8 blocks are averaged

TRIAXYS Wave Processing

- 4 Hz sampling
- 20 minute Sample
- Data processing is performed in the sensor by proprietary software developed by the Canadian Hydraulics Centre (CHC) of the National Research Council of Canada.
- Can be mounted off centre
- Raw data can be logged on board
- Results are read by the Watchman and formatted for GOES transmission



Thank You

