

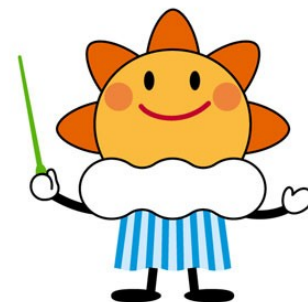
Estimating Uncertainty of Historical SST Analyses by a Cross Validation Technique

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Outline

1. Overview of the next COBE
2. Uncertainty estimation studies for the next COBE
 - Sampling error by Cross validation
 - Analysis error by measuring sensitivity of analysis parameters
3. Conclusion & Future plan

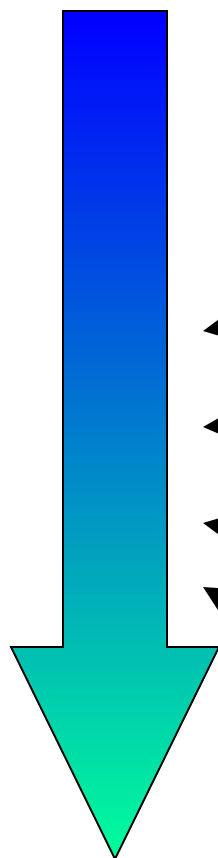
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Overview of the next COBE

COBE (Ishii et al. 2005)

Objective analyses of SST and other marine meteorological variables using ICOADS v2.0 + Kobe collection



Satellite Data

Enriched Meta Data

More Accurate or Another Comprehensive Uncertainty Estimation

... More Other Improvements

Next COBE (????)

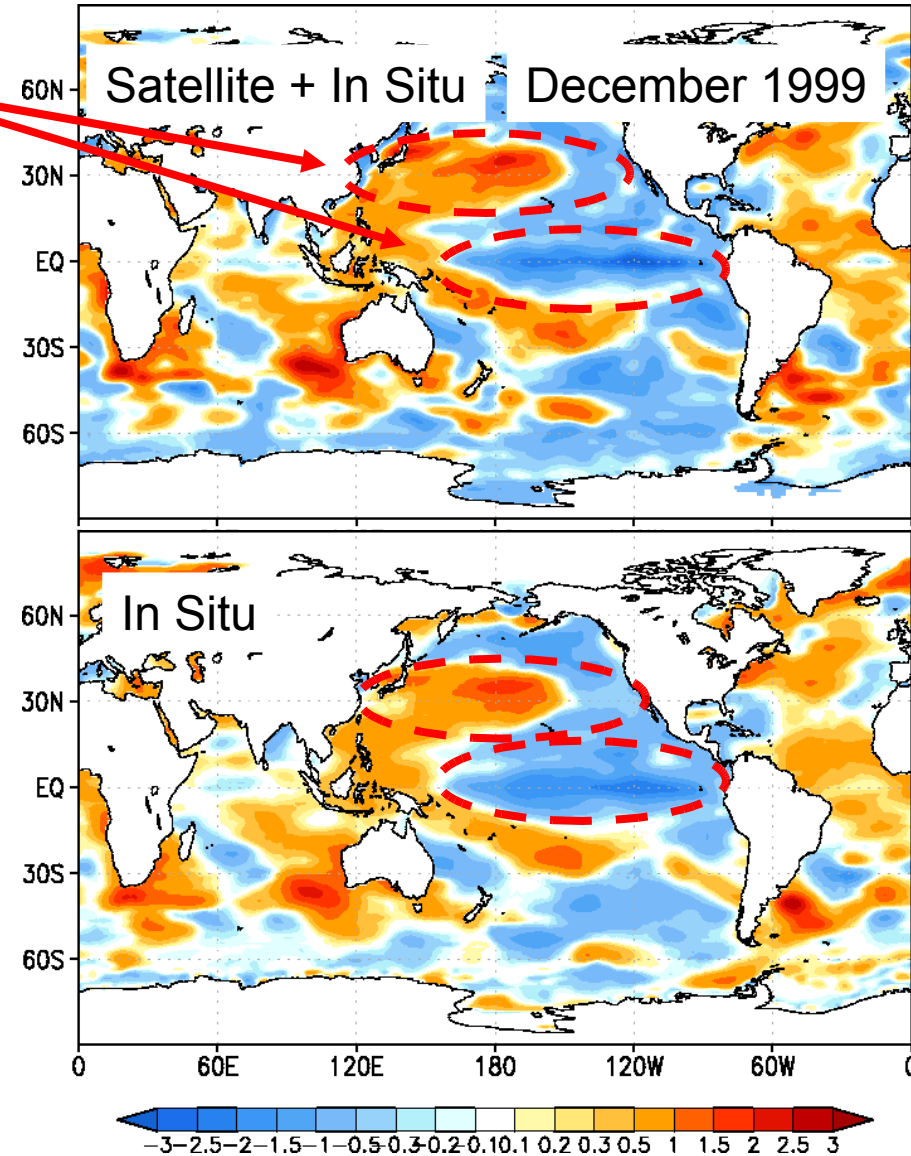
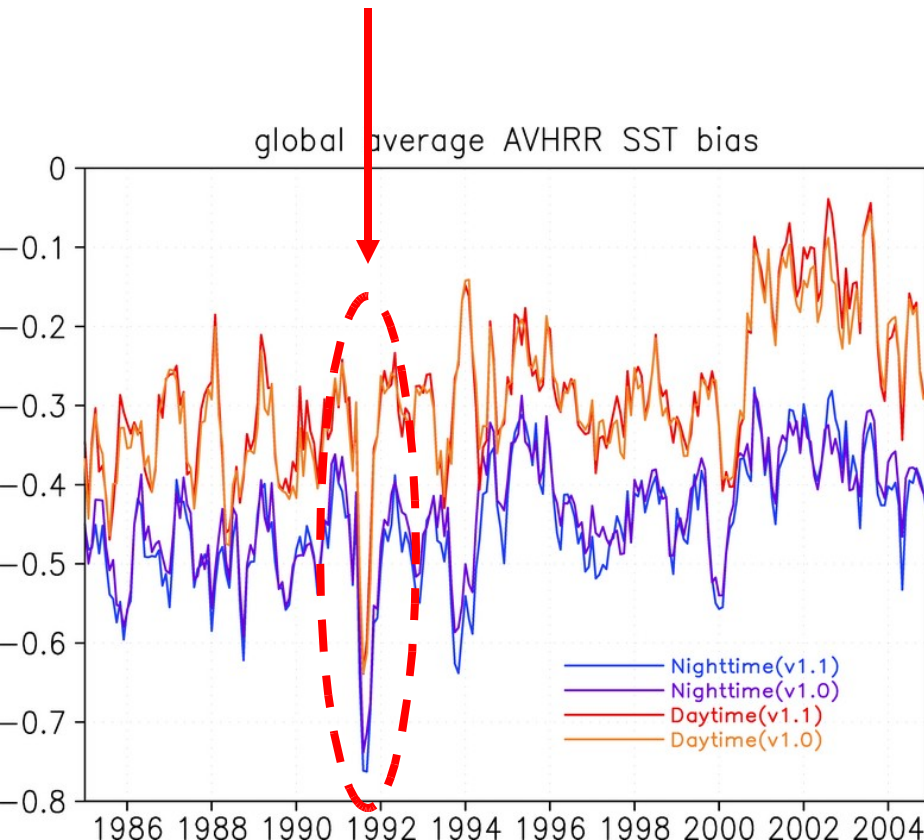
Introduction of Satellite data

Refine analysis

=Sharp and Fine anomaly pattern

OI-estimated biases

ex. related to eruption of Mount Pinatubo

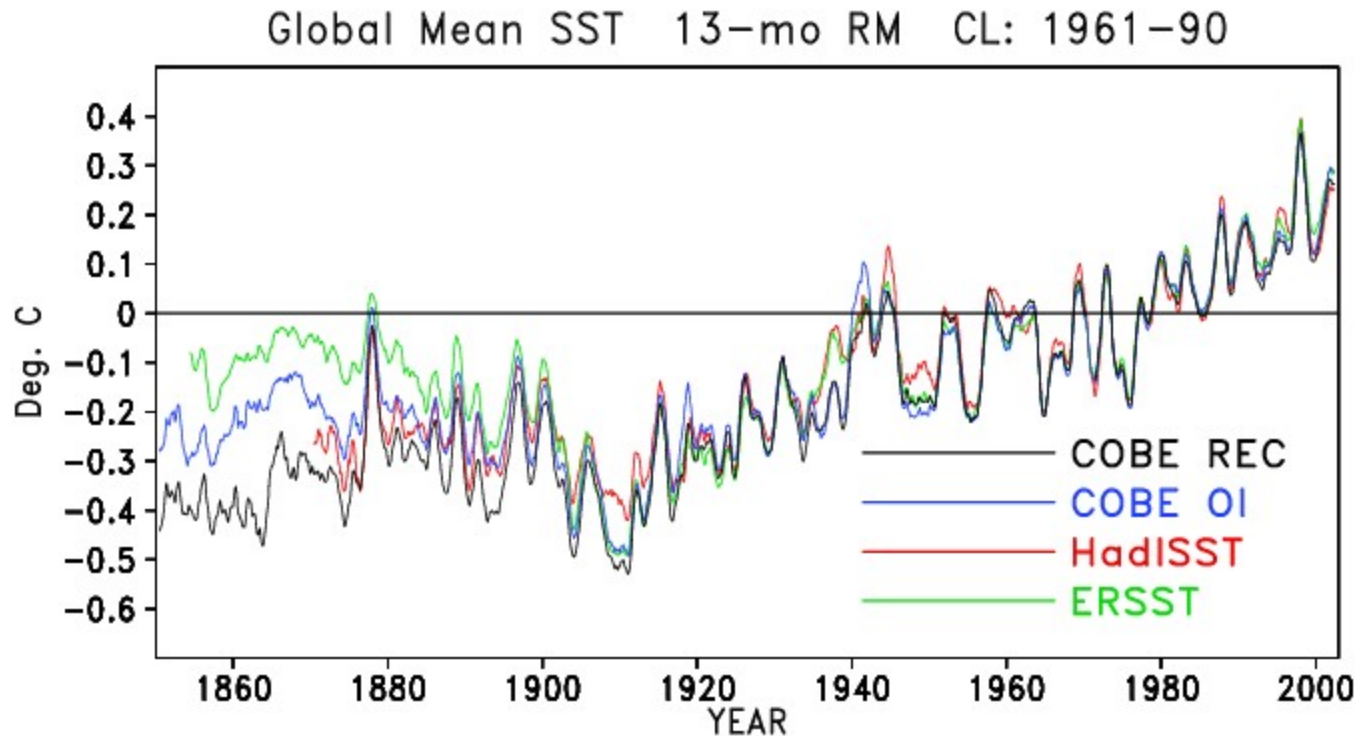
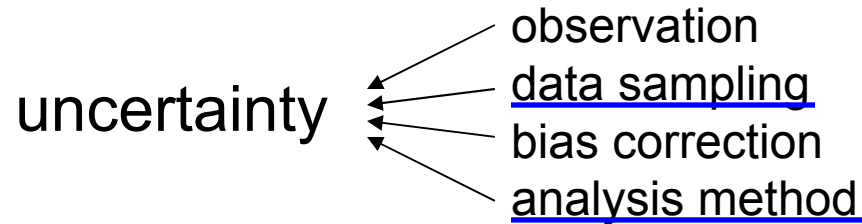


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Estimating Uncertainty

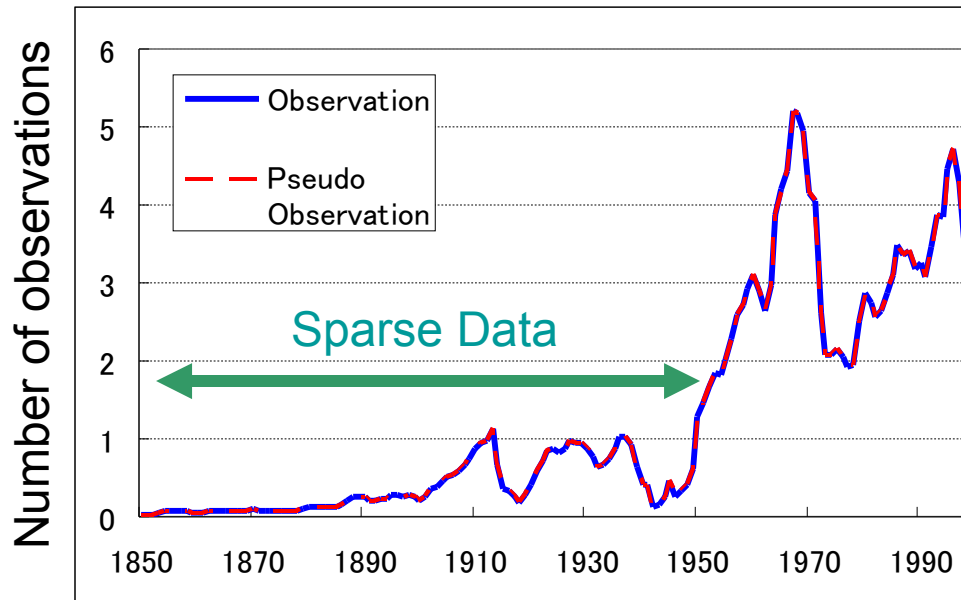
- There are differences among SST analyses especially before 1950.



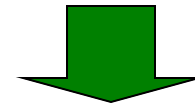
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Aim of the Cross Validation



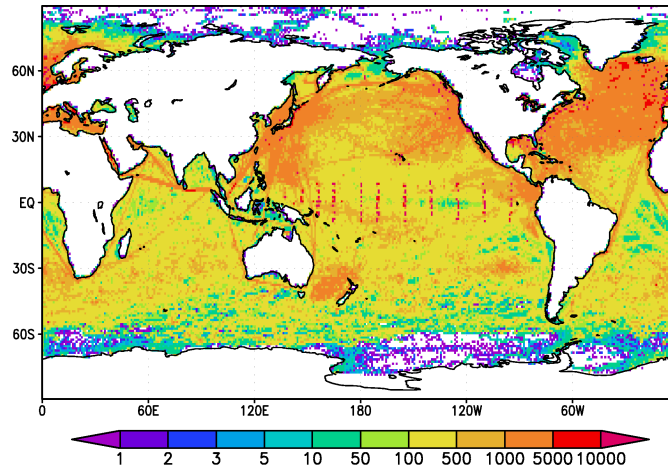
Relatively few data
especially earlier than 1950



Larger sampling error

estimate by a cross validation technique

Method



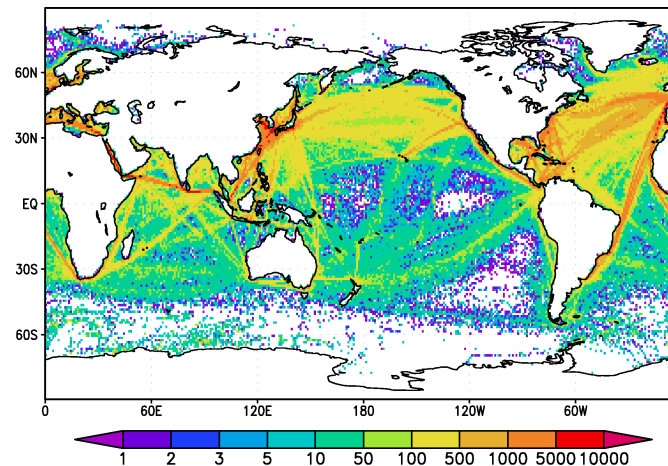
Observations in 1990s

Original analysis
(assuming to be true)

Compare

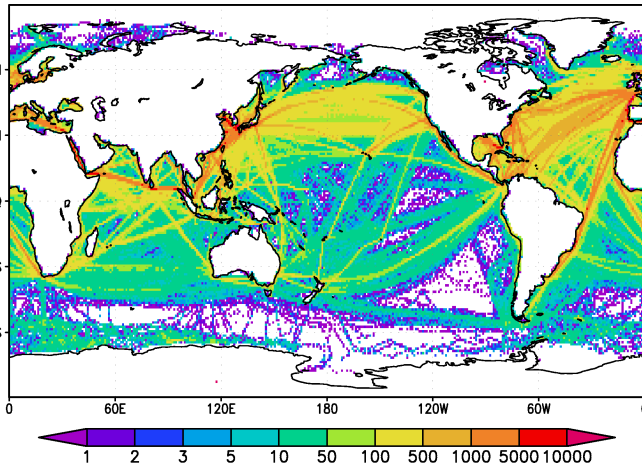
distribution

pick up
input data



Pseudo Observations

Pseudo analysis



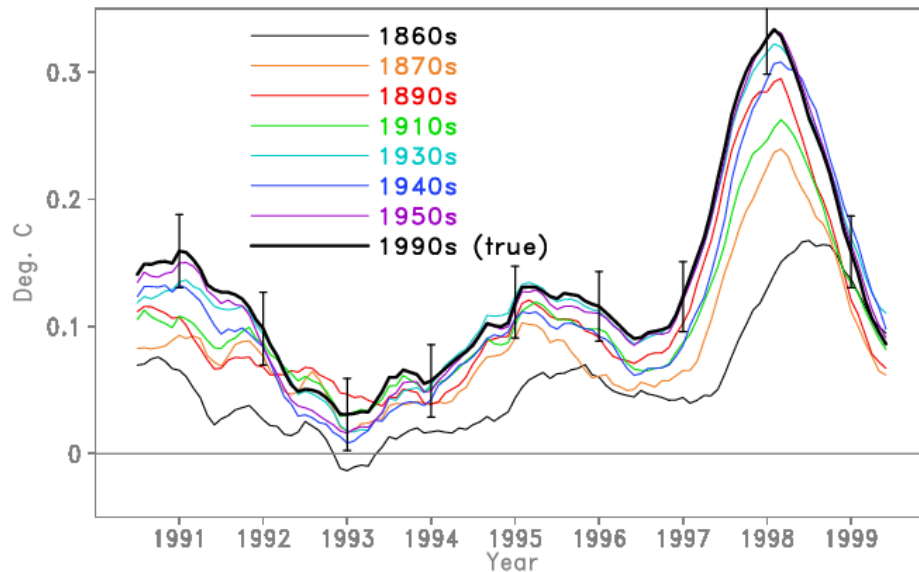
Observations in 1930s

Result - Global Mean

- We can reproduce global mean SSTs by OI after the 1890s.
- It may be difficult to calculate “accurate” global mean SSTs by OI before the 1860s.
- Reconstruction improves the reproducibility.

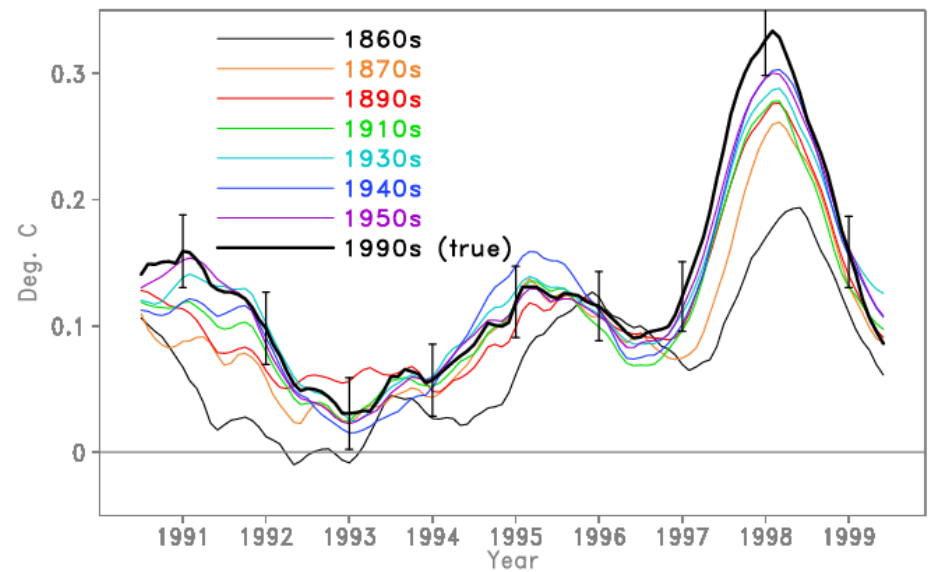
Monthly Mean of OI analysis

Global Mean SST Anomalies 13-mo RM



Reconstructed analysis

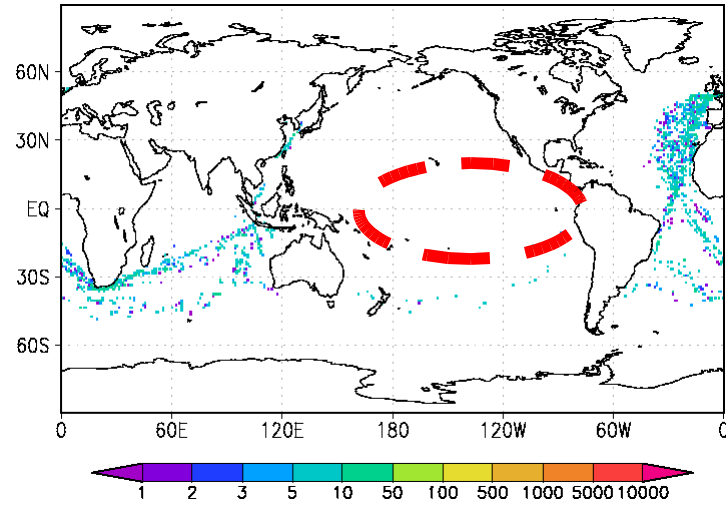
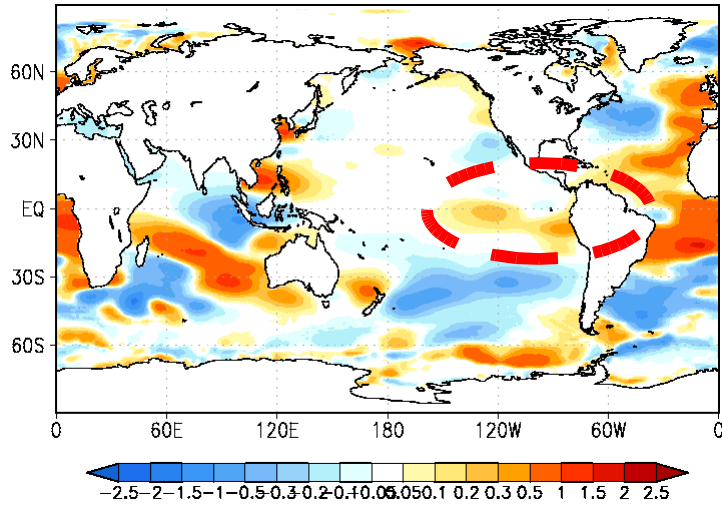
Global Mean SST Anomalies *Reconstructed* 13-mo RM



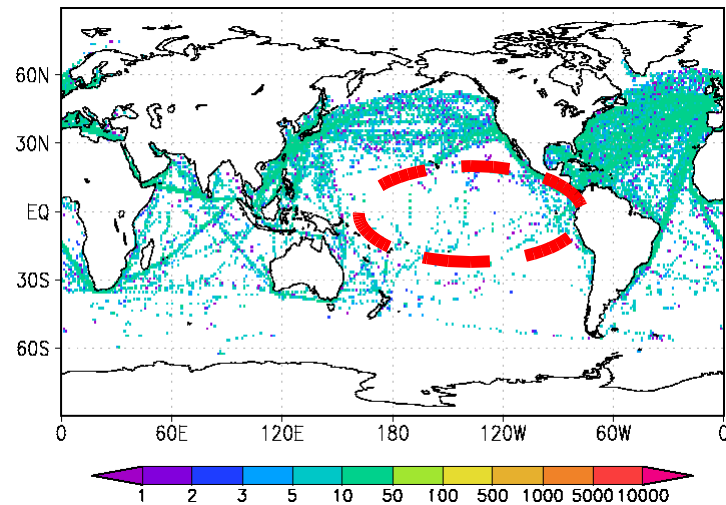
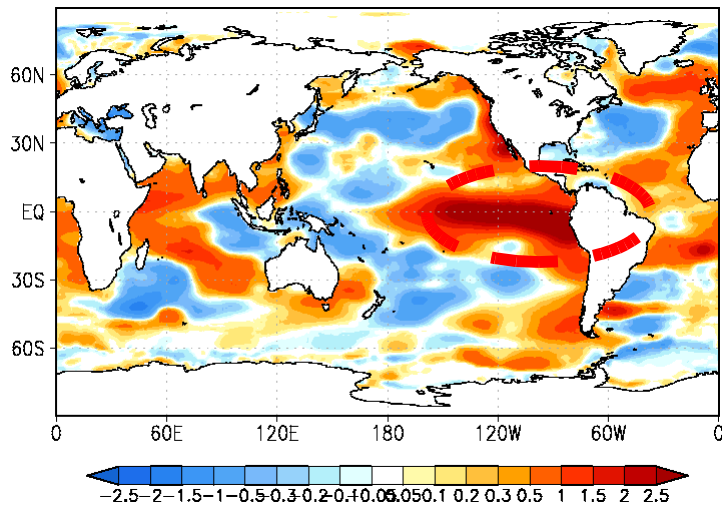
Result - El Nino Reproducibility

Pseudo analysis November 1997

1860s



1930s



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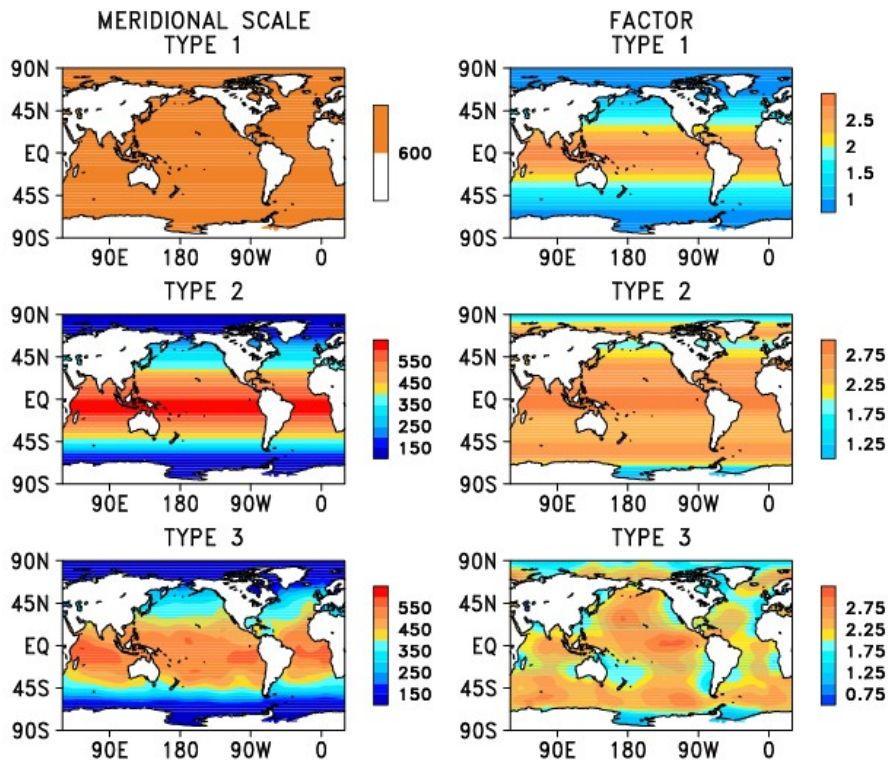
Another Attempt

– Sensitivity of analysis parameters

Experiment A: Adding random noise to observations

Make 8 ensemble members by adding random noise to observations.

Experiment B: Changing analysis parameters



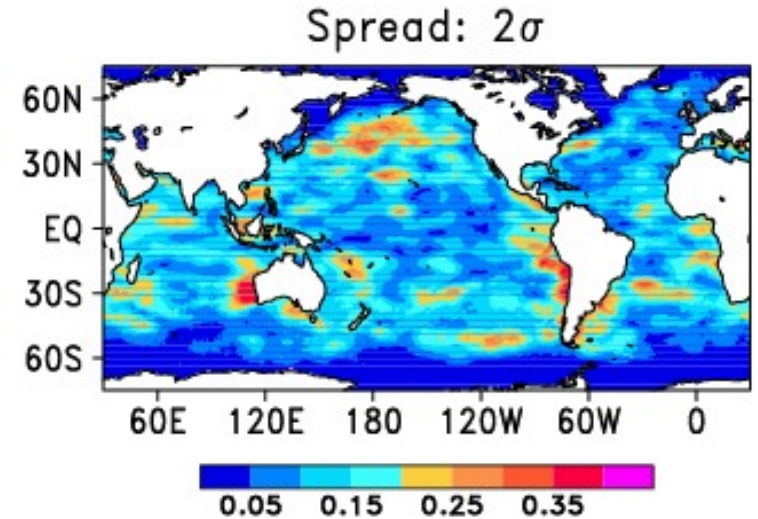
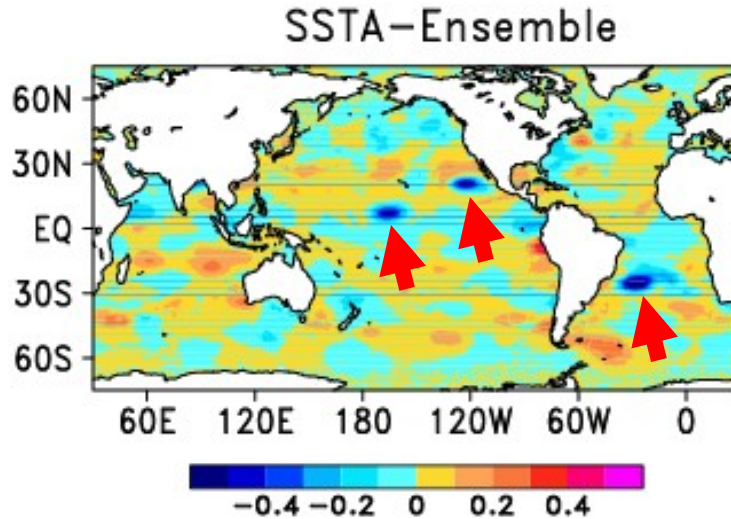
Make 9 ensemble members by using 3 patterns of analysis parameter (related to decorrelation scale) over adding 3 sets of random noise to observations.

Result of Exp A

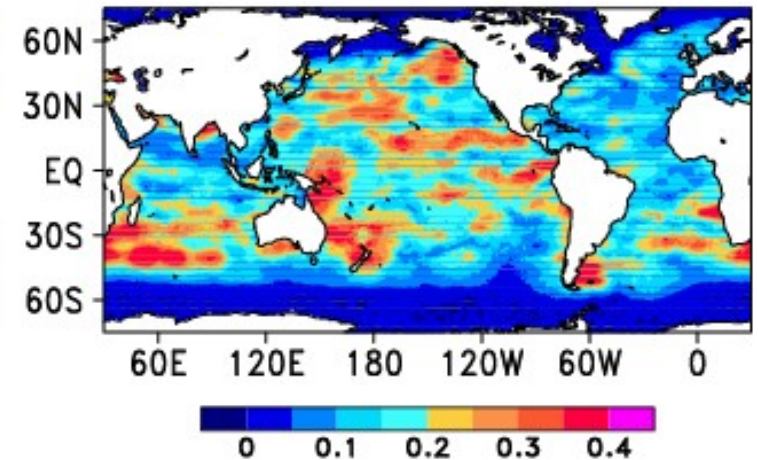
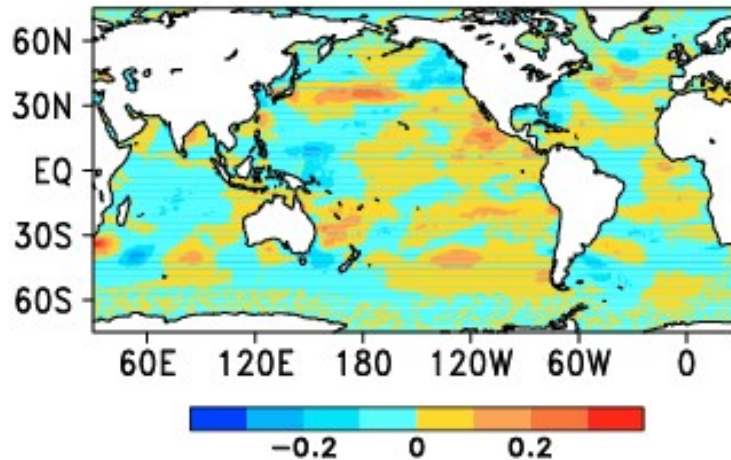
Adding random noise to observations

- At some points, large difference between SSTA and mean. \longrightarrow result of QC
- Spread is larger in data sparse periods. \longrightarrow a measure of uncertainty

Analysis for
20Mar2000



21Mar1931

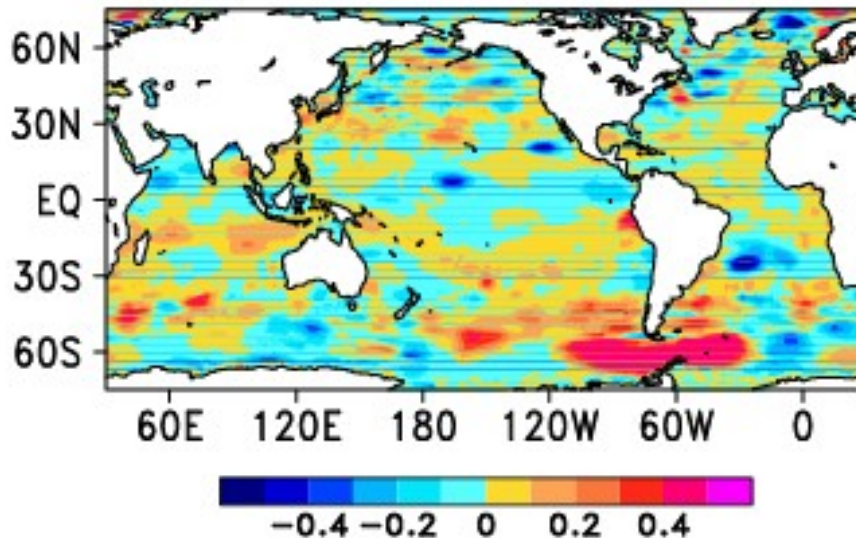


Result of Exp B

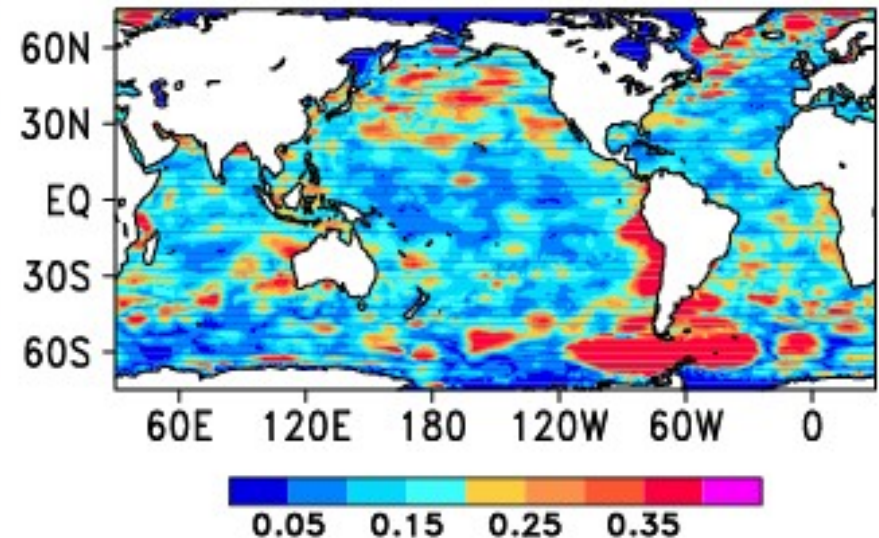
Changing analysis parameters

- In fewer observation area differences are relatively large.
 → more susceptible to individual observations.
- In low latitudes spreads are relatively small.
 → too strong filtering?

SSTA-Ensemble



Spread: 2σ



Conclusion & Future plan

For the next COBE

Approaches & Conclusions

- Introducing satellite data
- Estimating Uncertainty
by Cross Validation
 - Global mean SST can be reproduced 1890s observation distribution
 - 1930s observation distribution reproduce SST anomalies well.
- by measuring the sensitivity of analysis parameters
 - Analysis results are depend on stochasticity of observations or analysis parameters.

Future plan

- Cross Validation using satellite data
- Other patterns to make ensemble members

...and other improvements



COBE v.2