



Added value to VAAC guidance for Germany by secondary observations and model simulations using COSMO-ART

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Structure

- Motivation in Germany
- **Sources for Decision Making in addit. to VAAC Guidance**
 - **o Observations**
 - Dispersion Modelling
- Operational Example
- Conclusions & Visions



Motivation in GER



Similar to other countries in EUR, during the ash crisis in 2010 and <u>demanded from</u> <u>German politics</u>, GER realized an <u>action plan</u> to cope with (*future*) VA crises:

- (1) Provision of additional proof for the existence of VA in the atmosphere by
 - airborne data
 - special evaluations of the (new) German ceilometer network
 - better and improved utilization of SAT data
- (2) Confirmation of the position of VA clouds by qualifying/using the operational German dispersion model COSMO-ART for VA (orig. for aerosols/react.trace gases radioactivity + pollen)
- (3) Support to Decision making to ATM via improved/validated SIGMETs → NOTAMs





In order to minimize traffic delays in the intensely used German (European) airspace, aviation MET warnings/forecasts of DWD have to be more detailed and specific compared to the provisions of ICAO Annex-3:

- Need for better temporal and spatial accuracy/reliability of VA forecasts
- Improved / accelerated exchange of information (forecasts and observations) for increased efficiency of the warning system
- in analogy to operational NWP, an assessment and potential reduction of forecast uncertainty may be reached by using "ensembles" of results, be it from one single NWP system or from comparison of the results of several systems
 → in case of deviations, weighting by knowledged experts is needed
- In GER, this process is legally regulated and performed by DWD

It turned out that improvements and reduction of uncertainty may be considerable, when additional sources of information $\rightarrow \underline{\ "2^{nd} \ sources"}$ (in addit. to VAACs info) are taken into acccount!



(1) Airborne Measurements of VA



Stand-by contract with Hochschule Düsseldorf (Prof. K. Weber)

- availability of Flight Design CT in < 20 h</p>
- basic equipment for Diamond DA 42 / Flight Design CT (VA Mass concentr., SO₂ + CO)
- (2) Techn. arrangement with enviscope GmbH for the measurem. of VA or alternat. radioactive material
 - basic equipm. for <u>Learjet</u> (radioactivity) + for Learjet and Partenavia (VA, $SO_2 + O_3$)





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(1) Airborne Measurements of VA







(1) Airborne Measurements of VA





Optical Particle Counter

Output:

- Particles will be sorted into 31 size classes
 - Lower cut-off: 0.25 µm
 - Higher cut-off: 32 µm
- Conversion of particel number distributions into mass concentrations [µg/m³] → real-time
 - → real-time data transmission via Iridium SAT

- PM10
- PM2.5
- PM1.0

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(1) Airborne Measurements of VA



Fachhochschule Düsseldorf University of Applied Sciences

Forschungs- und Entwicklungsschwerpunkt "Umweltmesstechnik in der Luftreinhaltung" Prof. Dr. Konradin Weber

as ending at 1000 UTC 18 May 1

Monitoring flights across Germany during eruption of Eyjafjallajökull





Flight on behalf of DWD and BMVBS, 18th of May, 2010 in total 14 research flights across northwestern Germany

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- diode-pumped Nd:YAG 1064nm
- > > 1000(!) systems in EUR → WMO-GALION
- > aerosol profiles ~0.4 15 km
- resolution: ~1 min

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Future concept → calibration of ceilometers by real lidars for reduction of uncertainties



Ceilometer validation @IfT Leipzig (Mai 2009)



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Comparison of scaled number concentrations (model results) with observations at MO Hohenpeißenberg (Flentje et al. 2010) 0,7 <u>thin lines:</u> model results \rightarrow 0,6 00, 12 UT (78 h) and 06, 18 UT (48 h), reduced emission number denisty in cm⁻³ by factor 5 0,5 (only model runs from 17.04.2010 / 00 UT and later) in period 0,4 17.04.2010 00 UTC to 18.04.2010 12 UTC 0,3 0,2 0,1 0,0 18.4. 19.4. 20.4. 21.4. 22.4. 16.4 17.4. 23.4. 24.425.4. 2010



<u>2nd sources</u> → (real) Lidar



Leibniz Institute for Tropospheric Research »

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Polly | Lidar group | TROPOS | Imprint

Polly.Net LACROS

Worldwide observations with the portable Raman lidar systems (Polly)

http://polly.tropos.de/

1 system e.g. operationally \geqslant available at DWD MOHp









Detection of aerosol scattering.....







- Volcanic ash
- dust (sahara, agriculture, ...)
- smoke
- Pollen
- from urban industry (mixed aerosol)
- ... etc.

Depolarisation provides:

→ form of particles

 \rightarrow Phase \rightarrow type of particle



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Detection of volcanic ash, April 2010 → Eyjafjallajökull





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VA Concentration Charts of UKMO & DWD





+ 6 h forecasts of VA (Ash Concentration for 0600 UTC 25/05/2011) model runs of 25.05.2011 / 00 UTC at DWD (COSMO-Art, left) and from VAAC-L













Expert weighting mandatory for all available sources of information

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Aeronautical Meteorology 7th Internat. WMO VA Workshop, Anchorage (Oct.2015)







→ immediate opening of closed airspace

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COSMO-ART→ Aerosols and Reactive Trace gases

Concept:

- online coupled.
- identical methods applied for all scalars (temperature, humidity, concentrations of gases, and aerosols) to calculate transport processes.
- includes the treatment of deep convection (*Tiedtke scheme*)
- modular structure.

Vogel et al., 2009 Bangert et al., 2012 Vogel et al., 2014 Rieger et al., 2014

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Grimsvötn – May 2 NAME (VAAC London)

Maximum value in last six hours?!

Post processing: up to **factor 10.0** at higher altitudes to account for unresolved ash peaks! (in a vertically stretched grid)

COSMO-ART (KIT & DWD)

Instantaneous values!

Post processing: none

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COSMO-ART in practice

DWD emergency website

Daily forecasts with COSMO-ART at 00 and 06 UT:

- for a hypothetical eruption of Bardabunga
- starts anew 00 UT
- assumed plume height 11 km

Why / what?

• test of the production chain

•

....open to expert users after authorization

Meteorological Airport Briefing - Emergency Website

anic Ash Produkte max SFC-FL200 valid on Thu, 08.10,2015 06 UTC Die COSMD-ART Simulationen beschneiben eine hypothetinzte Suptien der Bleitanburge mit einer kentant gehalteren Fahrenhälte wer 11 km – folglich ein Stanisch mit einem nelativ staken und nichenden Ausbenichtig in die Abrenpfalle. Die Ernietenate hängt ober einer experietenen Zusammenhaug diet nit der volgegebenen Fahrenhälte zusammen, im "went sam" bind jedoch auch Fahrenhälten von mehr als 20 km, verlanden mit nach einemelle Einglichenen Einschneten Ausschließen. Die Volken hehrt jeden Tag erneut aus, d. h. die Verkange stellt fährt beiten Einglichen Ausschließen. Die Laufe um 05, 12 von 18 UTC übernehmen degegen die Heitnis und viele evels von den Ausbekonzerbelorien der sechssländigen Verkenage des vohergehendes Laufes. Dese Simutationen werden derzeit im Experimentersystem MUMEX des DWD genechnet. Eine päeldiche Advalsioneng kann nicht garanterf werden Uit den Tatten "4" und "11" (uder Pfeiltatten links / mobilitant zeitlich "geblätte d' merden, mit der Tatte 5 kännen die einzeinen "Produkte" durch oblättet werden indust 1 mar 1FC FL301 | mar FL300 FL300 | mar FL300 FL500 | mar 3FC FL500 | mar FL500 FL501 | mar FL304 FL300 | mar FL300 FL500 | mar FL300 | mar FL3 Time:) West 86 | West 88 | West 52 | West 55 | West 59 | West 21 | Time 60 | Time 62 | Time 86 | UTC 2015100706 - maxSFC-FL200 ASH mass cone. [µg m-4] - vv=024 C Europa / Wind Charts Deaths able ic Chemical Clouds

Max: 90088

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Mean: 63,9437

Min: 0

www.bmvi.de

COMPANY PARK, 125

Var: 720384

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Switch from COSMO-ART to ICON-ART

ICON: Global domain \rightarrow 2,9 million spherical triangles ($\Delta x \approx 13$ km) Regional domain $\rightarrow \Delta x \approx 6,5$ km

- Same diagnostic products are implemented in **ICON-ART**
- Validation and further development of **ICON-ART** is ongoing
 - → see also publication on ICON-ART 1.0 by Rieger et al. (2014)

ICON-ART

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ICON-ART Comparison with LIDAR

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> **Top:** Logarithm of range-corr. signal of MULIS at = 1064 nm at Maisach from **16 April 2010, 17:00 UT to 17 April 2010 17:00 UT** / 0...10 km a.g.

The thick **white line** shows the hand-drawn border of the <u>top of the ash plume</u>

Bottom: Simul. cross sections in μ m⁻² m⁻³ for the size bins 1, 3, 5, 10, & 15 μ m.

The brownish line is a copy of the white line shown above

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Other Developments for ICON-ART

Carolin Walter, Ph.D. thesis

Karlsruhe Institute of Technology

- Real Integration of observations in VA and SO₂ forecast
- Sulfate formation and secondary aerosol
- Replacement of bins by modes
- Interaction with cloud formation

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Conclusions, Needs & Visions

What we have....

- good experience with 2nd-sources approach in GER
 - … enables to reduce forecast uncertainties
 - ... needs expert weighting of information (*no option for end-users*)
 - GALION = WMO's <u>GAW</u> <u>Aerosol</u> <u>Li</u>dar <u>Observation</u> <u>Network</u> of networks
 - \rightarrow includes national ceilometer networks \rightarrow still mainly for cloud detection: Airport STD
- What is still needed (...not yet available)
 - International <u>real-time data exchange</u> from ceilometers (and lidars)
 - integration of national ceilometer networks into the GALION network
 - progress in algorithms <u>for VA concentr.</u> from ceilometers (→ "TOProf" and "<u>E-Prof</u>")
 - For dispersion modeling.....
 - operat. Lidar / ceilom. forward operator
 - implementat. of (real) data assimil. of measur.
 VA concentr./column load (SAT, ceilom.+airb.data)
- VISION
 - (Eulerian) Forecast of VA on base of assimilated measured data from space / ground at least in EUR
 - considerable reduction of ESP dependency

Thank you for attention!

For further Information please contact

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